# City Taxes.

## 3 Per Cent Discount.

THE MAYOR AND GENERAL COUNCIL HAVE ordered me to allow a discount of three per cent on all city taxes paid before June 26th, 1884. This is a fine investment and can be made without any risk of losing the money invested. Don't wait for the last day for you may be crowded out.
D. A. COOK, City Tax Collector.

This BELT or Regenerator is made expressly for the cure of derangements of the generative organs. There is no mistake about this instrument, the continuous stream of ELECTRICITY permeating through the parts must restore them to healthy action. Do not confound this with Electric Belts advertised to cure all ills from head to toe. It is for the ONE specific purpose. For circulars giving full information, address Cheever Electric Belt Co. 103 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

## CANCERS CURED.

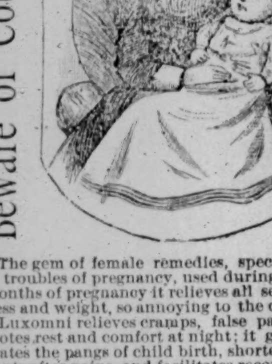
NO CURE, NO PAY.

DR. T. B. LITTLE.

Gate City National Bank Building, corner Alabama and Pryor streets, Atlanta, Ga.

## BARRY'S LUXOMNI.

Beware of Counterfeits. PURELY VEGETABLE.

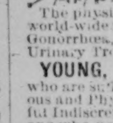


The gem of female remedies, specially adapted to troubles of pregnancy, used during the last two months of pregnancy it relieves all sense of tightness and weight, so annoying to the condition.

Luxomni relieves cramps, false pains, and promotes rest and comfort at night; it greatly ameliorates the pangs of child birth, shortens labor, prevents after pains, and facilitates recovery.

For **disordered and painful menstruation**, it has no equal, and is a superior remedy for neuralgies, convulsions, and other troubles connected with the uterine and ovarium diseases.

**Luxomni is no liquid preparation, but a combination of vegetable plants from which a** simple tea is made, and is without doubt the gem of female remedies. Price, $1.00 per package. If your druggist has not the preparation, address the
BARRY MANUFACTURING CO.,
Drawer 28, Atlanta, Ga.



## DR. BETT'S MEDICAL DISPENSARY

81 West 9th St., Cincinnati, O.

The physicians of this Dispensary have secured a world-wide reputation for speedily curing Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Liver, Kidney and Urinary Troubles, Blood and Skin Diseases.

YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN,

who are suffering from the terrible effects of Nervous and Physical Debility, Lost Manhood, Youthful Indiscretions, Self-abuse, or Excess of any kind, and who now find [illegible] nerves weakened, has lascivious dreams, and nocturnal emissions, is debilitated, emaciated, weak, melancholy, absent-minded, dull, [illegible], and finds his life a burden.

*A Cure is guaranteed in every case*, as our remedies act quickly and cure permanently. Patients treated in all parts of the world.

DR. BETTS, the consulting physician, is a graduate from four medical colleges, 25 years experience and extensive practice in England, France and America. Pamphlets and list of Questions mailed free.

## SPECIAL NOTICE

TO THE PUBLIC AND

GAS CONSUMERS.

THE ATLANTA GASLIGHT CO

HAVE AGAIN

REDUCED THE PRICE.

AT A REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD held this day, the price of gas was reduced to one dollar and a half per M cubic feet, as will be seen by the following preamble and resolution offered by Mr. R. J. Lowry, to-wit: That in view of the increased demand made upon the

THE ATLANTA GASLIGHT CO

For gas and the corresponding reduction in price of coal and freight, justifies the company in making a further reduction in price of gas to our consumers; therefore

Resolved, That the price of gas on bills made after June 1st, 1884, shall be at the following rate, viz: One dollar and eighty cents per M cubic feet, and a discount of thirty cents per M will be allowed if paid at the company's office on or before the seventh day of the month, thus making the price one dollar and a half per M net. Extract from the minutes.
J. H. MECASLIN,
Secretary and Treasurer Atlanta Gaslight Co.
suwe fr

## PROPOSALS

FOR BUILDING

BOY'S HIGH SCHOOL

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE of the Superintendent of Public Schools for the erection of a building for the Boy's High School. The Board of Education reserves the right to accept or reject any and all bids. Bids must be sealed and addressed to Dr. Thomas S. Powell, Chairman Building Committee, and will be closed by 12 o'clock on Saturday, the 28th inst. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of H. Kimball, Wheeler & Co.
W. F. SLATON,
Secretary Board Education.

## ARLINGTON HOTEL,

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

S. H. STITT & CO.

THE PROXIMITY OF THE ARLINGTON to the head sources of the Hot Springs, together with the convenient and ample bathing accommodations, gives its patrons greater facilities in bathing and drinking the waters, than can be had elsewhere. An annex of sixty rooms has been added. Also one of the "OTIS" IMPROVED PASSENGER ELEVATORS, which enables invalid guests to be wheeled directly from their rooms to the baths. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Descriptive pamphlets furnished when desired.


# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.


VOLUME XVI. THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1884. PRICE FIVE CENTS.


## A DAY OF CONVENTIONS.

### OHIO CLINGS WITH FIRM FAITH TO TILDEN.

**Missouri for Tilden With Cleveland as Heir—North Carolina, Arkansas and Indiana All at Work—Expressions on the Tariff—The Indiana Democratic Convention.**

WASHINGTON, June 25.—[Special.]—The opponents of Cleveland are exhausting every possible means to create the impression that he cannot carry New York. They assert that he has lost control of the state delegation since it was elected, and will not be presented as New York's candidate. Much of this clamor comes from ex-Senator Brady's personal friends, who have a bitter spite against Cleveland, and have sworn to knife him. It is remarkable that outside the regular Tammany kickers none of these angry protests are heard. Abram S. Hewitt was put down as opposed to Cleveland, but to-night he says he never gave any body authority to say so, and declares that he thinks Cleveland the best possible nomination. Dorsheimer's strong letter for Cleveland in to-day's Herald removes another alleged opponent of his nomination. The New York politicians who are fighting him have gone so far as to send emissaries to Washington to weaken Cleveland here. They meet cold comfort from the New York democratic congressmen, who are nearly unanimous for the governor, and the southern members are generally agreed in opinion that he is the man for the emergency. Congressman Spriggs, of New York, says this war on Cleveland has exhausted itself, and that he will surely be presented to the convention as New York's favorite son. There are no more threats than were against Tilden in '76. They were exclusively the same elements. The men who protested then come into line when they found they could not run the party, and the New York kickers will do so this time. This is what Cleveland's friends here say, anyhow.

### OHIO REVIVES TILDEN.

**A Resolution to Support the Old Ticket Regardless of Tilden's Declination.**

COLUMBUS, O., June 25.—The delegates are all in for the democratic state convention, which convenes this morning. The district delegations held a meeting last evening, at which committees for the conevntion and delegates to Chicago were selected, as follows:

First district—D. J. Dalton and Lewis G. Bernard.
Second—J. J. Brady and J. C. Riley.
Third—P. J. Sorg, Wm. Dechart.
Fourth—W. D. McKeny, J. C. Turpin.
Fifth—M. D. Shaw, Jacob Torbing.
Sixth—To be selected.
Seventh—Samuel Hergh, John Norton.
Eighth—Charles Constantine, J. H. Martin.
Ninth—S. J. Donovan, S. N. McLoud.
Tenth—Colonel William E. Haynes, John H. McGee.
Eleventh—J. C. Shoemaker, R. M. Doty.
Twelfth—W. A. Hutchins, B. F. Ellsberry.
Thirteenth—John G. Thompson, Charles Rose.
Fourteenth—J. G. Huffman, S. B. Dunbar.
Fifteenth—J. M. Jewett, Cassity S. Brady.
Sixteenth—W. T. Alberson, F. S. Reefys.
Seventeenth—To be selected.
Eighteenth—W. S. Holts, Daniel McConville.
Nineteenth—D. B. Woods, S. P. Fricke.
Twentieth—B. Desenberg, R. S. Shields.
Twenty-first—JohnH. Farley, W. W. Armstrong.

CALLED TO ORDER.

Congressman D. R. Paige, chairman of the central committee, called the democratic state convention to order at 11:30 this morning. The operahouse was not more than two-thirds filled, the number of persons present being smaller than at any state convention for years. The committee on permanent organization reported General E. B. Finley as chairman. He spoke at length on the importance of the democrats carrying Ohio in October, predicting that they would do so, and reviewed the history of the party in the country.

THE OHIO PLATFORM.

The committee on resolutions, through Elmer White, reported the following platform:

Resolved, That the democratic party of Ohio reaffirm its platform of 1883, as follows:

It indorses the principles of the party expressed in previous state and national platforms in regard to personal liberty and the true enunciation of the government as embraced in the political creed expounded by the founder of the democratic party, Thomas Jefferson, and the application of these principles to the present condition of the country demand the purification of the public service; the punishment of robbers of the public treasury; the equalization of all public burdens; the arrest of profligacy and extravagance, and a total change in the policy that has so long been pursued by the republican party in favoring individual and class interests at the expense of the laboring and wealth producing people of the country.

We renew our previous declarations for a stable money, the gradual extinction of the public debt, and the payment of pensions to all disabled soldiers, their widows and orphans.

We favor a tariff for revenue limited to the necessity of a government, economically administered, and so adjusted in its application as to prevent unequal burdens, to encourage productive industries at home, offer a just compensation to labor, but not to create or foster monopolies.

The just demands of the wool growers in Ohio and the country for an equitable readjustment of the duties on wool, unjustly reduced by the republican congress, so that this industry shall be fully and equally favored with other industries, ought to be complied with, and we indorse the action of the democratic members of Ohio in their efforts to accomplish this result. The democratic party is, and always has been opposed to sumptuary legislation and unequal taxation in any form, and is in favor of the largest liberty of private conduct consistent with the public welfare and rights of others, and of regulating the liquor traffic and providing against evil resulting therefrom by the judicious and properly graded license system.

We commend the action of the democratic legislature in its abolition of the contract labor system, and its reform of the prison management, and we indorse the legislature and executive in their economy and wise administration in the affairs of state.

The protection of the government is due to all American citizens, native and foreign, both abroad and at home.

We reaffirm the resolutions of the state conventions of Ohio of 1880, 1881 and 1882, and the democratic national convention of 1872, 1876 and 1880, demanding the thorough reform and purification of the civil service, and charge that the republican party has violated every pledge it has heretofore given for the reform thereof, and has failed, during its long administration of the government, to correct even the most patent abuses, and we demand therefore a change of the executive administration of the government itself, as the reform first of all necessary, and made more manifest by the star-route trials and other iniquities, thereby ousting the corrupt rings confederated to protect crime and prevent the punishment of criminals, and by so doing make it possible to punish a fraud and theft in the public service.

The central committee delegates and the electors from the districts as selected at the meetings held last evening, were chosen. A radical free trade amendment to the platform offered by Mr. Russell, of Cleveland, was voted down overwhelmingly.

THE DELEGATES AT LARGE.

After the announcement of the district delegates, the convention proceeded to the selection of delegates at large.

The names of Jno. R. McLean, of Cincinnati, Lieutenant-Governor Warwick and T. E. Powell were presented, with long speeches. At this point J. P. Seward moved a suspension of the rules to nominate General Durbin Ward by acclamation. A call of the counties resulted, yeas 484¼, nays 242¾. Ward was declared a delegate amidst great confusion. The greatest excitement prevailed, with the delegates on their feet, and the chair unable to proceed with the business. A motion to suspend the rules and nominate J. R. McLean by acclamation was followed by General A. J. Warner, who moved to substitute the name of Allen G. Thurman. The convention went wild with demonstration over the presentation of the name of Thurman, and a friend of McLean offered a substitute for all the pending motion that Thurman and McLean be declared delegates at large. The call of counties was proceeded with, though with much difficulty on account of the confusion. The call resulted, yeas 509, nays 205. Both men were then declared delegates. Jacob Mueller, of Cleveland, was nominated by acclamation as the fourth delegate at large.

TILDEN MUST RUN.

Congressman Converse offered the following addition to the platform, which was adopted with great enthusiasm and no dissenting voice:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that Samuel J. Tilden, who was once legally and fairly elected president of the United States but defrauded of his office, should receive an unanimous nomination at the hands of the democratic convention which meets at Chicago July next.

An additional plank in the platform, instructing the delegates at large and requesting the district delegates to Chicago to cast the vote of Ohio as a unit was tabled, yeas 385, nays 255. The platform was adopted.

WHAT THE OHIO VOTE MEANS.

The developments after the convention show that it was intended to make a stiff fight against McLean, the opposition centering against him as Payne's friends and the men who opposed Pendleton, Thurman and Ward's interests in the recent senatorial contest. Before going east, Governor Hoadly left a list of men for delegates, including General Morgan, Adjutant Finley, and F. E. Powell, and agreed to accept McLean as the compromise for the fourth place. Governor Hoadly controlled a large majority of the district delegates. The success of McLean is attributed to the unswerving support of Hamilton county, which gave him all of its 63 votes, but had never before voted solid in a state convention. The election of McLean is creating quite a sensation. Many of the oldest politicians are surprised and some are disgusted at the success of a man who has been denounced all over the state for his audacity and outlawry in politics. McLean says he is for Hoadly, and this is regarded as an open indication there will be a bitter fight in the Ohio delegation in Chicago. The stampede started with the election of Ward was to include Thurman, Pendleton and Congressman Farmer. The plan was arrested, and the next move was to nominate by acclamation, to which motion Thurman was attached, and then Thurman and McLean were elected by one vote, after which Lieutenant Governor Mueller, a prominent German and a personal friend of Payne, was selected. The delegation are strongly for a western man for president, although unable to agree upon an Ohio man, and solid against a reduction in the tariff. The delegation stands 38 for Payne or Hoadly, to 8 against either one of them, and probably will never vote as a unit.

### THE INDIANA CONVENTION.

**McDonald for President and Gray for Governor.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 25.—The democratic state convention was called to order at 10:30 o'clock by Hon. Joseph E. McDonald, chairman of the state central committee. Mr. McDonald was received with much applause. The call of the counties showed all represented. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Allen, who asked a blessing upon the grand old democratic party, which was greeted with cheers.

Daniel W. Voorhees was elected permanent president, and made but few remarks. The platform was read by Hon. W. H. English. The plank endorsing McDonald was loudly cheered.

C. P. GRAY FOR GOVERNOR.

After the adoption of the platform C. P. Gray, M. D. Manson and David Turpie were placed in nomination for governor. On the first ballot, Gray was nominated, receiving 699 votes, Turpie 223, and Manson 181. Mr. Manson made a speech, saying he had supposed a soldier of two wars would have received more consideration in a democratic convention, but he was satisfied, and moved that the nomination be made unanimous. Mr. Turpie followed in a brief speech. Mr. Gray responded at some length, arraigning the republican party, and discussing the Chicago platform. Several nominations were made for lieutenant governor, but all withdrawn in favor of Manson, who was nominated by acclamation, and accepted the place. W. R. Myers, of Madison, was nominated for secretary of state; James H. Rice, for auditor, and John J. Cooper, for treasurer, was renominated by acclamation.

The platform renews the pledges of fidelity to the constitution and to the doctrines taught by the illustrious men who were the founders, and illustrated in their administration of the government, and insists upon an honest and economical administration of public affairs, federal, state and municipal. The democratic party will resist all efforts to deprive the federal government of any of its powers as delegated in the constitution, and will maintain for the states and the people, respectively, the rights and powers reserved to them in the constitution. It condemns the corrupt and extravagant expenditures of the public money that have prevailed at Washington during the rule of the republican party, that such expenditures may be discontinued and the cruel burdens removed from the tax payers. It insists that federal taxes be reduced to the lowest point consistent with efficiency in the public service, and demands the revision and reform of the present unjust tariff. The constitution of the United States, which is the only source of taxing power, confors upon congress the right to establish a tariff for revenue, and as the just exercise of that power it is insisted that such an adjustment of its provisions without the revenue standard, as will relieve as far as possible, the necessaries of life from the burdens of taxation, and derive the principal amount of revenue for the support of the government, economically administered, from luxuries, and such tariff should be adjusted without favoritism, so as to prevent monopolies, and thus, in effect, promote the labor and interests of the laboring people of the United States. The platform favors the enforcement of the national eight-hour law, the use of prison labor in such manner as not to compete with free labor; demands the enforcement of the laws against Chinese immigration, and all importation of labor under contract; declares against land grants, and favors the forfeiture of the lands already granted to large corporations, which have not earned them, favors pensions to the soldiers of the Mexican and the late war without limitation as to time, demands a reform in the civil service, holds up to detestation the fraud of 1876.

M'DONALD FOR PRESIDENT.

The resolutions highly commend the course of Hon. Daniel W. Voorhees and his democratic associates in congress and proceeds;

It will be the mission of the democratic party to foster and build up the great business and material interests of the country and restore the government to the purity of its early days. To successfully accomplish this, a man should be placed in the presidential chair in whom the business men of the country and the people have implicit confidence, manfully endowed with all the qualities desirable in the head of the great American republic. A man with a pure and spotless personal and political record, and always sound upon all great questions of the times. We know Joseph McDonald, of Indiana, to be such a man. We respectfully present his name to the people of the United States as that of a man worthy to be their president, and we hereby instruct the delegates from Indiana to the democratic national convention to support his nomination for that high office as a unit, and to use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

WORKING FOR M'DONALD.

The state democratic central committee held a meeting and organized by the election of Ebenezer Henderson, chairman, and J. L. Riley, secretary. The delegates to the national convention held a conference at which they determined to do everything possible to secure the nomination of McDonald. They adjourned to meet for organization at Chicago, July 4th.

## THE MISSOURI DEMOCRATS.

**They Vote Down Crittenden and Favor Tilden and Cleveland.**

ST. LOUIS, June 25.—The state democratic convention reassembled at 9:45 a. m. Before it was called to order the arrival of ex-Governor Phelps, who has been absent from the state all winter and spring. caused a scene. He received an ovation and responded in a short speech declining the nomination for delegate at large. It is understood, however, that Pelps is a candidate for governor. The regular business of the convention was then proceeded with and nominations for delegates at large were made.

John O. Day, Morrison Munford, R. D. Francis and Charles H. Mansur were elected delegates at large. Governor Crittenden, who was an active candidate for the position, was beaten.

THE RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The committee on resolutions reported as follows:

The democrats of Missouri, in convention assembled at the city of St. Louis, reaffirm the time honored doctrines of the democratic party, a enumerated in a series of platforms, and affirmed and emphasized in positive terms in platforms adopted at St. Louis in the conventions of 1876, and at Cincinnati in 1880; that we especially declare in favor of a tariff for purposes of revenue, and that the taxing power of the government should be thus limited, and we are opposed to all policies intended or calculated to foster monopolies at the expense of the people.

Governor Crittenden, ex-Governor Hardin, John G. Priest and James D. Fox, were elected as alternates to the delegates at large without balloting. Resolutions instructing the delegation to vote as a unit and also to vote for Tilden, were howled down, and the convention adjourned sine die.

WHAT THE DELEGATES WILL DO.

The Globe Democrat, this morning, prints over five hundred, five to ten line interviews, with members of the democratic state canvention now in session here, a summary of which shows about one hundred delegates in favor of Tilden for president, 100 declare for Cleveland, and the remainder are divided between Bayard and Thurman. The Tilden men are all for Cleveland on the second choice, so it can be said the delegates to the convention are almost unanimously for Cleveland. The convention stands over two o one in favor of General J. S. Marmaduke for tovernor.

### SCALES FOR GOVERNOR.

**And Divided Between Bayard and Cleveland for President.**

RALEIGH, N. C., June 25.—The democratic state convention to-day nominated General A. M. Scales for governor and Charles M. Stedman for lieutenant governor. The delegates to the Chicago convention are:

First district—E. F. Lamb and W. G. Lamb.
Fifth district—A. B. Galloway and I. C. Barton.
Sixth district—Thomas W. Strange and James E. Legrand.
Seventh district—T. E. Shaber and M. H. Pinnix.
Eighth district—B. C. Cobb and H. D. Lee.
Ninth district—A. M. Erwin and Copelias.

The delegation is divided between Bayard and Cleveland. A dispatch was received from General Scales announcing his acceptance of the nomination.

### TRIANGULAR FIGHT IN ARKANSAS

**Three Strong Candidates for Governor—Fourteen Fruitless Ballots.**

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 25.—The convention reassembled at 3 p. m., D. C. McRae was continued as permanent president. John G. Fletcher, L. P. Hughes and Jacob Frolich were placed in nomination for governor. Fourteen ballots were taken and showed little change, the closing one being Fletcher 98, Hughes 88, Frolich 20, necessary to nominate 108. Mention in the speeches of the names of Tilden and Hendricks, and Cleveland and McDonald was received with great applause. The convention adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

### JOHN KELLY'S PAPER.

**The Tammany Organ Defines its Position as to Cleveland.**

NEW YORK June 25.—The New York Star, John Kelly's paper, this morning publishes a double leaded editorial defining its position against the nomination of Cleveland. It, however, positively states that it will abide by the action of the party.

Frankly replying to the interrogations of many correspondents and many contemporaries, the Star is of the opinion that Grover Cleveland is one of the very weakest candidates prominenrly mentioned for the Chicago democratic nomination. Two years ago he was elected governor by the phenomenal majority of 182,851. To-day we do not think he could carry the state against Blaine Mr. Cleveland's adherents, doubtless, allege that the Star's judgment is warped by reason of the governor's quarrel with Tammany. Such is not the case. Should Grover Cleveland be nominated for the presidency the Star will loyally support him against the Mulligan ticket, and a similar promise has been registered by the Tammany organization; but the main point at present is to determine whether he would be a strong and available standard bearer, We are satisfied that he would not.

During the past ten days the Star has received nearly four hundred letters from anti-monopolists, trades unionists and others declaring that even the advocacy of their favorite newspapers would never induce them to vote for Cleveland.

### HOADLY FOR THE OLD TICKET.

**Ohio's Governor Sees Tilden, and Thinks He is the Man.**

NEW YORK, June 25.—Governor Hoadly, who has been here, and who has seen Mr. Tilden, was asked if he thought it the duty of the democratic party to nominate Mr. Tilden, despite his declination.

"I think, as I have always thought, that the nomination of Mr. Tilden would be by far the strongest that the party could make. I have always been a Tilden man and for the 'old ticket;' and if it is true, as it seems to be, that the 'old ticket' is entirely out of the reach of the domocrats, no one can regret that fact more deeply than I."

"What are the prospects of the democrats in Ohio?"

"I believe they are good—or rather, I may say that I think they were never so good in a presidential year as they are now; and will add that I think this opinion will be emphasized by the work of the convention, for I cannot see how the party, with so many admirable candidates to choose from and so much excellent platform material, can fritter its chances away. Yes, sir, we shall carry Ohio in October, mark what I say."

### THE NATIONAL COMMITTEES.

**A Movement Which Means That Tilden Must Run.**

NEW YORK, June 25.—The members of the republican national committee have nearly all arrived in this city. It was said to-night that F. B. Jones, of Pittsburg, would preside at the meeting of the committee to-morrow, and S. B. Elkins, of New York, would be secretary. Permanent headquarters for the committee have been engaged at 242 Fifth avenue.

Several members of the executive committee of the democratic national committee are in town.

It is said that another informal meeting was held to-day of democrats advocating the nomination of Samuel J. Tilden. J. E. Ireland, the projector of the mass meeting to be held for this purpose, said that the meeting would probably be held next week, and General W. S. Hancock had been invited to be present. Senators Bayard, McDonald, McPherson, Governor Cleveland, John Kelly and others had been invited to address the meeting.

**Mr. Kelly Denies a Story.**

NEW YORK, June 25.—John Kelly denies that there was any truth whatever in the statement printed in the World that a conference of leading democrats opposed to the candidacy of Governor Cleveland would soon be held with Mr. Kelly and other prominent Tammany members in this [illegible]

## CHALMERS SEATED.

### A GOOD ENOUGH CONFEDERATE WHEN HE IS A REPUBLICAN.

**The Senate Refuses to Agree to the Consolidation of the Internal Revenue Districts—Collectors Needed for Politics Only—The Army Appropriation Bill in Committee.**

WASHINGTON, June 25.—In the house on motion of Mr. Lovering, of Mississippi, Saturday, the 28th of June, was set apart for the consideration of bills relating to the eight hour law and convict labor.

Mr. Hewitt, of New York, from the committee on ways and means, reported a bill to modify existing laws relating to the duties on imports and the collection of revenue. Referred to committee of the whole.

Mr. Cook, of Iowa, called up the contested election case of Chalmers and Manning, and Mr. Mills, of Texas, raised the question of consideration.

The house decided, yeas 112, nays 107, to consider the case.

THE CHALMERS CASE.

Mr. Cook, who had drawn up the majority report in favor of Mr. Chalmers, said he had done so in haste, and there was one thing in the report to which he wished to call attention. The report set forth that a large part of the evidence is calculated to show that "the contestant was deceitful in his politics, treacherous to his political friends and unworthy of so high an office." The word "calculated" was used inadvertently. It should be "intended." The fact was that there was a great deal in the evidence which was wholly immaterial to the question, to the consideratiion of which the house must limit itself. It was claimed that Chalmers secured the republican nomination through the influence of federal officers, but even granting that to be so, there was nothing in the evidence to warrant the house in saying that the election should be set aside on the ground of federal interference.

He then discussed the question of law as to whether Chalmers was disqualified from election by reason of holding the office of special assistant district attorney, within his terms as a member of congress. Chalmers, the committee found, had been employed for a special purpose, and that prior to the time of the convening of congress, the matter for which he was employed had been disposed of. Practically his connection with the office of district attorney had ceased, and he was not disqualified from taking his seat in congress.

THE MINORITY REPORT.

Mr. Davis, of Missouri, supported the minority resolutions, which are as follows:

Resolved, That the means and methods employed by the federal administration in securing the election of James R. Chalmers, as a member of the house of representatives of the forty-eighth congress, are, as appears by the majority report and the evidence on file, repugnant to and subversive of the true representative government, and said election is therefore declared void.

Resolved further, that said Chalmers, having accepted the office of special assistant United States district attorney for the northern and southern districts of the state of Mississippi, since said election, and holding said office up to and beyond the first day of February 1884, is ineligible to a seat in this congress, and a vacancy exists in the second congressional districts of the state of Mississippi.

Mr. Elliott, of Pennsylvania, asserted that there was not a shred of evidence for the opponent of Chalmers to rest upon.

Mr. Bennett, of North Carolina, maintained that Chalmers had never closed his employment as special attorney, and was therefore ineligible to a seat in the house. He addressed himself to the question of federal intervention in Chalmer's election, and asserted that the shadow of executive influence had been used to break down the spirit of liberty which yet lingers in the states. It had been resorted to in Virginia to advance the ambitious projects of one who sat on the other side of the capitol. The house could not afford to seat a man who had turned his own back upon his own race, and gone over to his enemies, and who had covered himself all over with the mantle of mercenary help.

Mr. Valentine, of Nebraska, and Mr. Turner, of Georgia, briefly spoke in advocacy of Chalmers's right.

BROUGHT TO A VOTE.

Mr. Cook then demanded the previous question, and the vote recurred on the second resolution presented by the minority. It was lost, 36 to 98.

The first minority resolution was lost, yeas 56, nays 161, and the majority resolution was adopted without division. General Chalmers then appeared at the bar of the house and took the oath of office.

The house resumed consideration of the Backbone railroad company forfeiture bill. After speeches by Mr. Lewis, of Louisiana, in support of the bill, and Mr. Oates, of Alabama, against it, the house without action, at 5 p. m. adjourned.

### THE REVENUE DISTRICTS.

**The Senate Refuses to Agree to their Further Consolidation.**

WASHINGTON June 25.—In the senate on motion of Mr. Wilson, the committee on expenditures of public money, was authorized to act by sub-committee, and to sit during vacation in the investigation of the government departments.

On motion of Mr. Allison the senate then resumed consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

By a clause in the bill we could get rid, Mr. Beck said, of fifty collection districts, of which twenty-two pay nothing and thirty-two do not pay expenses. There would be a money saving to the goverment of half a million to a million.

Several senators supported the committee amendment, among them Messrs. Jones, of Florida, Hawley, Ingalls, Sewell, and Lapham.

Mr. Jones, of Florida, said the establishment of customs districts was not based on the idea of self-maintenance. Like postoffices they were established for the general good. The fact that each individual district did not pay was no argument for its abolition.

Mr. Ingalls remarked that if the house of representatives should send to the senate an appropriation bill with a clause limiting the number of postoffices in the United States to sixty-nine, the case would be parallel with that uuder discussion.

After further debate a vote was taken and the committee's amendment was agreed to, striking out the clause directing the consolidation, yeas 41, nays 13.

The senate committee on appropriations having proposed among other amendments, to strike out the clause permitting small distilleries to be run without store-keepers, Messrs. Vance and Beck opposed the recommendation, and Mr. Allison defended it.

Mr. Vance said that if senators could see the evils of the system which these officers represented, they would agree with him that it was a scandal and ought not to be any longer maintained. These men entered into bargains with some of the distillers, by which the government was cheated. They were spies upon honest distillers. There was no reason why a distiller should be considered by his government to be a scoundrel, and spies be put to watch him. That course was not pursued toward men in other lines of business. The people of North Carolina, did not object to paying the tax, but they objected to the horde of corrupt officeholders who collected.

Mr. Beck said the present condition of things in regard to the collection of the whisky tax was bad. He thought the whisky tax a legitimate tax, as also the tobacco tax, but great crowds of men kept to collect the distillers tax harrassed the people.

Mr. Allison referred to the great difficulties that had been found in the collection of this tax, especially in North Carolina, and said he would be sorry to have to say of his people what Mr. Vance had said of those of North Carolina with regard to corrupt bargains.

Mr. Vance admitted that there were some bad men among the distillers of North Carolina, but they were not all bad by any means. He had only referred to those of them who were capable of being corrupted by the representatives of the republican party. He supposed that so long as they could be useful to the party they would remain.

Mr. Allison said it would hardly do for this government to permit the distillers to manufacture all the whisky that they pleased without any surveillance by the government.

The debate continued till six o'clock, when, without coming to a vote on the amendment, the senate adjourned.

Before adjournment Mr. Allison offered a resolution which lies over till to-morrow, making it in order for any senator to move for the five minutes limitation of debate on amendments to appropriation bills.

### THREATENED TO SUE A PRIEST.

**An Albany Man Warne Not to Approach the Communion Rail.**

ALBANY, N. Y., June 25.—A sensation has been caused here by the denunciation from the pulpit of the Immaculate Conception church by Rev. Father Walsh of a communicant member, who, the priest declared, had been guilty of bigamy. Father Walsh stated that the man had threatened to sue him for slander for utterances which his duty to the church dictated. To such threats the clergyman declared he would fling back an unqualified defiance, and would further state that if this individual again attempted to enter the sacred portals of the church and approach the communion rails, he would endeavor to see if the law could not envelop the offender in its meshes.

The person referred to is Peter H. Mulhern, engineer in the Argus office. When asked if he had anything to say in reply to the priest's charges, he said he had seen Father Walsh, who, said he, "had not mentioned my name; but he wanted me to understand that I could no longer attend the cathedral. I went home again. I consulted friends who knew the circumstances, and they said that the best thing I could do was to say nothing, but live it down. It comes very rough on me at this time, when I was just beginning to get on so nicely."

"How is it about your first wife?"

"Why, she obtained a divorce from me in 1864, twenty years ago. By my second wife I have had three boys and a girl. My oldest child is about seventeen years. I am a man who never drinks, and I am endeavoring to do the best I can by my family and bring them up as they should be brought up."

"How long have you been married to your second wife."

"About four years."

"Was the ceremony performed by a priest or magistrate?"

"By a priest; as I said before, I don't want to say one word against Father Walsh; he performed his duties as he saw fit, but it is hard on me."

"What do you intend doing in regard to attending church?"

"I shall connect myself with some other Catholic church."

### THE CAROLINA CONVENTION.

**The Delegates on Hand—The Presidential Preferences.**

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 25.—[Special.]—The delegates to the state democratic convention are beginning to arrive. To-morrow night the executive committee will hold a secret meeting to map out the work of the convention. At 12 m. Thursday the convention will be called to order by General J. F. Izlar, chairman of the executive committee. Captain F. W. Dawson, of the Charleston News and Courier, will offer a series of resolutions touching the tariff issue, which will meet with some opposition, because the delegates are not unanimous by any means on the question of free trade. But the resolutions will be accepted beyond a doubt and the convention thereby committed to a policy, from which thousands of good democrats in the state dissent. But that makes no difference; there will be no divisions or dissentions in the ranks of the democracy. Whoever the nominee of the Chicago convention may be he can count confidently upon the electoral vote of South Carolina. One of the most venerable and influential members said to me to-day: "While I am strongly of the opinion that Bayard is the best man that the party can nominate, yet I fear an indorsement of him by this convention would be prejudicial to his interests. It would injure him with the northern wing of the party." Another delegate gave these views: "I for one am in favor of proclaiming our choice. I am for Cleveland and Payne, and I see no objection to passing resolutions commending them to the national convention." One of the ardent young members from Richland county, thus expressed himself: "I shall offer a resolution pledging the delegation from this state to vote for Bayard and McDonald, and that will bring the matter squarely before the convention. I think we should record our choice and the country see who is the man we prefer." "It would be silly for us to dictate who the nominee shall be. The less South Carolina has to say on the subject the better. We should by all means send an unpledged set of delegates," thus said a low country delegate. An Edgefield member spoke up: "Flower is the man. The New York delegates are for him, and the best thing the south can do is to fall into line. In his own state he is far more popular than Cleveland is. The latter is unpopular on account of that unfortunate veto of the railway fare bill, and I fear that Blaine could beat him in his own state." "You are all wrong," chimed in a Fairfield county delegate, "Slocum is the man to win the votes. Associated with Hoadly, he would sweep the country." "It is evident," chipped in another valuable country member, "that Blaine is going to swoop down on the south and try and carry Virginia, North Carolina and Florida. Now, why not put some popular southern man like John B. Gordon, of Georgia, Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, or Vance, of North Carolina, on the ticket? It would strengthen it in the southern states while not weakening it in the north."

While nearly every newspaper in the state is in favor of Cleveland, and about ninety out of every hundred voters are for him, the indications are that the South Carolina delegation will not be instructed to vote for any particular candidate.

**Cleveland and Tammany.**

ST. LOUIS, June 25.—The Post-Dispatch says: "Mr. Freeman Barnum showed the Post-Dispatch a letter from one of the best known Tammanyites in New York city concerning the situation there. He has the confidence of John Kelly, and was a schoolmate of Cleveland. He discusses at length all of the causes which led to a rupture between Kelly and Cleveland, but after saying that Cleveland might have shown a little more consideration than he did for the Tammany chief, he says that the schism is not at all serious, and that he does not merely believe, but he knows, that if Mr. Cleveland is nominated Kelly will give him the most earnest support, as will the Irving hall men and the county democracy. He prophesies the nomination of Cleveland, says a majority of the New York delegation favors him, and declares his full confidence in him. This, from a man high in the councils of Tammany, is strong."

## THE TOULON PLAGUE.

### THE ORIGN AND PROGRESS OF THE DISEASE.

**The American Consul Reports the Course of the Cholera Plague Since its First Outbreak—Believed to be the Genuine Asiatic Variety, the Most Fatal Known.**

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Secretary Frelinghuysen received to-night the following telegram from Frank H. Mason, United States consul at Marseilles, with respect to the recent outbreak of cholera at Toulon:

The cholera at Toulon was kept secret until yesterday. On the 14th there was 1 death, on the 19th 1, on the 20th 2, on the 21st 3, on the 22d 13, on the 23d 5, and yesterday 12. The cases are of a mild character. There has been only one death at the navy hospital. The deaths are equally divided between civilians and military, and are chiefly among the aged or young. The question as to whether it is Asiatic or sporadic, is still undecided, but the former is probable. There are hopes of checking the epidemic by sanitary precautions. The condition of Marseilles is excellent and the death rate is below the average.

TOULON, June 25.—Eight new cases of cholera were taken to the military hospital, and two to the municipal hospital yesterday. The alarm is abating. The government physician confirms the sporadic character of the malady.

Two civilians died of cholera yesterday. Twenty-three persons suffering from the disease were taken to the marine hospital. No indication of cholera has appeared in Marseiles.

At a meeting of the physicians here to-day, in regard to the cholera now prevailing, the majority expressed the opinion that it was Asiatic.

Five deaths from cholera occurred here to-day. There have been no further admission of cholera patients into the civil hospital.

MARSEILLES, June 25.—The chateau here, which formerly belonged to the ex-Empress Eugenie, is being prepared for the accommodation of five hundred cholera patients.

AFFAIRS IN EGYPT.

CARIO, June 25.—The governor of Dongola yesterday reiterated his demands for arms, ammunition and troops. The ministry replied decisively ordering the govenor to retreat northward with the civil and military population. The French subjects and other Christians of Kassala have petitioned France for succor.

THE PRESBYTERIAN COUNCIL.

BELFAST, June 25.—The committee from the Methodist conference was admitted into the Pan Presbytery alliance to-day amid great enthusiasm. Dr. Croke read a congratulatory address to the Presbyterian council, in which he said the conference recognized the firm stand the Presbyterian church had ever taken against popery and other errors

### GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

**Sir Stafford Northcote Prepares for Another Attack on Gladstone's Policy.**

LONDON, June 25.—In the house of commons to-day, Sir Stafford Northcote gave notice that he intended to offer a motion of censure of the government's Egyption policy. He will ask to-morrow that a day be set apart for the consideration of the motion. The words of the motion of censure are as follows:

That the agreement proposed between England and Fance would not establish good government and tranquillity in Egypt, or justify England in assuming a loan to Egypt, or in guaranteeing the Egyptian debt.

Arthur Arnold, liberal member for Stafford, gave notice that he would offer the following amendment to the censure motion:

That parliament withhold the expression of an opinion regarding the negotiations with France until it knows what proposals on Egyptian finances are to be submitted to the conference.

### THEY CAN'T STAND HIM.

**Republicans who Will not Indorse their Convention's Action.**

NEW HAVEN, June 25.—The anti-Blaine meeting Monday night was marked not less by its unexpected numbers than by the boldness and vigor of the utterances of the speakers, and the unflinching tone of the resolutions. There was not room enough in the hall to hold the crowd who sought admittance. An unsuccessful attempt was made to pack the meeting in favor of Blaine. Dr. W. H. Carmalt called the meeting to order, and the following officers were unanimously elected: President, Simeon E. Baldwin; vice-presidents, the Rev. Professor George P. Fisher, J. B. Sargent, C. P. Armstrong, John Pruff, Professor William D. Whitney, and C. S. Morehouse; secretaries, Ely Whitney, Jr., James F. Colly, Porter C. Moulton, and the Rev. Stewart Means.

The attendance numbered many of the most prominent republicans of the country. The following resolutions were among those adopted:

Resolved, That the national republican convention recently held in Chicago has in its platform departed from the principles on which the party was founded and from purposes for which the party exists.

Resolved, That the convention has still further disappointed those who desire a pure administration and an advance in the standard of political action by the nomination of James G. Blaine and John A. Logan.

Resolved, That it is the true duty of every man who is in sympathy with the principles of republicanism to stand by these principles even though the party may desert them.

Resolved, That these candidates are unworthy of our support.

BARLOW SPEAKS FOR THE INDEPENDENTS.

General Francis C. Barlow denies the report published in the Commercial Advertiser that he had said that Cleveland would not receive the support of the independent republicans. His card to the other New York papers states that he believes that he would receive the full vote of the independents, and that of all democrats, Cleveland is their choice. General Barlow is the chairman of the independent republican committee, and speaks authoritatively.

**Lawyer Cook in Court.**

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Wm. A. Cook appeared at his own request before the Springer committee this afternoon, and desired to make a statement. Bliss had seen fit to state that the witness had referred to Kellogg as one of his (witness') clients. This was a studied and deliberate falsehood. With regard to the papers witness was charged with having furnished to the defendants, Bliss had said in a letter that the papers witness had were of no value to the case. The defendants got no papers from witness directly or indirectly. There was no one statement by Bliss in any way reflecting upon the witness that had the slightest foundation in fact. The explanation to it all was unquestionably that Bliss, after the death of President Garfield, and after aacertaining that he could have full control of the case, desired to exclude from it every one over whom he could not have full control.

**Shot Dead by Her Lover.**

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Albertina Anderson was shot dead, this morning, by Wm. C. Melton, who then blew out his own brains. The cause of the act was her refusal to marry him.

### TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

M. Morgan's Sons, of New York, have assigned to Wm. P. Dickson.

It is probable that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days.

M. Blignieres has been appointed as financial counsellor to assist M. Waddington in the Egyptian conference.

The president has selected a gentleman to fill the office of solicitor of the treasury and will send his nomination to the senate to-day.

The investigation of the accounts of J. O. P. Burnside, defaulting disbursing officer of the post-office department, has been concluded. It shows a deficiency of about [illegible]

# GEORGIA GOSSIP.

## SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

**A Practical Joke Played on Garden Thieves—Arrest of a Boy Burglar in Columbus—A Heavy Suit for Damages Against a Railroad—A Remarkable Case on a Court Docket.**

Charlie Dean, fourteen years of age, has been arrested in Columbus for burglary.

As a train on the Mobile and Girard railroad was going into Troy Saturday night it ran over and killed a negro. The negro was lying on the track, and it is supposed that he was drunk. The engineer did not discover him until it was too late to stop the train.

The grand lodge of colored Masons is in session in Columbus.

A negro named Hammock, foreman on Mr. J. A. Cade's plantation in Chattahoochee county, reproved a negro boy named Sherman for not properly attending to his duties. The boy, without warning, stabbed Hammock in the breast with a knife. The blade broke off, and at last accounts the physicians had been unable to remove it. Hammock will probably recover. The boy made his escape.

The Conyers Star says: There is but one thing the average Atlanta detective wants more than he does an able and plausible clue and that is the criminal he is after.

Mr. Will Everitt, of Conyers, shot and killed a large blue crane, one morning last week, which measured about seven feet from tip to tip of his wings.

Covington Star: There is a case in our justice's court which has been on the docket for fourteen months, and is still unsettled. There has been one judgment rendered by the justice of the peace from which there was an appeal to a jury. There have been six juries summoned to try the case, and it is still on hand. It has driven one man into applying for a homestead, and will probably cause a prominent Conyers lawyer to pay a considerable amount of cost. It is quite a remarkable case.

Mr. Alfred Livingston, who is an elder of Bethany church, near Covington, has been to the church on an average of twice a week for the past forty years, and has traveled a distance of over 25,000 miles in going to and from the church. Mr. Livingston is a well-preserved and active old gentleman, though he is now past his four score years. He says he does not feel that he is any the worse off, physically or spiritually, but thinks he is a great deal better from having faithfully and punctually discharged his duties to his church and his fellow men. In ante bellum days, when his stock were busy in the farm, he would gather up his children and walk to the Wednesday night prayer meetings, a distance of about 3½ miles.

The death of Mr. Jordan W. Camp, an old an esteemed citizen of Polk county, occurred at his residence seven miles southwest of Cedartown.

The Covington Star also tells the following: Two gentlemen, who live near Heard Allen's, made a plot to get some vegetables from a neighbor's garden, without letting him know anything about it. He found it out, however, and shot them both with a big load of dried poke berries. They both fell, but soon recovered sufficiently to get home. When they saw the stain of the poke berries they each believed the other to be mortally wounded. Dr. Huson was sent for in great haste, and when he arrived he took in the situation at a glance. Putting on one of his blandest smiles, and with merriment twinkling in his eyes, he relieved their fears by informing them they were not likely to die from their wounds. They paid the doctor's bill, and enjoined secrecy; but somehow or other the "joke" has leaked out. It was too good to keep, but I don't think the doctor told it.

Greenville Southron: Mr. Charles L. Simmons brought to our office five heads of the finest wheat we have ever seen. The heads are over six inches long, four very large amber-colored grains to the mesh (and is not bearded). Mr. Simmons does not know the variety, but says he planted late last fall the seed from seven heads, and he now has 2,670 heads, or an increase of over 381 per cent, besides the heads are larger than those he planted from.

Suit was brought in the superior court last week by Graham & Graham and Neel Conner & Neel for Z. T. Penn, of Adairsville, for $10,000 damages against the Western and Atlantic railroad company. He was run over by a freight train a few weeks ago and sustained serious injuries.

Douglasville Star: Here I am on a spur of the mountain—lost. I have followed this pig trail to the jumping off place, and there it goes over the bluff into obscurity, leaving me with my temper to hold and to retrace my steps. In this country every man has a way of his own, and while some are "straight and narrow," they are all "dark and crooked" and difficult alike. The summit of this mountain, so called, is one and a half miles from the beautiful Tennessee, five miles from Guntersville, a growing town on that river. The mountain land is excellent for cotton, while the river bottoms are convenient and unexcelled for raising corn. Aside from Indian legends and tales of pioneer life, common to all countries, we are not void of historical interest here. Two miles from here, where the river runs narrow and deep, shut in by a mountain on either side, is the site of old Fort Deposit, where Jackson landed in 1813. Here, from the mountain top, gushes the spring which supplied his camp with water. Yon mound marks the burial place of such men as died while he held the fort. The road we travel daily, leading from Warrenton to Jacksonville, is the same road cut out through the howling wilderness by Jackson, on his way to fame and victory at Horseshoe Bend. This is the house of a distinguished Georgian and noble man, General Ira R. Foster, the early friend of Joe Brown. Your readers will remember how he overtook Joe, and giving him a ride over a muddy road became interested in his struggle against misfortune, and we all know the sequel. Perhaps Senator Joseph E. Brown, of to-day, remembers the incident. General Foster owns near two thousand acres of land here, besides extensive property elsewhere, and is happy with his young wife and bright prospects of an early entry into the state senate.

Waycross Reporter: Miss Adeline Barber, of Waresboro, sent to our office last Saturday a lot of this year's growth of sweet potatoes, of the Bermuda variety, which clearly portrays the fact that the country will soon again be most abundantly supplied with that most excellent and economical food. Thanks, Miss Addie, will be pleased at any time to receive and make mention of any agricultural product you or others may send to us.

The Reporter says: We would advise, implore, and kindly ask all mankind to desist from the use of intoxicants. They will, if persisted in, upset, break down, destroy and make a vagabond of any who will follow up the habit of drunkenness.

## STATE POLITICS.

Colonel C. W. Hodnett is a candidate for representative in Clayton county with encouraging prospects of success. His election would give great pleasure to his friends throughout the state, who recognize his ability and would be delighted to see him thus honored by the people of his county.

DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE 34TH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The democratic executive committee of the 34th senatorial district will meet in the courthouse at McDonough, Ga., on Thursday, July 3d, 1884. The committee is composed as follows: Henry—A. W. Crookshanks, chairman, E. G. Harris, G. G. Weems. DeKalb—E. M. Word, J. W. McCurdy. Gwinnett—J. D. Spence, W. D. Jones.

The members are earnestly requested to attend, as there will be matters of importance for their consideration. A. W. CROOKSHANKS, Chairman.

**Twenty-Eighth Senatorial District.**

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: The question of senatorial nomination is exciting much interest in our county and I ask space in your columns for an article advocating the cause I conceive to be most conducive to the true interests of Jasper county. Two gentlemen are candidates for the nomination, Mr. E. B. Smith and Colonel Fleming Jordan, both men of ability. Mr. J., largely connected with the voters of the county; Mr. S., with a very small circle of relatives to rally to his support, and relying upon his intrinsic worth for the indorsement of his people. In discussing this subject I am conscious of no personal animosity towards Mr. Jordan, but I take it that in selecting men for office, the question of kindred, friendship and social ties are secondary to that all important matter of merit, safety and record. Thus while we admire Jordan as a friend, we cannot be censured if we look higher than friendship in selecting the man for whom we shall vote. We want safe, hardworking, practical democratic men, men who have stood up in the past, stand up now, and have always stood up for democracy. As an exponent of these views I present to the favorable consideration of the voters of Jasper the claims of Mr. E. B. Smith. In this contest local issues are somewhat involved, which is to be deprecated. The stock and prohibition laws were established with difficulty in our county, and there remains some bitterness of feeling among the advocates, pro and con, of these measures. I notice a correspondent from Monticello to the Milledgeville Chronicle speaks of the stock law as mainly a pecuniary issue. It is a pecuniary issue in one sense; but there is a higher, more elevated ground than this view of the subject. In the important matter of voting, a true patriot is supposed to lose his personal identity in the broader, more catholic one of the public interest. He ceases to act for individual benefit, and is actuated by a desire for the welfare of his county, district or state as the case may be. Therefore it does not present any man in a flattering attitude before his constituents when he says in substance: "I had a good fence around my place and therefore I voted for fence," irrespective of his poor hard-working neighbor who is dependent on his own labor for support, and who finds it impossible to clear, cultivate land and split rails to keep a sufficient fence to insure against depredations from other people's cattle, or reversing the case, to hear a stock-law man say, "I had no fence, therefore I voted for the stock law," irrespective of his neighbor, who is a small land owner and has scarcely sufficient area for cultivation and pasturage. This view of the matter savors too strongly of self to be popular.

As to Mr. Smith's position on this question I will state that at the time it was put to a vote he had a fine fence around his place with timber and the men to keep it in good repair, but he voted for the stock law because he honestly believed it to be a measure beneficial to all classes and conducive to the material prosperity of the county. He hoped and believed that after a fair test of the matter the opponents of the law would become reconciled and favorable to it, as in Putnam and other counties, where it has been adopted. After sufficient time has elapsed to test the matter fully, if it were found from experience, that the county was more prosperous under the fence system, I believe Mr. Smith, in common with every good citizen, would advocate a repeal of the law.

In regard to the prohibition act, Mr. Smith's position is too well known to render explanation necessary. His attitude is entirely consistent with his past.

It is a noticeable fact that frequently when a man becomes a candidate for office his opposition to measures publicly expressed, begins to tone down and soften by degrees until it is really difficult to tell which side he espouses.

As regards an issue being made against Mr. J. because of his not being connected with the church, I am unaware of any such fact, though should that be the case, the scriptural injunction, "In honor preferring one another" would be a sufficient guide for action, before which all human opinion would pale. When we advocate the candidacy of moral and religious men, it is reflecting on no man simply because he is out of the church. A man is as much bound to be guided by his conscience in voting as any other act of his life. But waiving these things, let us look to the political issues involved. The records of public men are open for dissection and deserve consideration at the hands of those from whom they ask support. It is asserted, also, that Mr. Smith claims no political record. This is unjust, as Mr. Smith's record as a democrat is without a blemish. It is true, he has never held office, having never before asked his people to place him in public position, for he is no office seeker. He is a successful farmer and business man and withal a ripe scholar who is well posted on public matters, and it is to his credit that he has never joined a horde of office seekers. He has a political career, however. That career consists in a lifetime devotion to democracy—true organized democracy—the only protection against the radical voter in this southern land. Upon investigation it will not be found that he has, in a single instance, abandoned the democracy or given encouragement to its open or disguised foes. In those dark and bitter days after the war, when the country was almost in a state of anarchy, when good democrats were being displaced from office and their places filled by radical appointees; when our legislators were prevented from entering upon the discharge of their duties by reason of a requirement to take the ironclad oath, our own immediate representative, the late Hon. Eli S. Glover, being among the number, Mr. Smith was found supporting organized democracy. Since then his record as a democrat is untarnished by any "shadow of turning," and of recent years since independentism has lifted its head and threatened to overthrow the work of years, and once more place us under radical rule, he has been firm, unswerving and faithful in the discharge of his duty as an organized democrat, zealous for the interests of the party, active in promoting peace and harmony within its ranks, and entirely consistent in every word, thought and deed with his obligations as a patriotic citizen and democrat.

Shall democracy reject such men? To democracy we look for the political welfare of our country, and what is the use of any party organization, if when political honors are to be conferred, are not conferred on those who have been true to the party and deserve support and reward for services rendered.

After earnest solicitation from leading citizens of Putnam, Morgan and Jasper, Mr. Smith reluctantly consented to allow the use of his name as a candidate for the senatorial nomination. He is not seeking the office as a stepping stone to higher official position. There is no pecuniary advantage to be derived from it. It will involve a sacrifice, and prove detrimental to his business. The motives that have prompted him have been pure and disinterested. A representative of the agricultural interests of the country, he is striving to have that neglected class of our citizens, who are almost without representation from the halls of congress down, reap some of the benefits and honors of the government and stand on an equal footing with other classes and industries. The people are awakening on this subject as is evinced by the recent speech of the Hon. Thos. Hardeman on the house bill, elevating the agricultural department to a cabinet position.

Citizens and democrats of Jasper, will you rally to the support of this tried and true democrat? He stands before you with a record, without a flaw, unconnected with clique or ring and untrammelled by promise or pledge, save that of a conscientious discharge of duty, with an eye singular to your material, moral and political interests, a man of whom any country should be proud. AN OLD-LINE DEMOCRAT.

Jasper County, June 23d, 1884.

**Capturing Young Foxes.**

CUSSETA, GA., June 25.—A few days since Mr. Jim Bartlett, of this county, was walking over his farm and discovered a small hole in the ground and a great quantity of fresh dirt near it. On further examination he ascertained that it was the burough of a red fox with young ones. He got a fishing pole and began to trace the direction of the hole, but found that it was too much for him, as it permeated several acres of ground. He then stopped up the hole and dug in another place in the ground until he struck it again, and again filled up the run of the foxes. In a few days he went back to the spot and found that the foxes in trying to scratch out had filled up the hole behind them and as soon as he unstopped the hole he caught four young red foxes, which he now has. They are pretty animals, indeed.

**Lost at Sea.**

SAVANNAH, June 25.—[Special.]—On Sunday week Jack Spates, a well known diver, left Tybee island in a small batteau for Fort Pulaski, taking with him a gun and a small lot of provisions. The weather was very tempestuous at the time, and a strong gale was blowing. Since then nothing has been seen or heard of Spates. Information was received to-day that a small batteau was picked up by the officers at Sapelo quarantine station on Monday. His friends fear that he was carried out to sea and drowned. Spates had been drinking when he left Tybee. He is from Baltimore, where his relations reside.

**Shot and Killed**

LEXINGTON, June 25.—Richard Thomas, colored, was accidentally shot and killed by Doc Thomas, colored, on the plantation of Mr. Frank Winfrey last Saturday evening. Coroner Boggs held an inquest and found the killing accidental. Howard lodge, F. A. M., at Maxeys, was to celebrate St. John's day yesterday, but the weather was so inclement that it was postponed and they will celebrate to-day. They will have a big barbecue. It rains without ceasing.

**Politics in Terrell.**

DAWSON, GA., June 25.—Politics "are on a boom" in our county now. Mr. O. B. Stevens, a successful and prosperous business man of Dawson, has announced his candidacy for representative, and the issue is now made up between him and Captain T. H. Pickett, an excellent lawyer here. Both gentlemen and their many friends have gone to work in dead earnest, and the canvass waxes warmer and hotter. The result is still in doubt.

**The Champion Snake Man in Carroll.**

BANNING, GA., June 25.—Barney Newsom, of this place, has killed during this season the rise of six hundred snakes with a double-barrelled shotgun and has succeeded in capturing one and aims to keep it as long as it lives. He wants some one to beat it. He aims to have a snake farm.

**Rabun County's Delegates.**

CLAYTON, GA., June 25.—The chairman of the democratic party of Rabun, has called a meeting of the citizens on first Tuesday in August, to elect delegates to the gubernatorial and congressional conventions. Rabun is not informed up to now who the candidates are, but there is time enough yet.

**A Missionary Quilt.**

DAWSON, GA., June 25.—We have been shown a very pretty "missionary quilt," the handiwork of Mrs. Pilsbury, who is over 75 years of age. She is the mother of Judge Pilsbury, of Americus, and Editor W. K. Pilsbury of our city.


Hark! hark! 'tis SOZODONT I cry
Haste youths, and maidens, come and buy.
Come and a secret I'll unfold,
At small expense to young and old.
A charm that will on both bestow
A ruby lip, and teeth like snow.


# GEORGIA BY WIRE.

## THE NEWS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY CHRONICLED.

**Suspension of Hargrove's Bank in Rome—The Gainesville Walking Match—A Masonic Celebration in Dawson—A Brave Young Girl Prevents a Conflagration, Etc.**

CONYERS, June 25.—A protracted meeting is in progress at the Presbyterian church here, conducted by Rev. J. N. Bradshaw, the pastor, assisted by Rev. Dr. DuBose, evangelist of the Atlanta Presbytery.

**A Masonic Celebration.**

DAWSON, GA., June 25.—The Masonic fraternity had a celebration and big barbacue in the village of Chickasawhatchie, in this county on to-day. Judge L. M. Lennard, of Dawson, and other distinguished gentlemen delivered addresses.

**The Gainesville Match.**

GAINESVILLE, June 25.—[Special.]—Great preparation is being made here for the walking match to-morrow between the "K. P's," of Atlanta and Gainesville. The track will be finished to-day, and we are expecting at least 3,000 strangers here to-morrow from along the Air Line and the Georgia railroad.

**A Brave Young Miss.**

ELBERTON, GA., June 25.—[Special.]—The dwelling house of Hon. R. F. Tate caught on fire last Sunday, and was discovered by his little daughter Mary, about 12 years old, who, with perfect coolness and without raising any alarm, extinguished the fire with three or four buckets of water before it was discovered by any one else.

**Killed by an Explosion.**

CEDARTOWN, GA., June 25.—At about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, at the Cherokee iron company's iron ore mines, five miles east of this place, a premature explosion of a keg of powder severely if not fatally injured M. C. Logan, foreman, and two convicts. The wounded were brought here on a freight train, and are receiving skillful medical attention.

**A Suit for Slander.**

SAVANNAH, June 25.—[Special.]—Joseph Coleman sued Simon Mitchell in the court to-day for slander, placing the damages at $5,000. The plaintiff alleges that the defendant stigmatized him as a thief. The jury brought in a verdict $225 on the plaintiff.

**A Stray Arab.**

SAVANNAH, June 25.—[Special.]—The police have an elephant on their hands in the shape of an Arab tramp, who applied for lodgings several nights ago. He is dressed in Oriental costume, cannot speak or understand a word of English, and is about sixty years old. The police authorities do not know what to do with him.

## BANK FAILURE IN ROME.

**R. T. and C. B. Hargrove Close Their Doors.**

ROME, GA., June 25.—[Special.]—The city was startled this morning by the announcement that the banking firm of R. T. and C. B. Hargrove had suspended. While the firm did not have a large capital, yet they had always been considered reasonably safe, having weathered the panic of 1873 successfully, and never suspended a single day. The liabilities are said to be about $65,000. Mr. R. T. Hargrove, in an interview, says that he has secured all depositors having claims under $1,000, and that they will not suffer. He also says all his creditors have received collaterals sufficient to protect them if they are not sacrificed by the shrinkage of values. He says the firm has given up every cent and turned over all their property to the creditors, and that he does not expect anyone to lose by his failrue. He assigns as a reason for his suspension that within the last few years the bank has lost $40,000 on insolvent paper; that he has gradually within the past few weeks paid off his creditors, and finally owing to the recent panic their New York correspondent, the National Park bank, refused to rediscount their paper. Mr. Hargrove further stated that all deposits received yesterday afternoon were returned this morning. Among the largest depositors was the treasurer of the city of Rome, who had $12,000 in the bank. Of this Mr. Hargrove paid $5,000 to-day, leaving a balance of $7,000 due the city. Collaterals were turned over to the treasurer for several thousand dollars nominally, but it is thought not more than a few hundred dollars can be realized on these. The treasurer has good bond, and suit will be entered against him and his bondsmen for the amount due the city, unless they will reimburse the city at an early day. While it is generally believed that the Messrs. Hargrove have acted honorably and have done all in their power for the creditors, yet the suspension at this time is very unfortunate. However our people are not at all discouraged, and no run has so far been made on the other banks, which are in splendid condition. It is believed that another bank will be established shortly, as Messrs. Hargrove intend retiring from business at once. Altogether it is felt that Rome's future is full of promise, and the courage and determination of our people cannot be shaken.

## STATE SPECIALS CONDENSED.

The Home school of Athens had a concert last night, and to-day the closing exercises of Athens academy takes place.

Work on the Banks county jail has commenced.

Mr. John L. Hurst, of Cedartown, died yesterday afternoon of consumption.

John G. Butler, of Savannah, shot and killed an alligator on Tybee beach which measured ten feet six inches.

John White and Miss Georgia Beck were married in South Rome last night by Rev. J. W. Lee.

Julius Myers, white, and Elizabeth Saussy, colored, of Savannah, were sent to the asylum in Milledgville yesterday as lunatics.

James Murphy and Ella Peyton, daughter of the late Martin Peyton, were married last night at the cathedral in Savannah.

The Knights of Honor of Savannah have paid the heirs of a deceased member, Jas. N. Kennickell, the well known typo, his benefit certificate, amounting to $2,000.


**Epithelioma, or Skin Cancer.**

This form of cancer is the most prevalent type, and is in many cases fatal, as it gradually eats away until it destroys life. It would seem that Swift's Specific is indeed a specific for this scourge.

Mrs. K. A. Armstrong, Verona, Miss., writes under date of May 16, 1884: "After taking six bottles of Swift's Specific the cancer is healing; is greatly reduced in size. It now gives me no pain, and my general health has so much improved that I am able to be up and attend to my household duties—something I had not been able to do in several years. I feel that it will cure me."

Mr. M. N. Clayton, of Red Clay, Ga., writes, under recent date: "All painful sensations in my cancer are decreasing. I feel decidedly better, and the cancer has commenced to heal."

Dr. M. F. Crumley, Oglethorpe, Ga., writes under date of May 10th: "Mr. Naves, who had such a terrible cancer on his face, is about well. New skin has grown all over his face, and looks almost as well as it ever did, and I would like some of your company to see him."

Mr. W. H. Gilbert, Albany, Ga., writes, under date of May 8th: "Mr. Brooks, of Baconton, is improving fast. He is now able to be up. When he commenced Swift's Specific he was not expecting to live. He has cancer on his face."

Messrs. J. & J. B. Harter, of North Manchester, Ind., write, under date of May 1st: "The lady with cancer is improving right along. The Specific increased the discharge for the first few days, but the soreness is gone and she is much better."

Mrs. W. H. Route, of Gordonsville, Va., writes, under date of May 11, 1884: "I am much improved. The cancer is better; does not pain me at all. It is a wonder to all my friends."

Mr. James E. Ligon, of Michaux Ferry, Va., writes, under date of May 19, 1884: "My condition is greatly improved; my general health is good; my appetite good; cancer decidedly better, and has begun to heal nicely. How can I ever repay you?"

Mr. J. S. Rhodes, of Mill River, N. C., writes under date of May 19, 1884: "My mother has been using Swift's Specific about two weeks, and is improving. The cancer is not now painful and is healing."

Mr. T. J. Teate, of Wacissa, Fla., writes under date of May 2, 1884: "Swift's Specific has cured a cancer on my face and has almost made a young man out of me."

Mr. E. Tinsley, of Burr Mills, Va., writes May 1, 1884: "My wife has taken four bottles of Swift's Specific for a cancer, and has improved wonderfully. I shall keep it up; have no doubt it will cure her."

It may not be out of place to state that Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) is entirely a vegetable preparation, and seems to cure cancers by forcing out the poison through the cancer. The public should be cautioned about imitations of our remedy, and beware of all potash and mercury mixtures gotten up to imitate us and sell their poisonous stuff on the reputation of our Specific. These potash mixtures not only do no good in cancer treatment, but are absolutely dangerous. Send for full history of Blood and Skin Diseases and Cancer Treatment.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., 159 W. 23d St. N. Y., and 1205 Chestnut St., Phila.


A North Carolina editor, who had been raced down the street by a woman with a cowhide, found himself referred to in a rival paper as "our racy cotemporary."


**Nothing Like it.**

No medicine has ever been known in the south so effectual in the cure of all those diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood as ROSADALIS, the Great Southern Remedy for the cure of scrofula, white swellings, rheumatism, pimples, blotches, eruptions, veneral sores and diseases, consumption, goitre, boils, cancers, and all kindred diseases, ROSADALIS purifies the system, brings color to the cheeks, and restores the sufferer to a normal condition of health and vigor. ROSADALIS, the Great Southern Remedy, cleanses the blood and gives permanent beauty to the skin.


An editer in speaking of a clergyman called him a "pretty aged minister." The compositor got it "putty eyed monster," and there was a row.


"It has more than realized my expectations," says Professor DUNCAN CAMPBELL, M. D., LL. D., President Royal College Physicians and Surgeons, Member General Council, University of Edinburg, etc., of the Liebig Co's Coca Beef Tonic. Invaluable for debility, weak lungs, billiousness, dyspepsia, malaria, liver complaint, sick headache.


A girl who sets out to look gracefully in a hammock has as much work on her hands as the man who tries to be languid with a sawlog following down hill.


**Lundborg's Perfume,** Edenia.
**Lundborg's Perfume,** Marechal Niel Rose.
**Lundborg's Perfume,** Alpine Violet.
**Lundborg's Perfume,** Lilly of the Valley.


An Ohio man suing for a divorce, charges his spouse, among other crimes and misdemeanors, with having a big bustle and a deceitful tongue.


**Superior** to all "Eaux de Cologne" is the genuine Murray & Lanman Florida Water, comprising as it does the perfectly distilled essence of all the richest flowers of the tropics, it stands without a rival as a toilet requisite. Each bottle of the genuine article carries round its neck a narrow white strip bearing the words "Trade Mark" and the fac-simile of the signature of the sole proprietors and manufacturers, Lanman & Kemp, New York.


A curate once asked a little girl in the Sunday school: "Who made your vile body?" "Mother made the body," quickly retorted the child; "I only made the skirt."


Great things have ever hinged on trifles The first family difficulty on record was caused by an apple core; the last we heard of was the negligence of a father to keep up the supply of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup when all hands had a cold.


You can buy a real Mexican manila hammock for $1.75. And then you can fall out of it and drive your backbone up clear through your chin for nothing.

Baseball is taking the place of bull fighting in Cuba. The latter did not injure enough men to make the sport interesting.—Boston Post.


The finest mayonaise dressing for all kinds of salad, cold meats, raw tomatoes, pickled salmon, cabbage, etc., is Durkee's Salad Dressing. It is, besides, more economical than home-made.

One bottle of Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection, with syringe combined, cures without capsules. $1. All Druggists. tu th sa wky


If you happen to see a man wearing a linen suit and a white tie, you may be pretty sure of a shower.—Boston Post.


**"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup."**

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, carthartic; for fever, restlessness, worms, constipation, 25 cents.


"A proposal!"—Sententious old bachelor (in the course of conversation): "As the 'old saw' has it, my dear madam, 'man proposes, but ——.'" Widow (promptly): "Yes, but that's just what he doesn't do!"—Punch.


Young Men, Middle Aged Men and All Men who suffer from early indiscretions will find Allen's Brain Food the most powerful invigorant ever introduced; once restored by it there is no relapse. Try it, it never fails. $1; 6 for $5. At druggists or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First Ave., New York City.


A Boston man calls his wife Crystal, because she is always on the watch.


**Premature Loss of the Hair**

May be entirely prevented by the use of BURNETT'S COCOAINE.

HOUSEKEEPERS should insist upon obtaining **Burnett's Flavoring Extracts.**


Before an apple becomes cider it must go the rounds of the press.

A motto for young lovers—Sofa and no father.


Mr. Wm. G. Cassell, S. Oregon St., Baltimore, Md., says he suffered for months with severe sciatica, and a few applications of St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain-reliever, cured him.


"Good night," said a lady, dressed in the height, or rather the depth, of a fashion, to her partner at a ball. "I'm tired to death, and am going home to undress myself." "What! any more?" enquired her partner.


**All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual** Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 50 cents. Pills $1.25, 100 pills $2.00, 200 pills $3.50, 400 pills $6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Ivy or and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.


In putting up your screen doors and windows be very particular to have a little hole in one corner so that the flies can go out doors when they get tired of being inside.—Boston Post.


Miss M. C. Montague, Galloway, Fayette county, Tenn., suffered for years with a number of troubles incidental to females. Her life was miserable. Applied to Dr. Giles, whose remedies gave her instant relief. She is now enjoying good health, and has recommended a number of her friends to the doctor for treatment, and all have experienced the same relief by using his Liniment Iodide Ammonia. Sold by all druggists.


"Boys, these days," remarked a street urchin, as he picked up the stub of a cigar and puffed away at it, "begin where grown people leave off."

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.



QUEER

It is how we differ in tastes. Some smokers prefer Long Cut, others choose "Granulated." Be that as it may, the FACT is THE BEST LONG CUT is

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM LONG CUT

Made from the PUREST, RICHEST LEAF, its FRAGRANCE is UNEQUALED and its PURITY and Quality UNQUESTIONED.

The Genuine can always be recognized by trade-Mark of the BULL.

Watch the papers for our large advertisement; different portraits of leading men each time.



SMITH'S
EXTRACT OF MAY FLOWER,
THE
STANDARD REMEDY
FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE
Bladder and Kidneys.
NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.
*Endorsed by Practicing Physicians*
AND
APPROVED BY THE PUBLIC.
IT IS
WOMAN'S FRIEND.

Offered on its merits, not introduced to the public by parading the names and nature of the complaints of those who have been benefited by its use.

Every bottle speaks for itself and is its own advertisement.

Ask your druggist for

SMITH'S
Extract of May Flower,
*Sold All Around the World.*



GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure* Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and therefore far more economical. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.



EDUCATIONAL.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

NOTICE OF EXAMINATION FOR THE POSITION of Principal in Girls' High School. By order of the committee on teachers, an examination will be held on next Saturday, at nine o'clock in high school building. This examination will be in writing and on such studies as are taught in the Girls' High School. Any one aspiring to fill the vacant position of Principal in Girls' High School, should come forward for examination. Even gentlemen and ladies now in the public school system must take this examination if they desire to be considered as applicants for above position. W. F. SLATON, Secretary.

Journal please copy.

WESLEYAN ACADEMY.

One of the half dozen best Preparatory and Classical Schools in New England. Excellent facilities in Academic Studies, Music, Painting, Industrial Science and Commercial Studies. The payment of $60 in advance will cover all tuition in the Preparatory and Academic Courses, together with board, limited amount of washing, room rent, heating, and all other necessary expenses, except books, stationary, lights, and small contingencies, for the Fall Term of twelve weeks, beginning August 27. Send for catalogue to Rev. G. M. STEELE, Principal, WILBRAHAM, MASS.

SWARTHMORE COLLEGE

FOR BOTH SEXES.

Under care of Members of the Religious Society of Friends. Thirty minutes from Broad St. station. Full College Courses—Classical, Scientific and Literary. Also a Preparatory School. Location unsurpassed for healthfulness. Extensive Grounds. New and costly buildings and apparatus. Academic year commences 9th month (Sept.) 9th, 1884. Apply early to insure admission. For catalogue and full particulars address EDWARD H. MAGILL, A. M., President, Swathmore, Delaware Co., Pa.

Augusta Female Seminary.

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

MISS MARY J. BALDWIN, PRINCIPAL, OPENS September 3d; Closes June 1885. Unsurpassed in its location; in its buildings and grounds; in its general appointments and sanitary arrangements. Its full corps of superior and experienced teachers; its unrivaled advantages in

Music, Modern Languages, Elocution, Fine Arts,

Physical culture and instruction in the theory and practice of book-keeping. The successful efforts made to secure health, comfort and happiness. Its opposition to extravagence; its standard of solid scholarship. For full particulars apply to the principal for catalogues.

MEAN'S HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

76 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Georgia. INSTRUCTION THOROUGH AND PRACTICAL. For circulars, address T. E. MEANS.

THE ELMS FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL for GIRLS No. 141 High Street, Springfield, Mass. Misses PORTER & CHAMPNEY, Principals. Please send for circulars.



FARMVILLE
LITHIA WATER

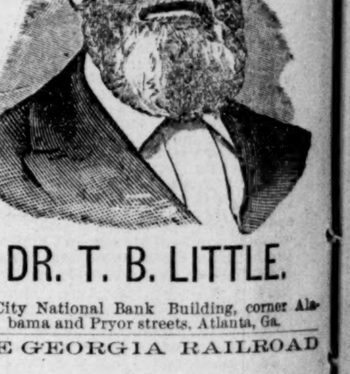
Nature's Own Remedy For the Cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Billiousness, Jaundice, and all Kidney Diseases, Gout, Rheumatism and Dropsy.

Sold on Draught and by the Gallon at 50c

By WILLIS E. VENABLE, corner Marietta and Peachtree street.
SCHUMANN'S PHARMACY, Whitehall street corner Hunter and Peachtree, cor. Forsyth. General Wholesale Agent, in Cases Only.
LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR.
SEND FOR PAMPHLET.
Beware of counterfeit water.
Principal Office, 1123 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.



CANCERS CURED.
NO CURE, NO PAY.



DR. T. B. LITTLE.

Gate City National Bank Building, corner Alabama and Pryor streets, Atlanta, Ga.


THE GEORGIA RAILROAD

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, GA., April 6th, 1884.

Commencing Sunday, 6th inst., the following Passenger Schedule will be operated: Trains run by 90th meridian time, 22 minutes slower than Atlanta time:

FAST LINE.

NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.

| | |
|---|---|
| L've Augusta | 7 40 am |
| L've Athens | 8 05 pm |
| L've Gainesville | 5 30 am |
| Ar. Atlanta | 1 00 pm |

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 2 45 pm |
| Leave Gainesville | 5 30 am |
| Arrive Athens | 7 15 pm |
| Arrive Augusta | 8 05 pm |

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

| NO 2 EAST—DAILY. | | NO. 1. WEST DAILY. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| L've Atlanta | 8 25 am | L've Augusta | 10 30 am |
| Ar. Gainesville | 9 15 pm | " Macon | 7 10 am |
| Ar. Athens | 4 40 pm | " Mill'g'v'e | 9 10 am |
| " Washington | 2 45 pm | " Washin'n | 11 30 am |
| " Milledgeville | 4 49 pm | " Athens | 9 35 am |
| Ar. Macon | 6 45 pm | Ar. Gainesville | 9 15 pm |
| " Augusta | 3 55 pm | Ar. Atlanta | 5 45 pm |

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

| NO. 4 EAST—DAILY. | | NO. 3 WEST DAILY. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. Atlanta | 8 50 pm | Lv Augusta | 9 00 pm |
| Ar. Augusta | 6 10 am | Ar. Atlanta | 6 40 am |

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| L've Atlanta | 6 00 pm | L've Covington | 5 40 am |
| Ar. Decatur | 6 36 pm | L've Decatur | 7 30 am |
| Ar. Covington | 8 20 pm | Ar. Atlanta | 8 00 am |

DECATUR TRAIN.

(Daily, except Sundays.)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| L've Atlanta | 3 50 pm | Lv. Decatur | 4 30 pm |
| Ar. Decatur | 4 20 pm | Ar. Atlanta | 5 00 pm |

CLARKSTOWN TRAIN.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. Atlanta | 11 40 am | Lv. Clarkston | 12 37 pm |
| Lv. Decatur | 12 10 pm | Lv. Decatur | 12 53 pm |
| Ar. Clarkston | 12 25 pm | Ar. Atlanta | 1 25 pm |

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signaled, stop at any regular schedule Flag Station.

Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Berzelia, Dearing, Thomson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur. These trains make close connection for all points East, Southeast, West, Southwest, North and Northwest, and carry Through Sleepers between Atlanta and Charleston.

Train No. 28 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Berzelia, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and Southeast.

JOHN W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager. E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

# RAILROAD NEWS.

## THE HEADLIGHTS RUNNING INTO ATLANTA.

**The Richmond and Danville's Buffet Cars The Louisville and Nashville—The First Passenger Train to Cross Plains—The Cincinnati Southern—Local Railroad Points**

Major W. E. McCrackey, of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, is in the city.

The passenger agents seemed to be enjoying an off day yesterday. Travel was unusually light.

It is rumored that the Cincinnati Southern railway will take an interest in the Stanton house at Chattanooga.

President Raoul's elegant private car now being finished in the shops at Macon will be equipped with electric bells.

Most of the Georgia railroads will probably make exhibits of the products along their lines at the New Orleans exposition.

The people of Dawson are in earnest about building a railroad to Atlanta. They will hold a big meeting at an early day to whoop up the enterprise.

The Rome railroad and the Western and Atlantic have arranged a grand fourth of July excursion from Rome to Atlanta, at one dollar for the round trip.

It is hardly probable that workmen are engaged in repairing the floor of our union passenger depot every day in the year, but to the casual observer such appears to be the case.

The condition of the Louisville and Nashville is the subject of much discussion in railroad circles here. The fear is expressed by some that the road will pass into the hands of a receiver.

The heavy rains of the past few weeks have demonstrated the fact that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia now enjoys all the solidity and safety of an old road. Nothing more is heard of washouts, landslides, etc.

The Alabama Great Southern shops are to be enlarged and will become the central shops of the entire system from Cincinnati to New Orleans. The capital stock of the Alabama Great Southern has just been increased one million dollars.

It is understood here that forty men have been suspended for the summer in the shops of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad at Knoxville, Tenn. General reductions in all departments are looked for.

The railroads thus far have carried very few people to the summer resorts. During such damp, autumnal spells of weather as we have had recently, most people preferred the city to the mountains. Next month, however, the tide of summer travel is expected to begin in earnest.

The watermelon movement up to this date has failed to reach the proportions predicted by parties interested in the traffic. The weather for weeks has been of the most unfavorable character, and reports from various localities in the state indicate a light crop. With good prices, however, the melon growers will not feel discouraged.

The buffet cars on the Richmond and Danville railroad, running between Atlanta and New York, are very popular. They combine all the good points of sleepers, smoking and dining room cars. The menu on these buffet cars comprises fruit, raw oysters, pickles, sardines, ham sandwiches, sardines, tongue, butter crackers, tea, chocolate, coffee, ice water, boiled eggs, cheese, bread and butter, milk, cream, Apollinaris water, lemonade and cigars.

The railroads show a disposition to encourage walking matches. While the freight business is dull and travel is light, it is believed that a judicious programme of walking matches at various points in the state will enable the railroads to fill all the coaches they can secure. In fact it has been suggested that it would pay to rig up box cars with temporary seats, and this may have to be done in order to accommodate the excited thousands who for months to come will be rushing to and fro over the state to the different matches between rival cities.

**To Cross Plains.**

CEDARTOWN, GA., June 25.—The first passenger train went through from Cartersville to Cross Plains on the East and West railroad, yesterday, without any difficulty.

**The Buena Vista Road.**

BUENA VISTA, GA., June 25.—Mr. James Lowe, the president, and Mr. Hair, one of the directors of the Buena Vista railroad, have taken a sub-contract to grade on the Buena Vista end of the road, and will commence Wednesday with about 25 hands. The regular corps are in one or two miles of Ellaville.

**Changing a Railroad Gauge.**

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., June 25.—[Specia.]—It was learned to-day the anticipated change in the gauge of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific railroad cannot be made at present, and there were several difficulties to overcome before the work could be done. In the first place the charter requires a five foot gauge in both Kentucky and Tennessee and special legislation would be required for that reason in both states and the legislatures will not meet until next winter. Again the change would be so slight that the track could not be laid along the side of the Nashville Chattanooga rail, over which the A. G. S. runs as far as Wauchachee, and a separate track would be required to enable the trains to enter the depot. For a like reason a separate track would have to be laid around Lookout mountain unless a double track were laid.

## FIFTY YEARS OF HISTORY.

**Relics of the Central's Early Days—Records of the First Surveys of the Road.**

From the Savannah Morning News.

A few days ago, while the records of the auditor's office of the Central railroad were being moved with the view of selecting such books and papers as might be deemed worthy of preservation, a number of old-time relics were discovered which are associated with the history of the road forty-eight years ago when it was being constructed from Savannah towards Macon. Among these relics is the Central railroad bank ledger of 1835, the merchants and freight lists of 1844 and a number of one hundred dollar bonds issued in 1841 running five years at 8 per cent, and paid in 1841.

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EDUCATIONAL.

## PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

NOTICE OF EXAMINATION FOR THE POSITION of Principal in Girls' High School. By order of the committee on teachers, an examination will be held on next Saturday, at nine o'clock in high school building. This examination will be in writing and on such studies as are taught in the Girls' High School. Any one aspiring to fill the vacant position of Principal in Girls' High School, should come forward for examination. Even gentlemen and ladies now in the public school system must take this examination if they desire to be considered as applicants for above position.
W. F. SLATON, Secretary.
Journal please copy. 3t

## WESLEYAN ACADEMY.

One of the half dozen best Preparatory and Classical Schools in New England. Excellent facilities in Academic Studies, Music, Painting, Industrial Science and Commercial Studies. The payment of $60 in advance will cover all tuition in the Preparatory and Academic Courses, together with board, limited amount of washing, room rent, heating, and all other necessary expenses, except books, stationary, lights, and small contingencies, for the Fall Term of twelve weeks, beginning **August 27.** Send for catalogue to
**Rev. G. M. STEELE, Principal, WILBRAHAM, MASS.**

## SWARTHMORE COLLEGE

**FOR BOTH SEXES.**

Under care of Members of the Religious Society of Friends. Thirty minutes from Broad St. station. **Full College Courses**—Classical, Scientific and Literary. Also a **Preparatory School.** Location unsurpassed for healthfulness. Extensive Grounds. New and costly buildings and apparatus. Academic year commences **9th month (Sept.) 9th, 1884.** Apply early to insure admission. For catalogue and full particulars address
EDWARD H. MAGILL, A. M., President, Swathmore, Delaware Co., Pa.

## Augusta Female Seminary.

**STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.**

MISS MARY J. BALDWIN, PRINCIPAL, OPENS September 3d; Closes June 1885. Unsurpassed in its location; in its buildings and grounds; in its general appointments and sanitary arrangements. Its full corps of superior and experienced teachers; its unrivaled advantages in

Music, Modern Languages, Elocution, Fine Arts,

Physical culture and instruction in the theory and practice of book-keeping. The successful efforts made to secure health, comfort and happiness. Its opposition to extravagence; its standard of solid scholarship. For full particulars apply to the principal for catalogues.

## MEAN'S HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

76 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Georgia.
INSTRUCTION THOROUGH AND PRACTICAL. For circulars, address T. A. MEANS.

THE ELMS FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL for GIRLS.
No. 141 High Street, Springfield, Mass.
Misses PORTER & CHAMPNEY, Principals.
Please send for circulars.

## FARMVILLE LITHIA WATER

**Nature's Own Remedy For the Cure of**

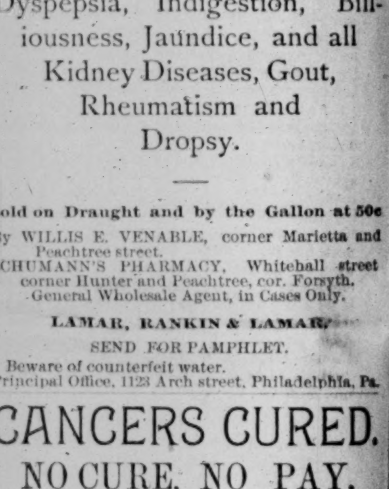
Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Billiousness, Jaundice, and all Kidney Diseases, Gout, Rheumatism and Dropsy.

**Sold on Draught and by the Gallon at 50c**

By WILLIS E. VENABLE, corner Marietta and Peachtree street.
SCHUMANN'S PHARMACY, Whitehall street corner Hunter and Peachtree, cor. Forsyth. General Wholesale Agent, in Cases Only.

**LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,**
SEND FOR PAMPHLET.
Beware of counterfeit water.
Principal Office, 1123 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

## CANCERS CURED.
## NO CURE, NO PAY.



## DR. T. B. LITTLE.

Gate City National Bank Building, corner Alabama and Pryor streets, Atlanta, Ga.


## THE GEORGIA RAILROAD

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, Ga., April 6th, 1884.

Commencing Sunday, 6th inst., the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time, 22 minutes slower than Atlanta time:

FAST LINE.
NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.

| | |
|---|---|
| L've Augusta | 7 40 am |
| L've Athens | 8 05 pm |
| L've Gainesville | 5 30 am |
| Ar. Atlanta | 1 00 pm |

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta | 2 45 pm |
| Leave Gainesville | 5 30 am |
| Arrive Athens | 7 15 pm |
| Arrive Augusta | 8.05 pm |

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

| NO 2 EAST—DAILY. | | NO. 1. WEST DAILY. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| L've Atlanta | 8 25 am | L've Augusta | 10 30 am |
| Ar. Gainesville | 9 15 pm | " Macon | 7 10 am |
| Ar. Athens | 4 40 pm | " Mill'g'v'e | 9 10 am |
| " Washington | 2 45 pm | " Washin'n | 11 30 am |
| " Milledgeville | 4 49 pm | " Athens | 9 35 am |
| Ar. Macon | 6 45 pm | Ar. Gainesville | 9 15 pm |
| " Augusta | 3 55 pm | Ar. Atlanta | 5 45 pm |

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

| NO. 4 EAST—DAILY. | | NO. 3 WEST DAILY. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. Atlanta | 8 50 pm | Lv Augusta | 9 00 pm |
| Ar. Augusta | 6 10 am | Ar. Atlanta | 6 40 am |

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| L've Atlanta | 6 00 pm | L've Covington | 5 40 am |
| Ar. Decatur | 6 36 pm | L've Decatur | 7 30 am |
| Ar. Covington | 8 20 pm | Ar. Atlanta | 8 00 am |

DECATUR TRAIN.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| L've Atlanta | 3 50 pm | Lv. Decatur | 4 30 pm |
| Ar. Decatur | 4 20 pm | Ar. Atlanta | 5 00 pm |

CLARKSTOWN TRAIN.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. Atlanta | 11 40 am | Lv. Clarkston | 12 37 pm |
| Lv. Decatur | 12 10 pm | Lv. Decatur | 12 53 pm |
| Ar. Clarkston | 12 25 pm | Ar. Atlanta | 1 25 pm |

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signaled, stop at any regular schedule Flag Station.

Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Berzelia, Dearing, Thomson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur. These trains make close connection for all points East, Southeast, West, Southwest, North and Northwest, and carry Through Sleepers between Atlanta and Charleston.

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Connects at Augusta for all points East and Southeast.

JOHN W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager.
E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

# RAILROAD NEWS.

## THE HEADLIGHTS RUNNING INTO ATLANTA.

**The Richmond and Danville's Buffet Cars The Louisville and Nashville—The First Passenger Train to Cross Plains—The Cincinnati Southern—Local Railroad Points**

Major W. E. McCrackey, of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, is in the city.

The passenger agents seemed to be enjoying an off day yesterday. Travel was unusually light.

It is rumored that the Cincinnati Southern railway will take an interest in the Stanton house at Chattanooga.

President Raoul's elegant private car now being finished in the shops at Macon will be equipped with electric bells.

Most of the Georgia railroads will probably make exhibits of the products along their lines at the New Orleans exposition.

The people of Dawson are in earnest about building a railroad to Atlanta. They will hold a big meeting at an early day to whoop up the enterprise.

The Rome railroad and the Western and Atlantic have arranged a grand fourth of July excursion from Rome to Atlanta, at one dollar for the round trip.

It is hardly probable that workmen are engaged in repairing the floor of our union passenger depot every day in the year, but to the casual observer such appears to be the case.

The condition of the Louisville and Nashville is the subject of much discussion in railroad circles here. The fear is expressed by some that the road will pass into the hands of a receiver.

The heavy rains of the past few weeks have demonstrated the fact that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia now enjoys all the solidity and safety of an old road. Nothing more is heard of washouts, landslides, etc.

The Alabama Great Southern shops are to be enlarged and will become the central shops of the entire system from Cincinnati to New Orleans. The capital stock of the Alabama Great Southern has just been increased one million dollars.

It is understood here that forty men have been suspended for the summer in the shops of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad at Knoxville, Tenn. General reductions in all departments are looked for.

The railroads thus far have carried very few people to the summer resorts. During such damp, autumnal spells of weather as we have had recently, most people preferred the city to the mountains. Next month, however, the tide of summer travel is expected to begin in earnest.

The watermelon movement up to this date has failed to reach the proportions predicted by parties interested in the traffic. The weather for weeks has been of the most unfavorable character, and reports from various localities in the state indicate a light crop. With good prices, however, the melon growers will not feel discouraged.

The buffet cars on the Richmond and Danville railroad, running between Atlanta and New York, are very popular. They combine all the good points of sleepers, smoking and dining room cars. The menu on these buffet cars comprises fruit, raw oysters, pickles, sardines, ham sandwiches, sardines, tongue, butter crackers, tea, chocolate, coffee, ice water, boiled eggs, cheese, bread and butter, milk, cream, Apollinaris water, lemonade and cigars.

The railroads show a disposition to encourage walking matches. While the freight business is dull and travel is light, it is believed that a judicious programme of walking matches at various points in the state will enable the railroads to fill all the coaches they can secure. In fact it has been suggested that it would pay to rig up box cars with temporary seats, and this may have to be done in order to accommodate the excited thousands who for months to come will be rushing to and fro over the state to the different matches between rival cities.

### To Cross Plains.

CEDARTOWN, Ga., June 25.—The first passenger train went through from Cartersville to Cross Plains on the East and West railroad, yesterday, without any difficulty.

### The Buena Vista Road.

BUENA VISTA, Ga., June 25.—Mr. James Lowe, the president, and Mr. Hair, one of the directors of the Buena Vista railroad, have taken a sub-contract to grade on the Buena Vista end of the road, and will commence Wednesday with about 25 hands. The regular corps are in one or two miles of Ellaville.

### Changing a Railroad Gauge.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 25.—[Special.]—It was learned to-day the anticipated change in the gauge of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific railroad cannot be made at present, and there were several difficulties to overcome before the work could be done. In the first place the charter requires a five foot gauge in both Kentucky and Tennessee and special legislation would be required for that reason in both states and the legislatures will not meet until next winter. Again the change would be so slight that the track could not be laid along the side of the Nashville Chattanooga rail, over which the A. G. S. runs as far as Wauchachee, and a separate track would be required to enable the trains to enter the depot. For a like reason a separate track would have to be laid around Lookout mountain unless a double track were laid.

## FIFTY YEARS OF HISTORY.

**Relics of the Central's Early Days—Records of the First Surveys of the Road.**

From the Savannah Morning News.

A few days ago, while the records of the auditor's office of the Central railroad were being moved with the view of selecting such books and papers as might be deemed worthy of preservation, a number of old-time relics were discovered which are associated with the history of the road forty-eight years ago, when it was being constructed from Savannah towards Macon. Among these relics is the Central railroad bank ledger of 1825, the merchants and freight lists of 1844 and a number of one hundred dollar bonds issued in 1841, running five years at 8 per cent, and paid in 1841.

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Among the bonds issued by the road were the one hundred dollar bonds above referred to, issued in 1841. They are handsomely engraved pieces of paper about eight inches in length and four inches in width. The marginal line at the top shows the word "hundred" repeated eight times, while on the bottom marginal line the word is repeated eleven times. On the left hand top and lower corners is a medallion represenation of the face and neck of a female bearing on the crown of the head the three numerals 100 in white, or open type on the darker ground work of the likeness. A wide bar is shown between the medallions. The ground work or field of the bar is dark, and resting upon it are three numerals representing 100. These figures are five times larger than those shown on the medallions, and are executed with more pretension to finer work. In the lower left hand corner to the right of the medallion, is a representation of the seal of the railroad company. In the centre is shown a locomotive, facing the right, to which is attached a tender and two cars, the train resting on a track. The engine has no cab, and the engineer is standing immediately in the rear of the whistle with his head on a level with the top of that piece of mechanism. The fireman is standing in the center of the tender, and apparently leaning forward to pick up a piece of wood.

The inner marginal line of the seal bears the following inscription; "Central Railroad and Banking company, Georgia." In the upper portion of the bond there is a finely executed medallion likeness of Washington, on either side of which is a bar, one bearing the number of the bond and the other the amount with the inscription: "Bound for (100) dollars." On the extreme right of the bond the figures 100 are repeated, one set of numerals being in the upper right hand corner, and the other in the lower, while between the sets of numerals are the words "Railroad Bond." Across the face of the paper is the following:

Know all men by these presents that the Central Railroad and Banking company of Georgia hereby acknowledges to owe for work done on road, and binds itself to pay to E. and E. McCall & Co., or bearer, on demand in Savannah, after the lapse of five years from date the sum of one hundred dollars, with interest at 8 per cent per annum from date, the interest payable annually in Savannah, on production of this bond for entry of payment thereon.

Witness the corporate seal of said company at Savannah, March 1, 1841.

R. R. CUYLER, Cashier.
W. W. GORDON, President.

As the interest was paid, the successive dates of payment were written in the book, signed by Oliver P. Felt, the last payment being signed E. Molyneux, March 21, 1846. The foregoing described bond was No. 47. No. 48 has the signature A. Porter, in place of Molyneux; that of No. 207, T. Purse, and that of No. 385, J. Olmstead.

The merchants and freight lists, running from 1844 to 1849, fill two books only, whereas in 1884 many books of much larger size are required. The most suggestive description of the amount of business done then compared to that which is being done now is to say that in the years 1844 and 1849 the transportation department was an infant, whereas now it is a giant. On the list of shippers from Savannah from 1844 to 1849 the following names appear: Gowdy & Wells, R. Habersham & Son, L. Baldwin & Co., Harris & Reilly, Weed & Morrell, Wood & Claghorn, C. Hartridge, W. H. May & Co., Sneder, Lathrop & Nevitt, J. Washburne & Wilder, S. Philbrick, T. H. Harden, J. T. Rowland, Sims & Lamar, C. Guilmartin, John Lama, Edward Padelford, William Duncan, G. N. Neyle, N. A. Hardee & Co., Dr. R. D. Arnold, J. Lippman, H. A. Crane, A. N. Miller, Hazard, Denslow & Webster, T. M. Turner and C. H. Campfield. Some of these parties are still living; others have left successors distinguished either as merchants, lawyers or bankers.


### Special Business Notices.

**A CARD**—To all who are suffering from error and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D., New York.
ar 16 su tu th wky eow next rd ma

## ONE MAN SAYS

"I have found an honest remedy. I commenced taking B. B. B., and from the first dose perceived an improvement—have taken four bottles for a Blood Poison, and am nearly well. Had I a voice that would reach from "Atlanta to the sea," I would proclaim the virtue of B B B, the only and the greatest Blood Purifier on earth."

One of the prominent Druggists of Atlanta uses the following language:

"We have been handling B B B only a few months, and take pleasure in saying it is superseding all other Blood Remedies. It sells well, gives our customers entire satisfaction, and we cheerfully recommend it in preference to any other Blood Purifier."

Dr. T. Preston Gibbs, of Madison Ga., under recent care, writes: "B B B is the most popular medicine I keep in my house."

The fact cannot be denied that the B B B is curing more cases of Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Old Ulcers, Kidney Affections, etc., than all other remedies combined.

As a Blood remedy, speedy, safe and cheap, it has no equal, and we hold proof that cannot be controverted.

## TWO MEN SAY

"B B B is the only speedy Blood Purifier known, and its cures are remarkable." If any one will call on Mrs. Fannie Hall, 100 West Baker street, Atlanta, she will tell of a wonderful cure of an ugly ulcer effected by the use of B B B after all known remedies failed.

Or if you will call at W. H. Brotherton's store and consult Mr. W. M. Cheshire, he will tell you that B B B effected a cure on him that you would hardly believe. He had a terrible chronic ulcer which grew worse under all other treatment. Remember, these cases were not CANCERS, as but few of them are to be found.

## THREE MEN SAY

In common with thousands of others, that "No remedy has ever been known in the annals of history, to spring up and come to the front in so short a time as B B B."

As a family medicine, as a pure and certain tonic for dyspeptics, as a medicine to aid and assist digestion, as well as to give an appetite, it stands unrivalled. We do not propose to snatch you

**FROM THE JAWS OF DEATH,**

But we can ward off the danger, can cure your disease and give you a longer lease of life, after everything else has failed.

It is not required to use but one bottle of B B B in order to be convinced of its wonderful efficacy. Ask your family physician, ask your druggist, ask anybody who has used it what he thinks of the efficacy of B B B as a quick blood remedy.
tu th sa su wky nx rd mat

## TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure
**CONTAIN AMMONIA.**

**THE TEST:**
Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.

**DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.**
ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test,

**THE TEST OF THE OVEN.**

**PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,**
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
**Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems**
For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
**FOR SALE BY CROCERS.**
CHICAGO. - ST. LOUIS

## Out of the Jaws of Death

The gentleman who outlines his case below is a man considerably advanced in life, and is noted for his sterling integrity. His postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. The following is

### Mr. John Pearson's Statement.

In the spring of 1882 I was attacked with a very bad cough, which continued to grow worse until fall, when I got so weak that I could not get about. I tried a great many kinds of medicine, but continued to grow worse. I was notified that I had consumption and would probably die. Dr. Holloway finally told me to try Brewer's Lung Restorer. They sent to Ward's store and got a bottle, and I commenced taking it right away. After taking two or three doses I began to improve, and by the time I had used up one bottle I was able to get on my feet again. I am now in excellent health. I am confident that the Lung Restorer saved my life, and my neighbors are of the same opinion. It is the best Lung Remedy ever made, in my opinion. Dr. H. promised me that he would write to the manufacturers and tell them of the wonderful cure it made in my case.

### Statement of Mr. Benj. F. Hearndon.

Early in November, 1881, while sewing on the machine, my wife was taken with a severe pain in her side, which was soon followed by hemorrhages from her lungs and a severe cough. Fever commenced—she could neither eat or sleep, and in a few weeks she was reduced to a living skeleton. The attending physician told me that he thought one of her lungs was entirely gone. She could not retain the most delicate nourishment on her stomach. I then agreed with Dr. Sullivan, my family physician, to call Dr. Holloway in consultation. They made a final examination of the patient and pronounced the case hopeless. Dr. Holloway then suggested the Brewer's Lung Restorer as a last resort. I sent for a bottle and gave her a dose. I found that she could retain it on her stomach, and after about the third dose I began to notice some improvement in her condition. I continued the medicine regularly, and by the time she had taken two bottles she was able to walk about the house. She is now in better health than she has enjoyed for several years. I believe the Lung Restorer saved her life. We have a family of six children, and some of them grown.

Mr. Hearndon's postoffice is Yatesville, Upson county, Ga. He is a thoroughly reliable man in every particular.

**LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,**
MACON, GA.

**VIGOR** For Men. Quick, sure, safe. Book free. Civiale Agency, 160 Fulton St., New York.

**PAUSE & SCHROETER,**
**Fresco and Scenic Artists,**
**Office, 31 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.**
**Sketching, Drawing and Designing.**
References—GOVERNOR'S MANSION, CHAS. BEERMANN, BENJ. CRANE, ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH, GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK.
Out-of-town orders executed in the best style.

G — Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

Having sold your excellent preparation known as G for the past year or more, we are pleased to report that it has given entire satisfaction and we do not hesitate to recommend it.
J. C. WILLIAMS & CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, Wholesale Agent.


W. SCOTT GLORE VS. JOSEPH CORYELL, MISS Jane W. Stone et al. Bill for partition of land, in the circuit court of the United States, for the northern district of Georgia.

By virtue of a decree rendered on the 10th day of June, 1884, in the above cause, I will, on Tuesday the 5th day of August, 1884, between 10 o'clock, a. m., and 4 o'clock p. m., sell to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, from the steps of the Forsyth street entrance to the United States customhouse and postoffice building, in Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, the following property, viz: 202½ acres, more or less, of land, lying and being in the northern district of Georgia, and known as land lot No. 212 in the second district and fifth section of originally Carroll but now Douglas county, Georgia.

Any party at interest, after paying $500 in cash, will be allowed credit in paying the balance of purchase price, in proportion to such parties interest as fixed by the decree, in the event of becoming purchaser.

This Thursday, 19th June, 1884.
ROBERT E. BOYD, Commissioner.
law 4w on thur


**EPILEPSY, FITS, FALLING FITS, CURED**

This is no Humbug. For information, free of charge, write to
L. H. SCHUYLER, Stratford, Conn.


## EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA RAILROAD COMP'Y

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.
Knoxville, Tenn., May 24, 1884.
CIRCULAR No. 64.

## Improved Passenger Facilities

—AT ATLANTA.—

COMMENCING MAY 31st, 1884, ALL PASSENGER trains of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railroad will arrive at and depart from the company's new short line passenger depot on Mitchell street, opposite the Central railroad's freight station, and in order that the comfort and convenience of its passenger service may be rendered uniform with that enjoyed by roads using the Union depot, omnibusses and baggage wagons will run between the hotels, the Union depot and the City ticket office, 30 Wall street, and the said short line passenger depot on Mitchell street, to and from all passenger trains.

A first-class restaurant will be maintained, and convenient waiting rooms, with proper attendants provided.

Tickets to all points will be on sale at the short line passenger depot, Mitchell street, and also at the City ticket office, 30 Wall st., opposite Union depot.

J. J. GRIFFIN, A. G. P. A., Atlanta Ga.
A. POPE, G. P. & T. A.
J. W. FRY, Sup't Atlanta Div.
S. H. HARDWICK, Trav. Pass. Agent.
Jun7 1m
J. F. O'BRIE[N], Gen'l Sup't.


# MOTHER

ARE YOU TROUBLED ? With any disease peculiar to your Gentle sex?

If so, to you we bring tidings of comfort and great joy. You can

# BE CURED

and restored to perfect health by using

## BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

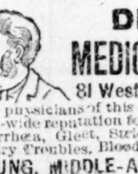
It is a Special Remedy for all diseases pertaining to the womb, and any intelligent woman can cure herself by following the directions. It is especially efficacious in cases of surpressed or painful Menstruation, in Whites, and partial Prolapses, It affords immediate relief and permanently restores the Menstrual Function. As a remedy to be used during that critical period known as **"Change of Life,"** this invaluable preparation has no rival!

## Saved Her Life

RIDGE, MCINTOSH CO., GA.

DR. J. BRADFIELD—Dear Sir: I have taken several bottles of your Female Regulator for falling of the womb and other diseases combined, of sixteen years standing, and I really believe I am cured entirely, for which please accept my heartfelt thanks and most profound gratitude. I know your medicine saved my life, so you see I cannot speak too highly in its favor. I have recommended it to several of my friends who are suffering as I was,
Yours very respectfully,
MRS. W. E. STEBBINS.

Treatise on the Health and Happiness of Woman mailed free to any address.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Box 28, Atlanta, Ga.



## DR. BETT'S MEDICAL DISPENSARY

81 West 9th St., Cincinnati, O.

The physicians of this Dispensary have secured a world-wide reputation for speedily curing Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Liver, Kidney and Urinary Troubles, Blood and Skin Diseases.

**YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN,**

who are suffering from the terrible effects of Nervous and Physical Debility, Lost Manhood, Youthful Indiscretions, Self-abuse, or Excess of any kind, and who now find ...'s nerves weakened, has lascivious dreams, and nocturnal emissions, is debilitated, emaciated, weak, melancholy, absent-minded, dull, ...se, and finds his life a burden.

*A Cure is guaranteed in every case,* as our remedies act quickly and cure permanently.

Patients treated in all parts of the world.

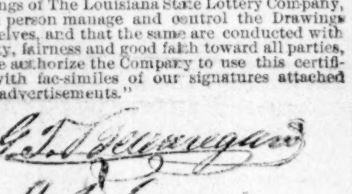
DR. BETTS, the consulting physician, is a graduate from four medical colleges, 25 years experience and extensive practice in England, France and America. Pamphlets and list of Questions mailed free.

**CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.**
**Tickets Only $5. Shares in Proportion.**

L.S.L.

## Louisiana State Lottery Comp'y

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached in its advertisements."



Commissioners.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dollars has since beed added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

**Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place Monthly.**

**A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE.** SEVENTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS G, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, **July 15, 1884—170th** Monthly Drawing.

**CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.**
**100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifths, in proportion.**

LIST OF PRIZES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | CAPITAL PRIZE | | $75,000 |
| 1 | do | do | 25,000 |
| 1 | do | do | 10,000 |
| 2 | PRIZES OF | $6000 | 12,000 |
| 5 | do | 2000 | 10,000 |
| 10 | do | 1000 | 10,000 |
| 20 | do | 500 | 10,000 |
| 100 | do | 200 | 20,000 |
| 300 | do | 100 | 30,000 |
| 500 | do | 50 | 25,000 |
| 1000 | do | 25 | 25,000 |

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 9 | Approximation Prizes of | $750 | 6,750 |
| 9 | do do | 500 | 4,500 |
| 9 | do do | 250 | 5,250 |

1967 Prizes, amounting to $266,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered letters to

**NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,**
New Orleans, La.

**POSTAL NOTES** and ordinary letters by mail or express (all sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to

**M. A. DAUPHIN,** New Orleans, La.,
or **M. A. DAUPHIN,** 607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

## Louisiana State Lottery.

For Tickets or further information of the above Lottery, address

DAVE C. JOHNSON, COVINGTON, KY.

**A POSITIVE CURE FOR**
# DRUNKENNESS
**DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.**

**It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects result from its administration. It purifies and enriches the blood, allays nervousness, and incites to healthful action all the organs of digestion.**

PREPARED BY THE
**Golden Specific Co., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.**

**FOR SALE BY**
**MAGNUS & HIGHTOWER**
**Druggists,**
**[ATLA]NTA, GEORGIA.**

SUMMER RESORTS.

## Lelands' Ocean Hotel,

LONG BRANCH.

**"The Leading Seaside Resort of America."**

THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL OFFERS SPECIAL attractions to families from the west in search of health and amusement.

Accommodation for **1,000** guests. Rooms arranged en suite for families.

**Rates Reduced for Season of '84.**

CHARLES & WARREN LELAND, JR.


## Notice to Builders & Contractors

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED until July 5, next, at the office of E. G. Lind, Architect, 63 Whitehall street, where plans and specifications can be seen, for the building of a Residence for the Priests of the Catholic Church on Hunter street. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

JOHN STEPHENS,
M. MAHONEY,
P. J. KENNY,
PETER LYNCH,
JAMES WALSH,
Building Committee.
Rev. J. KIRSCH, Pastor, Chairman.

Atlanta, June 24, 1884. tu th su


## PORTER SPRINGS,

**Lumpkin County, Georgia.**

COOKE & CLARK, (PROPRIETORS OF NELSON House, Brunswick, Ga.) Managers. Dr. C. A. Simpson, Resident Physician. Board $30.00 per month; $10.00 per week; Children and servants, half price. Hack fare from Gainesville and return $5.00 over L. Q. Meader's Hack line. Post-office in hotel with daily mail. For particulars address
COOK & CLARK, Managers.

## INDIAN SPRING,

**Georgia.**

BOARD CAN BE HAD AT THE "VARNER HOUS" $30.00 per month; $10.00 per weak; Children and servants half price. Good conveyances will meet each train to convey persons to and from the house.
MISSES A. & J. VARNER.

## NEW SUMMER RESORT,

—THE—

## "NEW BRIGHTON HOTEL,"

CASINO AND COTTAGES
—ON—

## SULLIVAN'S ISLAND,

NEAR CHARLESTON, S. C.

The only Hotel directly on the Ocean South of Cape May.

THE "BRIGHTON" IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE the best situated, best finished and handsomest of any southern hotel, containing all modern improvements; such as electric bells, gas in every room, speaking tubes and system of water pipes on every floor for extinguishing fire, etc. Also perfect system of drainage throughout the house.

The hotel will be thrown open to the public on Wednesday evening June 18, on which occasion a grand promenade concert and reception will be given by Reeves's famous military band and orchestra—25 pieces—from Providence, R. I.; D. W. Reeves, director.

Special rates by railroads. All information may be obtained by addressing
G. T. ALFORD
P. O. Box 386, Charleston, S. C.

## SEASIDE RESORT!
## Cumberland Island.

"Sea Side" House with new and improved accommodations, will be opened for guests April 20, 1884. Elegant surf bathing, fishing, boating, etc. Terms $2.00 per day, $10.00 per week. Special rates to families. Daily communication with Brunswick by the safe, commodious and fast sailing

STEAM YACHT EGMONT.

Excursion rates by E. T., Va. & Ga. and Brunswick & Western railroads. For further particulars, apply to
W. H. BUNKLEY, Proprietor, Cumberland Island, Ga.

## MOUNTAIN HOUSE.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

OPENS JUNE, 25, 1884.

It is located on the table-land at the top of the Allegheny Mountains, and surrounded by a handsome park of magnificent forest trees.

The grounds cover an area of 500 acres. Its accessibility, pure air, pure water, freedom from malaria, flies, mosquitoes, and insects of all kinds, render it one of the mort desirable resorts in th United States.

Parlor and sleeping cars run through from all prominent points, without change, over the best constructed, equipped and managed railroad in the world.

A special low-rate, round-trip ticket, good for the season, with coupon attached, good for one day's board at the Mountain House, which will be credited to account of guests, will be sold by the Pennsylvania railroad from all principal points.

For circulars and terms addaess.
W. R. DUNHAM, Superintendent.

The celebrated Logan House, Altoona, Pa., is also under Mr. Dunham's management.

## The Kensington,

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.

THIS BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED AND first class hotel will commence its third season June 14th. Being a few hundred feet from the thoroughfare on Union avenue, the finest drive in Saratoga, and overlooking Congress park, makes it especially desirable for families.

James H. Rodgers, owner and proprietor, also prop'r Colemap house, New York, and Erie railway dining hall, Hornellsville, N. Y.

## A BEAUTIFUL SUMMER HOME

In the "Land of the Sky."

## Haywood White Sulphur Springs

NEAR WAYNESVILLE, N. C.

500 FEET HIGHER THAN ASHVILLE, 1,300 feet higher than Warm Springs, 2,800 feet higher than Tide Water. Railroad completed to the springs. Rates, $40 per month.
Address J. C. S. Timberlake, manager.

## WARM SPRINGS,

## Meriwether County, Georgia,

WILL BE OPENED JUNE 15TH, WITH FIRST-class accommodations for invalids and pleasure seekers.

Situated on north side of Pine Mountain, 1,800 feet above sea level. Climate and natural advantages unsurpassed and the most delightful bathing in America.

Only six miles from terminus of C. and R. railroad. Round trip tickets at reduced rates.

Apply for circulars with terms etc.,
we fri su CHAS. L. DAVIS, Proprietor.

## ARLINGTON HOTEL,

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

## S. H. STITT & CO.

THE PROXIMITY OF THE ARLINGTGN TO the head sources of the Hot Springs, together with the convenient and ample bathing accommodations, gives its patrons greater facilities in bathing and drinking the waters, than can be found elsewhere. An annex of sixty rooms has lately been added. Also one of the "OTIS" IMPROVED PASSENGER ELEVATORS, which enables invalid guests to be wheeled directly from their rooms to the baths. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Descriptive pamphlets furnished when desired


WANTED—THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL LIVE Stock Insurance company, of Baltimore, Maryland, want first class general agents. The company is nearly three years old, stands second to none, and proposes extending its business into the state of Georgia. We refer to the Maryland insurance commissioner or any banker, merchant or insurance firm in the city of Baltimore. Address with reference.
E. W. FREE, Sec'y.
Corner South and Water st[s.], Baltimo[re].
sat tu th

**FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.**

FOR RENT—NEAT FIVE ROOM HOUSE ON Whitehall street. M. Harralson, 38 South Broad street. tf

FOR RENT—JULY AND AUGUST, FURNISHED house on street car line, near in, with modern improvements. Address H., Constitution office.

FOR RENT—NICE, NEW SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, 63 Smith street, near Whitehall street; $25 per month; apply to Dr. Marvin, 365 Whitehall st.

FOR RENT—A SPLENDID NEW HOUSE WITH every convenience. No 212 W. Peachtree st. Rice & Wilson, 7 N. Broad st.

**FOR RENT—Rooms.**

ROOM, NICELY FURNISHED, LIGHT AND airy, on first floor, gas, bath, etc. Price moderate to desirable party. Address A. L. B., Constitution office. dtf

**FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.**

FOR RENT—BASEMENT OFFICE IN MY BUILDing on corner Pryor an d Alabama streets. Apply to undersigned. Henry Jackson. we su

**AUCTION SALES—Real Estate.**

AT AUCTION—ATLANTA CAPITALISTS I will sell at auction on Wednesday, July the 2d, at 5 p.m. sharp, 3 nice new 4 room houses, situated near the corner of Crumley and Reed streets, and situated on the east side of Reed street. This high and dry property that rents well and pays regularly $27 per month, situated just two small blocks east of Capitol avenue and only a short distance from Anderson st., which has just been ordered opened, and in which there will be a streetcar line before a great while leadidg to the park. The titles to this property is perfect. John S. Wilson, real estate agent. P. S. The sale will be absolute, and no by-bidding bid will be recognized. J. S. W., No. 11 S. Broad street.

**FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.**

FOR SALE—AN OAT CROP OF FIFTEEN acres, situated on the Decatur road, one and a half miles from the car shed, to be harvested by purchaser. They are fine and a bargain can be had if applied for to-day. Joel Hurt.

FOR SALE—SOME SHARES OF THE EMPIRE Loan and Building Association. Apply to Aaron Hass, 36 Alabama st.

NEW TURNIP—THE GREAT SOUTHERN prize turnip. Call soon. Fruit crates, cider mills, horse rakes, cheap. Mark W. Johnson & Co., 27 Marietta street.

**HELP WANTED—Male.**

WANTED—EXPERIENCED HANDS TO WEAVE wire mattresses at the Southern Spring Bed Co., 135 and 137 Marietta street. we th fr su

WANTED—SALESMEN HANDLING OTHER lines to sell our Analeptine for Dyspepsia and Miasma Elixir for Chills and Fever. Liberal commissions. Local agents also wanted. Wachovia Medicine Co., Winston, N. C.

WANTED—ACTIVE MEN TO FILL VARIOUS positions in this and adjoining states. Call upon or address Wheeler & Wilson Mf'g Company, Atlanta, Ga.

**HELP WANTED—Females.**

WANTED—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN—IN CITY or country, to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes; $2 to $5 a day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no canvassing; no stamp for reply. Please address Reliable Man'f'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. tu th sat su

WANTED A FIRST CLASS COOK—APPLY with recommendations at 170 S. Pryor street

**SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.**

SITUATION WANTED—WANTED BY A COMpetent man a situation in the city or to travel. Will give references. Address "Rex," Constitution. tu thu

**WANTED—Money.**

FROM TWO TO THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS wanted, for which a good interest will be paid and secured by the best stocks and bonds in this market. Inquire for A. B. C., at Markham House, from 9 to 10 this morning.

**WANTED—Boarders.**

PERSONS VISITING NEW YORK AND DESIRing pleasant rooms and good board in central location can be accommodated at 119 West 21st st. References given and required. th su tu

$4 A WEEK PAYS FOR FIRST-CLASS BOARD at 42 East Mitchell street.

SOUTHERNERS VISITING NEW YORK, WHO desire to avoid hotel publicity, can secure handsome apartments with excellent board, at moderate prices, in the most central and fashionable quarter, (Madson Square), by addressing, immediately, Proprietor, 116 East 23d St., New York.

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE, 143 PEACHtree street, will be open for summer boarders from June 10 to September 1, 1844.

**PIANOS.**

PIANOS PROPERLY TUNED AND REPAIRED. Also bought. "Finely repaired" pianos for sale. Address A. Riley, Jr., corner Lee and Gordon, West End. Whitehall st. car passes my shop.

**Instruction.**

PENMANSHIP—SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FROM 2½ to 3½ o'clock, p. m., daily at Moore's Business university, Nos. 26 and 28 East Alabama st.

TELEGRAAPHY AND R. R. AGENT'S BUSIness taught at Moore's Business university, Nos. 26 and 28 East Alabama st.

**MUSIC.**

ATLANTA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC REmoved to No. 26 N. Broad street, second floor. Usual branches of music taught by competent masters. For terms, etc., apply to Otto Spahr, Director.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**

LONG TIME LOANS ON UNINCUMBERED real estate, city or country. Reasonable rates. Loans placed without delay. Alfred Gregory & Co., 24½ Peachtree.

**WATERMELONS.**

WATERMELONS AND CANTALOPES—WE are prepared to handle them on this market or to forward to other good markets. Elam Johnson & Son & Co. tf

**LADIES COLUMN.**

OSTRICH FEATHER DYEING ESTABLISHment, feathers cleaned, dyed and curled in the most approved manner by artistic workmen, also, laces, kid gloves, cleaned by I. Phillips, 13 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. tu th su tf

**AUCTION SALES.**

AUCTION SALE—FINE FURNITURE AT 31½ Peachtree street, on Saturday morning, ten o'clock, 28th instant, consisting in part of a nearly new bedroom suit, willow rockers, marble top table, gas and gasoline stoves, mattresses and springs, sideboard, and a gem of a desk for ladies' use. Ladies especially invited. L. B. Davis.

**FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Wagons.**

$80 WILL BUY THE FIRST CLASS PHAETON advertised for $125 at 44 Line street.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID SADDLE HORSE, good style and gentle enough for lady to ride. Apply to Clark & Nunnally. th su

**LOST.**

STRAYED FROM MY LOT, 311 WHITEHALL street, June 24th, a large yellow cow with white hind feet; had on a leather halter. Any information leading to recovery will be paid for. E. B. Rosser. tf


## W. TRAUTWEIN.

**MANUFACTURER AND DEALER**
in all kinds of
**Copper and Brass Work.**
**186 Decatur St., ATLANTA.**


## PROPOSALS

FOR BUILDING

## BOY'S HIGH SCHOOL.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF the Superintendent of Public Schools for the erection of a building for the Boy's High School. The Board of Education reserves the right to accept or reject any and all bids. Bids must be sealed and addressed to Dr. Thomas S. Powell, Chairman Building Committee, and will be closed by 12 o'clock on Saturday, the 28th inst. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of H. I. Kimball, Wheeler & Co.
W. F. SLATON, Secretary Board Education.

# HE CONSTITUTION.

UBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month $2.50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend the paper, and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,

Atlanta, Georgia.


ATLANTA, JUNE 26, 1884.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states at 1 a. m. to-day: local rains, partly cloudy weather, slightly cooler, southwesterly winds, becoming variable in northern portion.

THE season for zinc and lead poisoning has begun. In Coalbluff, Pa., a large party was poisoned by ice cream. Several of the victims have died, while many others may do so.

THE report of the American consul at Marseilles, as well as the decision of the physicians in Toulon, agree in declaring that the prevailing malady is genuine Asiatic cholera. Twenty-three new cases were reported yesterday.

IN an editorial article yesterday, we tried to say that we would not have our young men cast in the mould of grammarians. In type it appeared as a statement to the effect that we would not have them cast into the world of grammarians. Still we shall not complain. We have betrayed a disposition to protect our young men.

YESTERDAY was prolific of conventions. Ohio still insists on the nomination of Tilden. Indiana presents Hon. Joseph E. McDonald. North Carolina divides between Cleveland and Bayard. Missouri is for Tilden first and Cleveland second. Arkansas wants to brush state rubbish out of the way before taking up the presidential question. To-day South Carolina will express her preference, and Florida will indorse Cleveland.

## OHIO CALLS FOR TILDEN.

It appears that nothing can stifle the demand of the democratic masses for Tilden as their leader in the coming campaign.

In spite of his repeated putting away of the unsought and spontaneous honor of a unanimous nomination, and in spite of the vigorous efforts of other candidates, the great heart of the democracy has not been turned away from Tilden. Since his formal letter announcing his public career forever ended, which was generally but reluctantly accepted as a final disposition of the matter, two states have instructed their delegates to vote for his nomination. The vote of Ohio, which we record this morning, is significant, in our opinion.

Governor Hoadly stands near to Mr. Tilden, and visited him at Greystone yesterday. Bookwalter, of Ohio, a personal friend, visited him, and confidently believes he will withstand the unanimous voice of the party. Mr. Converse, who offered the resolution instructing for Tilden, is a devoted friend of Randall's, who in turn is as Tilden's right hand. The fact that the democrats of the great state of Ohio, in convention assembled, should, without a dissenting voice, send its delegates to vote as a unit for Tilden's nomination, suggests, if it does not imply, that some one who has the right to speak advisedly of Mr. Tilden, gave assurances that he might accept the nomination if it were unanimously tendered.

Those who read Mr. Tilden's letter carefully must have noted that nowhere in it did he say that he would not accept the nomination. He declared that his strength was not sufficient for the work of reform that four years occupancy of the presidential chair would bring to an honest and patriotic man, and he declared his public life forever ended. But nowhere did he say, in so many words, that he would not accept the nomination. Suppose the nomination were unanimously tendered him? Would he decline it?

These are questions to which we can make no answer. THE CONSTITUTION, the first paper to demand Mr. Tilden's nomination, accepted with the utmost reluctance his formal letter as final. We felt that if there was any appeal from that letter the convention would rally to Mr. Tilden overwhelmingly. The unparalleled enthusiasm with which his name has been received, wherever spoken, has shown how absurd and impertinent were the claims of certain soreheads, that the Tilden movement was a sham and of the surface. Mr. Tilden has the democratic heart to-day as no man ever had it before him. Nineteen-twentieths of the democrats of Georgia had rather see him nominated than any living man. If his name had been before the late convention he would have had nine votes out of ten. If even now there appears to be the slightest hope that he can be induced to accept the nomination, he will get the practically unanimous vote of the Georgia delegation, and with Hoadly or McDonald at his back will sweep the country like a Georgia cyclone!

## AMENDING THE RAILROAD LAW.

Returning to the consideration of the questions and issues connected with the railroad law of Georgia, the Macon Telegraph appears to be disinclined to rely any longer on what we had supposed to be its chief argument. In at least two carefully considered editorials our contemporary has maintained that the existence of the commission has been the means of driving out and keeping away capital that otherwise would have been employed in building new railroads in Georgia. It now says: "Whether railroad building has been promoted or retarded by the commission and its extraordinary powers, is at last but a question involving the policy of such a law. We would not underrate the importance of good policy, as this applies to all public questions."

It is, perhaps, our misfortune that we do not clearly understand what the Telegraph means by this statement. The question whether railroad building has been promoted or retarded by the existence of the commission is one of fact, and the chief importance of the fact, so far as the purposes of this discussion are concerned, depends upon whether it may be depended upon to demonstrate the wisdom of the state's railroad policy, or whether it verifies the predictions of those who opposed that policy. If the railroad policy of the state has not operated to retard the building of new roads, then the advocates of that policy are entitled to all the advantages that such a fact gives them in a discusison of this kind.

We understood our Macon contemporary to claim that the law had retarded the building of new railroads, whereupon THE CONSTITUTION undertook to show that the facts warranted no such claim. That we were successful in the undertaking may be inferred from the quotation which we have made from the Telegraph's article, wherein an attempt is made to convert a question of fact into a question of policy. Facts, however, cannot be so easily converted, and it remains a fact that more miles of railway have been built and put in operation under the railroad law of Georgia than during any similar period in the history of the state.

For the benefit of the Telegraph we will say that we are in favor of opening the courts to the railroads, but we are not in favor of giving them the captious right of appeal. In other words, we are in favor of so amending the law that when an appeal is made from the rulings of the commission those rulings shall continue in operation until the courts have decided the question. Otherwise the commission would be fatally crippled and the law itself would be inoperative. Let the burden be upon the railroads of showing that the rulings of the commission are unjust and wrong, and, pending this, let the rulings continue in operation subject to the approval or disapproval of the courts. If an appeal is to operate as an injunction against the rulings of the commission, then the people will oppose such an amendment, for it would practically amount to the destruction of the commission, and the railroad policy of the state would prove to be abortive and of no avail. An appeal would be made on the most frivolous pretexts, and sharp attorneys would find the means to continue them from term to term and from year to year.

The people of the state had a sufficient taste of this in the case of the Georgia railroad against the commission. As the result demonstrated, the injunction served against the commission was captious as well as frivolous, and it worked injustice, for while the people of one section of the state were enjoying the benefits of the commission's rates, the people of another section were compelled to pay such rates as the litigous road chose to demand.

We doubt very much whether any legislature fresh from the people can be prevailed upon to interfere with a law as satisfactory in all respects as that under which the commission operates; but if there is any change our Macon contemporary may rest assured that the right of captious appeal will not be conferred on the railroads.

## THE PENSION BUSINESS.

Each session before a presidential election inevitably becomes the scene of a grab for more pensions. This year Senator Ingalls endeavored to remove all restrictions of the present law, and to admit back claims for a pension—in other words, to let any ex-soldier of the civil war who wants a pension get one dating from the war instead of the granting of his application. The commissioner of pensions said this proposition would involve the expenditure of $246,000,000, and Senator Sherman stated before the senate that, in his opinion, the commissioner had underestimated the amount that would be demanded. The amendment of Mr. Ingalls was defeated, and the credit is chiefly due nine republican senators headed by Mr. Sherman, who had the courage to vote with the democrats against this dangerous raid on the treasury.

Many people do not understand to what extent the pension business has been carried; and we therefore present some very interesting figures gathered from the Philadelphia Times. In 1861 there were on the pension rolls of the United States 10,709 persons, to whom were paid annually $957,772. The additions made to the roll during the civil war brought up the aggregate in 1865 to 85,986 pensioners, with an annual pay roll of $3,023,445. Under the various liberal changes made in the pension laws the number grew annually, until in 1873 it had reached 238,411 pensioners, to whom were paid the sum of $26,259,284. Here the tide receded. It was supposed that every soldier of the civil war entitled to a pension had been provided for and the roll was naturally reduced by deaths year by year, till in 1878 it had fallen to 223,998, with an annual pay-roll of $24,107,981. In January, 1879, the arrears act was passed and the list began to grow at once, having increased in 1883 to 303,658 pensioners, with a pay-roll of $32,245,192. There are still on file and undetermined 244,505 claims for pensions under existing laws. A comparison of the total number of enlisted men during the war with the total number of applications for pensions is both suggestive and startling. The total number of individual enlistments in the army and navy during the war was 2,000,000 men and boys. Of these it is estimated that there are 1,500,000 still living. Up to June 30, 1883, 712,466 applications for pensions had been made. This amounts to more than one-third of the number of enlisted men and nearly one-half of the number surviving. In other words, every other man now living who enlisted, whether for thirty days or four years, is drawing a pension or has applied for one!

One would think that, after fifty changes, in the pension law, no further extension in the interest of liberal pensions would be wise; and it is very probable that the country will this year escape the opening of another sluice from the treasury vaults. The escape will be a narrow one, but a narrow escape from the demagogry of a presidential year is something to be proud of.

## A QUESTION FOR THE INTERLOCUTOR.

The Saturday Review, quoting the language of Bully Bottom, who calls lustily for "the tongs and the bones," proceeds to say that the love of negro minstrelsy is confined to the English-speaking tribes and nations—to Great Britain and the United States. In France and Germany, it seems, the people have the good sense and the good taste to refuse to enjoy such entertainments as the so-called "negro minstrels" are in the habit of putting on the stage. In Germany they tolerate in this line nothing less than the real negro, and even he, to win approval, must prove that he has been an apprentice to the experiences of plantation life. In this matter the Germans are wise. They have fact and instinct on their side.

We are compelled to admit that the United States are the headquarters for negro minstrelsy. Here the great fraud was invented and here the people bow down in ecstatic adoration before it. The mystery of the whole business is that it is as popular in the south, where its true character is known, as it is in the north, where much has to be taken for granted.

Whoever heard of a band of genuine plantation negroes playing on the bones, the tamborine and the banjo, or singing such songs as "Killarney," and "Baby's Sleeping Now," or repeating stale jokes and conundrums out of the medical almanacs?

Perhaps it is the heartrending absurdity of the whole business that gives it zest. Who can say? Perhaps it is best to collate the mystery into a conundrum and express it thus: "Oh, Mr. Hawkins! Can you—can you tell us—can you tell us why the niggero minstrel shows—why the niggero minstrel shows are so popular in this our native land?" We await Mr. Hawkins's reply.

THE proposed trip of the ladies of Atlanta to the Orphans' home near Decatur cannot but be productive of good. An investigation of that admirable institution by the ladies will move their quick hearts, and start impulses that will end in practical benefit to the cause.

THE Hon. John Sherman doesn't know whether to bolt or not. He should consult his able partner, Mrs. Agony Jenks.

IT appears that Governor Cleveland has a private secretary. This is very melancholy news. In fact, it is worse than being caught in a hack. We implore Governor Cleveland to discharge this man. The country will never consent to be straddled by a private secretary.

MR. FLOWER should demand to be introduced to Mr. Henneri Watterson.

A Denver, Colorado, drummer, who has just made a tour through the south, says that Atlanta and New Orleans were the only places he saw that had the true spirit of progress in them.

WHILE Mr. Hendricks is considering whether he will refuse to run for governor of Indiana, Mr. Voorhees will probably be nominated.

ACCORDING to the Charleston News and Courier there is at least one member of the South Carolina legislature who is not proud. The statesman in question goes about with a demijohn strapped over his shoulders, and makes a business of selling whisky by the drink to negroes and other thirsty people. This walking bar-room is said to be driving a lively business. In fact he is making more money than he ever made before at anything else.

KING THEEBAW, of Burnah, it will be recolleted, recently poisoned his wife and her mother, and married his wife's sister. This was bad enough, but he has been guilty of still more horrible crimes. At the age of twenty when he ascended the throne he caused all of his relatives to be put to death. One of his brothers was killed by flogging, another had his limbs broken and was buried alive, and another was blown to pieces with gunpowder. At another time the young monster was very sick, and fearing that he would die he caused seven hundred people to be burned alive. Recently this bloody king announced that he had reformed, but his latest exploit will cause his sincerity to be doubted.

GENERAL LOGAN'S acceptance falls upon the country like a thunder-clap. According to the telegrams, even Mrs. Logan was astonished.

BETWEEN the legs of Macon and the legs of Atlanta, the honors are easy.

THE republicans in congress want to get up some investigations in order to whitewash some of the more prominent of their thieves.

SOME very prominent republicans appear to be prepared to assert that Mr. Blaine's reputation for virtue is not national. We do not propose to dispute this statement.

EX-GOVERNOR ST. JOHN, of Kansas, says that the republican national convention made a serious mistake when it recognized certain issues in its platform and ignored the broadest and most national question of all, the question of protecting the American home against the American saloon. He says that the prohibition vote in this campaign will be 1,000,000 strong, and that where three Germans will be retained in the republican party by the fact that the convention ignored the temperance issue, ten American voters will be lost to that party. He predicts that in consequence of this fatal republican blunder New York, Indiana, Ohio and Michigan will go democratic, and Illinois, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania will be doubtful. If the national prohibition convention, to meet at Pittsburg, July 23d, nominates a presidential ticket, St. John and other ardent reformers will take the stump for it.

IF the New York delegation is, as stated, two-thirds for Cleveland, it is only necessary to add that McDonald will make a good second—provided, of course, that Mr. Henneri Watterson refuses to accept the place.

ACCORDING to "Gath," the New York World was nearly ruined by Hurlbut's culture. Hurlbut had a ready command of long and learned words, and it was no trouble for him to spin out long editorials. It was evident to every reader that the World editorials were the productions of a highly cultivated writer, but there was a painful scarcity of ideas. Now Pulitzer has changed all this. He has introduced in New York the western style of journalism. It is rough, but it is lively Pulitzer's editors do not favor the public with anything elegant and scholarly, but they write stirring, slangy and picturesque articles. People admit that the World no longer possesses any literary merit, but then they say they do not take a newspaper for its rhetoric. What they want is news, and they want it written up crisply and breezily, in a style that will stir their blood and hold their attention.

IT is difficult to understand how the society ladies of New York are to amuse themselves during the long days of summer. As we understand it, there is no condemned murderers at the watering places to whom they may send bouquets and pink notes.

The independent republicans have now got an opportunity to come right into the democratic fold. We only ask that they take a bath.

THE republicans desire to cover up the bulk of their frauds on the people by voting pensions to federal soldiers.

MISS LIZZIE KNOWLES, of East River, Conn., has eaten nothing since last February but a little fruit, and drank nothing but milk. She preserves her health and strength on this simple diet and is the sensation of the hour in the little village where she resides. She shows no signs of emaciation and is as bright and spirited as ever. She shows the greatest aversion to solid food, and her stomach rejects everything but fruit and milk. Several eminent physicians are studying the case and their theory is that the young lady is suffering from a nervous disease of the stomach.

AT our national conventions the most famous statesmen and orators of the country have their eyes fixed with a feeling of dread upon the press tables. They care very little for the audience at large, but they know that behind the press tables sit the brightest men in the country, the men who shape and direct public opinion. As the great men of the convention accidentally overhear the running comments of the irreverent journalists they wither like leaves in a flame, and many bombastic speeches remain unspoken because the blatant demagogues dare not run the gauntlet of the critical faberites. It is wonderful that the correspondents at these conventions are able to turn out such good work. The din is incessant, and at times the convention roars like the sea. The scribes talk all the time, and amidst the cracking of jokes and the explosion of expletives the rapidly moving pencils sketch graphic and vivid pictures of the shifting scenes of the hour. It is indeed passing strange that the brightest journalistic work of the day should be produced under such unfavorable conditions.

## ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

### The Bankrupt Bill.

New Subscriber, Augusta, Ga.: What has become of the bankrupt bill before congress, and will it pass?

It is still pending, but is not likely to become a law during the present session.

### The Rotation System.

Subscriber, Fort Valley, Ga.: Under the rotation system is it the right of the county entitled to the senator to nominate a man from that county, or has the whole district the right to nominate him?

It is a matter regulated by local custom. It is usual to respect the time-honored precedents of the party in the district where the nomination is made.

### The Confederate Soldiers' Home.

N. J. L., James, Ala.—1. Please give me the address of General Gordon, of Georgia. 2. How much has been accomplished in the movement for the maimed soldiers' home at Richmond? 3. Will soldiers admitted to the home be permitted to take their families with them?

1. New York. 2. Some money has been raised, and the prospect is favorable. 3. No.

### The White House.

Ignoseo, Newnan, Ga.: Why is the "white house" at Washington so called?

Because it is white.

### Short Hand.

U. S. A., Bold Spring, Ga.: What do you think of the Allen method of short hand in which the vowels are omitted?

It has its merits, but the weight of opinion is in favor of other systems containing the vowels.

### Geo. I. Seney.

C., Gainesville, Ga.: What is the address of Geo. I. Seney?

New York.

### Never Refuse Aid.

Once upon a time, before oleomargarine and other death dealing articles of food had been found, a Poor and Hungry Doctor was sadly wandering in an old field, bemoaning his Empty Purse and Stomach.

As he walked and longed for a free lunch grab, he beheld a Tiny Cucumber struggling in the grasp of a Mighty Clod of Dirt.

"Help me, oh Good Sir," moaned the Tiny Cucumber, "and what so 'er thou wilt, I will grant to thee." With a heart full of Pity, the Doctor dashed the Clod aside, and drawing the Cucumber to him, warmed and nourished it back to Life and Health.

And ever after, even to this Day, the Tiny Cucumber and the no longer Poor and Hungry Doctor, have gone hand in hand;—the Tiny Cucumber doing much and great work for the Doctor.

MORAL:

Nothing is lost, but much often gained by assisting the weak and fallen.

### Sustaining Internal Revenue Taxation.

From the Macon, Ga., Telegraph and Messenger.

A special Washington dispatch to the Louisville Courier-Journal says:

Mr. Randall and his republican friends were knocked completely out of time in the house to-day, on the bill to repeal the tax on fruit brandy and tobacco. The house absolutely refused to consider the bill by an aye and nay vote of 119 to 75, and there is general rejoicing among the tariff reform members.

The language displays the animus. This vote came upon a motion of Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, that the house resolve itself into a committee of the whole to consider revenue bills. The measure which Mr. Tucker desired to call up was a bill to reduce the tax upon tobacco and domestic brandies.

It was in fact a step towards the abolishment of the infamous internal revenue bureau. It was one in which the south was much interested, for if she is solid upon any point it is upon this. Further, the motion covered an attempt to reduce the surplus in the treasury, about which so much complaint is made. It was intended to be a strike at the tax of one hundred and fifty million dollars a year raised from the productive industries of the people by the internal revenue system.

The defeat of the motion is heralded to the country as knocking Mr. Randall and his republican friends out of time. A review of the vote shows that Mr. Randall was knocked out of time along with Messrs. Hardeman, Clements, Reese and Candler, while our Mr. Blount and Mr. Hammond dodged the vote. Many other democrats stood by Mr. Randall in this issue, and yet we are told that there is great rejoicing among the tariff reform members. Mr. Blackburn also dodged this vote. The rejoicing is that no relief is given the people, and that the reformers may point to a surplus to justify them in their unwise and untimely assaults upon the tariff. If this is statesmanship, the south would pray to be relieved from its further exhibition.

An interesting point in connection with this whole matter is connected with the contest for the speakership of the forty-sixth congress. Mr. Blackburn, who opposed Mr. Randall, who was then warmly supported by Mr. Blount, received the support of Mr. Tucker and other southern representatives, for the reason that Mr. Randall was charged with a slowness and indifference towards a bill reducing internal revenue taxation in the latter days of the forty-fifth congress. The Chicago convention will have met in vain if it does not effectually dispose of Messrs. Blackburn, Blount and others who rejoice in knocking democrats out on a measure to relieve the people.

## PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

MR. CHARLES WINDHAM has postponed his American tour until November.

EX-SENATOR GORDON, of Georgia, is now taking contracts to build railroads in South America.

EVANGELIST MOODY has closed his London campaign. He estimates that no less than 35,000 converts have been made since last fall.

SECRETARY CHANDLER is said to give more attention to society than any other member of the cabinet. He has been to all the evening parties.

MRS. LANGTRY has discovered another ardent admirer, this time a prominent cattle king of Cheyenne, who is following the Lily—a hopelessly smitten adorer. Miss Hardcastle appears to do all the return smiling on this occasion.

MR. LABOUCHERE says that Madame Emily Loyson, wife of Father Hyacinthe, used to be a stay-maker, and that her extravagance in dress has had a good deal to do with her husband's recent begging expedition.

DR. OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES announces that he is still engaged in his memoir of Emerson, that he is taking the greatest pains with it, and it is generally believed that it will be a first class Boston back-scratcher of the most penetrating kind.

BISMARCK'S physicians have forbidden him keeping late hours, and the iron chancellor has therefore substituted the "fruhschoppen," or breakfast, for the soiree. He now disarms his opponents by giving them a hearty morning meal, with the best of lager brewed in a Munich monastery, and choice champagne.

EX-GOVERNOR STANFORD is going to follow the example of Cornell, Vanderbilt, Hopkins, Lick and other wealthy men by endowing a university in California. He is now visiting the leading colleges of the country to study out the best plan on which to found his institution. Governor Stanford shows his good sense in setting apart a tithe of his wealth in the cause of public education, and in seeing to its distribution himself, without waiting till his death puts his plans at the mercy of discontented heirs.

PRINCE BISMARCK has an abundance of superstitions, including the vulgar ones against having 13 guests at table, doing important things on Friday, etc. He hesitated a long time about accepting the title of count, because a number of Pomeranian families which had acquired the title had become extinct in a comparatively short space of time. "The country cannot afford it," he said to his friend Busch. At Versailles in 1870 he told Busch the age to which he should live and the year in which he was to die. Seven years later he repeated this assurance. "I know it," he said, "it is a mystic number."

BASS, the ale man, left $9,000,000 in personal property alone but not a cent to any public or charitable purpose, after the English manner. Among the other effects and included in the enumeration of shooting-boxes, carriages, houses, etc., are the advowsons of two churches. He leaves two sons and two married daughters. Charles Reade leaves a personal estate of 11,000 pounds, and makes a number of bequests to nephews and nieces, constituting his godson, Charles Liston, his residuary legatee, on condition he take the name of Reade. He forbade any sale of his effects by auction, considering it "brutal and heartless."

## POLITICAL NOTES.

NEARLY 83,000 immigrants landed in this country during the month of May.

A DEMOCRAT with a white record is better than a republican with a white plume.—Troy Press.

ONE and two-dollar notes to the amount of $2,500,000 will be ready for issue by the treasury at the end of the month.

THE oldest delegate to the recent Maine democratic state convention was Mr. S. B. Brown, of Portland, who is 87 years old.

BASEBALL is taking the place of bull-fighting in Cuba. The little island is evidently preparing itself for American citizenship.

A MOVEMENT, said to have the co-operation of prominent merchants and bankers of Chicago, has been started in favor of Tilden's nomination.

"OUR JIM" is what a few light-hearted-and-headed republicans are calling their candidate. Judging from the manner in which he was nominated, our "jim-jams" would be more appropriate.—Detroit Free Press.

A NOVELTY in the way of excursions is a circumnavigation of Africa by the pupils of the high school of commerce at Milan, Italy, for the purpose of acquainting them with new markets for Italian produce. A professor accompanies them to lecture about the commercial geography of Africa during the voyage.

THE presdent has no plans for the summer, and will make none at present. He proposes to stay at the white house until congress adjourns, and will then remove to the Soldiers' home. He is very much refreshed by his short vacation, and says he had three days of solid comfort, one of which was spent on Long Island fishing, and the other two at sea. He is just now very busy in making appointments to vacancies that have existed for some time. There is an extraordinary pressure upon him.

ALEXANDER, prince of Orange, heir apparent to the throne of Holland, has died, lacking two months of 33. He was a dissipated fellow, who spent most of his time in Paris, and became notorious there as Prince Lemon. The sobriquet signified not only a pun on his title but the usual fate of lemons—he was "squeezed" by all sorts of rascals, male and female. But he was not so bad as some other princes, for at least he wronged no wife by his vices, and being a bachelor, the succession falls to the four-year-old princess Wilhelmine, daughter of King William by his second wife, the beloved Queen Emma.

## IN GENERAL.

SEEKSUCKER, a whole suit of which weighs only a little more than a pound, is made in Calcutta of silk and sea island cotton.

PAPER bottles are made in Germany. The man with one of these papers well filled in his pocket has no trouble getting a big circulation.

MANY women get angry because they are not called "ladies," but no lady ever gets angry when she is called a "woman."—Indianapolis Herald.

M. LEVAT is the French scientist who has discovered that brandy can be distilled from the watermelon. This portentous discovery in regard to the hitherto innocent melon by M. Levat will prompt prohibitionists to leave it alone.

AN intoxicated husband, on reaching home, seized an umbrella from the rack, opened it, and proceeded to his wife's bedroom. "Are you crazy?" exclaimed the grieved and indignant matron. "No," replied he, in an unsteady voice, "but—hic—I supposed there'd be a storm, so I've—hic—come prepared for it."

FIRST martyr: "You take your wife to the Oaks, of course." Second martyr: "No; too seedy—too nervous to undertake the responsibility, my boy; so I shall go quietly by myself. Your wife goes with you, though." First martyr: "No; too hard up—positively can't afford the usual drag and hamper this year, so I must go alone." Martyrs (simultaneously): "Suppose we run down together."—Fun.

Two remarkable cows are owned by Mr. John Mitchell, of Newburg, New York. They are named Jamaica and Ethelka, and about two months ago the former produced a little more than 112 pounds or about 56 quarts of milk in one day, while Ethelka gave 101 pounds, and during 31 consecutive days gave an average of 56 pounds. But this, remarkable as it is, has been put in the shade by their more recent performances. For 171 days, ending June 1, Jamaica yielded 12,830 pounds, an average of 75 pounds daily, while Ethelka gave 11,043 pounds, or over 63 pounds daily. They have to be milked three times daily to prevent the milk being wasted.

A MAN claiming to have made the care of finger nails a life study, said to a Brooklyn reporter: "Our finger nails grow out about three times a year. They should be trimmed once a week, leaving them long enough to protect the ends of the fingers, as is designed by nature. If trimmed too close at the corners there is danger of their growing into the flesh, causing runarounds and other distressing abnormities. Biting off the finger nails is an odious practice. Adults who are given to this habit can be broken of it by being reproved for its indulgence, and having pointed out to them the bad effect it will have on the shape of their finger nails. In the case of children the habit may be corrected by causing them to dip the ends of their fingers several times a day in a bitter solution, such as wormwood. If this is not effective they should be obliged to wear a cap on each finger until the habit is overcome."

## NEW YORK GOSSIP.

### Dinner in Tins—Buffalo Bill's Show—Theatrical Gossip.

NEW YORK, June 25.—[Special correspondent.]—There is one company in New York which I am afraid is on the point of climbing the more or less golden stairs. It is called the New York catering company, and at first it was a very good scheme. In this city of high rents and tenement houses—called French flats—some scheme for serving meals outside the usual run of such things, has to be thought up. This catering company was the outcome of the need. Its projectors had the business down finer than it has yet been reduced by any other people. I have had ceterers till I couldn't rest. They persisted in bringing thin gs in cracked or broken dishes and invariably cold. The new organization did matters up differently. They brought dessert, salads and butter enclosed in one tin, which was cold. Your hot dishes were brought in a big copper kettle lined with tin. Between the tin lining and the copper outside was a space about two inches deep all around, and this was filled with hot water. The dishes, which were made of plated ware with tops that fastened on, just fitted into this kettle so they could not shake about. When your dinner was all packed up ready to be sent the kettles were taken out and put into a wagon, one part of which has a fire under it for the hot things while another portion is fenced off into a refrigerator to receive your salad and dessert tin: so one's dinner always came in first-rate condition. A dainty little bill of fare was served with it and the whole affair was high-toned and elegant. The company get good prices, charging $14 a week for a single portion, which was plenty for two. The thing looked like a big success. Hundreds of families were glad enough to take advantage of the situation, to get rid of the bother of ordering, and to keep the scent of cooking out of their flats. All went on swimmingly until the company got to thinking they owned the situation. Then they let their service run down, and lately they have been losing customers right and left. It is a good deal easier to start a thing of this kind upon its feet at the go-in than it is to build it up when it has once fallen off, and that is one of the reasons why I fear the catering concern is on the eve of ascending the ladder which leads up to Abraham's bosom.

The sensation of the moment in New York, in the way of amusement, is the Buffalo Bill show, which is called the Wild West. I don't know that it is so very wild, gentle reader, but it is unquestionably quite west. This concern Mr. William Buffalo is credited with having originated; but in point of actual fact, he did nothing of the kind. The scheme had its birth in the brain of Mr. Nate Salsbury, of the troubadours, and he imparted it to the festive slayer of bison and slayer of red men—in pictures—for Buffalo William is a very harmless young man and never in his life killed anything more able to defend itself than a glass ball. Salsbury is a full partner in the concern, and is making money at a great gait. The show, as you are probably aware, purports to give a true representation of the kinds of things that are done upon the bounding per-rairie. I don't know that in any of my wanderings through the trackless occident I ever saw men riding around on horseback engaged in the ruthless slaughter of glass balls as Billy Buffalo rides around and slaughters them in this show; but it is a very interesting show all the same. The wild Indians (who only get wild when they have any work to do) are the genuine articles. You can tell them by the smell. The Bogardus family of shotgun experts also belong to the show. They are not so awfully western. In point of fact I don't believe they ever got further west than Iowa in all their lives. But they are very handy with their weapons for all that. Then there is a thrilling piece of business with a stage coach which is overtaken by Indians and rescued by cow-boys. And it all looks very pretty from the grand stand of a race track, though in real life a stage coach would better be with the Indians than the gentlemen who fool around cattle for a living. There are races in this show, and there is a buffalo hunt, in which some gentle, shrinking buffaloes are chased around. They have been shrinking so much that they are pretty well shrunk by this time. One would hardly expect this great and glorious country of ours to go stark, staring mad over a show of which these are the constituent forces. But she does. The concern is drawing immense audiences out at the polo grounds, where it plays in the day time by sunlight and in the night time by electric ditto. In Chicago it drew as many as 40,000 people to a single performance. In fair weather the proprietors can make a great deal of money. But if they were ever to strike a rain belt, good bye. Their expenses they tell me, run up in the vicinity of a cool thousand dollars a day, and it wouldn't take very long at that rate to clean out the profits of a season.

Daly's company, with pretty Ada Rehan at its head, is still out in Chicago. The whole crowd come east in a week, and after staying only six hours in New York sail for London. Daly has cleared $80,000 since this time last year. There is but one Daly, and Rehan is his profit.

Harry Sargent, who engineered Modjeska into success in this country, and was bounced for his pains, has engaged Mme. Janisch, the German tragedienne, for three years. Janisch is a great friend of Mme. Nilsson's. She is a countess, of course. Countesses are Sargent's best hold.

Edwin Booth cleared an average profit of $585 a performance last season, or nearly $70,000 on his tour. He is only going to play alternate weeks next winter. The poor man is delicate. Astonishing, isn't it, how tender some folks get when they are making money.

Judge Hilton, some seasons ago bought a big tract of land, with a number of people, down on the Jersey shore. Hilton you know, is the man who succeeded to the bulk of Stewart's millions, and who wouldn't give $25,000 for the old curmudgeon's carcass, when it was stolen. Well, the company who bought this land were to raffle for building sites, and the ones who got the bad ones began to fight over it. Hilton, with his customary luck, had all the best of it. The others, knowing how he hated the Jews, and remembering how he had turned a lot of those people out of his hotel in Saratoga, sold their shares to members of that race. Was Hilton mad? Well, have you ever seen a bull on one side of a fence and a servant girl in a red petticoat on the other? That was how Hilton was. But the land is still there. Hilton can't sell it for the figures he had counted on getting for it, and he won't go near it himself. But he is just stubborn enough to hold on to it rather than sell for what he can get.

### Vertumnus.

I took a day, and sought for him
Through bosky aisles untracked and dim,
Through cultured field and orchard sweet:—
Did I o'ertake his flying feet?

Once as I crossed a sylvan glade
My step the green-brier would have stayed,
The violet looked as it would speak,
And the wild service, white and meek,
Against my face its coolness laid;
And once the dew on bended blade
Turned towards the sun a sparkling eye,
As flushed and eager I sped by.

As I sped by, as I sped by,—
And fervid noon was in the sky,
And sickles rested on the swath—
One bearded stalk awoke from sloth,
And lightly swayed it to and fro
Till all its fellows swayed arow,
And where no breathed sound had been
Went bickering whispers fine and thin.

As I ran on, as I ran on,—
Some boughs grown bright and some grown wan
And creeping leafy fires wide spread,—
All suddenly the hazel shed
Before my feet its umbered mast,
The oak a shower of acorns cast,
The vine swung low its clusters blue,
The star-flower elvish glances threw.

Morn was when I the chase began,
Close on the evening-bound I ran;
And, counting but a rounded day,
Lo! seasons three had slipped away.
An hundred times the clew I missed,
Too rapt to pause, to look, and list,—
An hundred times, unweeting, trod
Straight past the merry masking god.

—Edith M. Thomas: The Critic.

## WHOSE HUSBAND IS H

### FORD, THE MACON CHAMPION, SET BY A LADY.

Who Ins...ts That She was Duped Into a Marr and Dese...ted—What the Father of the Firs Wife Says and What Ford Himself Has to Say—He Denies He is a Bigamist.

Yesterday a most startling piece of go concerning Ford, the Macon champion, ca to the ears of a CONSTITUTION man.

Is Ford the husband of two wives?

That was the question.

Ford says no.

Miss Mollie Kerr, a dark-eyed, bro haired, moderately good looking young la who resides at No. 2 Means street, Atlan Ga., says he is.

A MYSTERIOUS LADY.

Tuesday as the ten walkers went dashi around the sawdust track, a lady, apparen about twenty-four years old, entered the ri and took her seat on the front row. As Fo dashed by with his lightning limp she spo to him. He glanced around and a surpris expression overspread his face. When ne he came around she again leaned over a spoke in an undertone.

In the chair next to her sat a young la who only glanced at Ford, but who enthusia tically cheered and encouraged Prater.

No one seemed to know the strange la whose mysterious conduct was beginning attract attention, and whose whispered wor were beginning to tell on the swift flyi champion.

"I want to see you," she hissed in Ford ears as he flew past.

"Go on!" shouted the other young lady Prater went by.

"Will you let me see you now?" excited asked the mysterious lady as Ford skipp by.

"Go on honey!" exclaimed the other litt lady as Prater paddled by in his Indian tr

The mysterious lady was getting excite Still Ford dashed on, faster and faster. Agai the little lady, who was Prater's champio shouted to him.

"You must feel an interest Prater," sai the mysterious lady, turning to the modest fa beside her.

"He is my brother," was the simple repl

Then after a pause:

"Why do youu take such an interest i Ford?"

"He is my husband!"

INTO FORD'S TENT.

A few minutes later Ford left the track, an after watching with eager eyes for a sho while, the mysterious lady asked:

"Where is he?"

On being informed that he was in his ten the mysterious lady arose quickly and starte in that direction.

"Madam, you cannot pass," said a big po liceman, whom she encountered near the ten

"But I will," she answered.

"Madam, excuse me, but you cannot pass."

"Sir," she exclaimed, "I tell you, I am going in that tent," and she presse by the cop only to be stopped by another wit whom she experienced a similar trouble. Sh pressed by this policeman and in a momen was passing between the folds of the tent jus as Ford pressed by his trainer, shambled ou upon the track and started around. He mad two laps and again entered the tent, throwin himself upon his couch. His trainer and attendants began rubbing him and the mysterious lady took her position at the side of the cot.

She spoke to Ford and they had some words that the crowd did not hear. It is said they quarreled. Ford was heard to say:

"You have made me lose money this night."

"That is nothing to what you have made me lose," she answered.

WHAT DOES IT ALL MEAN?

The mysterious lady, according to her own declaration, was Ford's second living wife, nee Miss Mollie Kerr, of No. 2 Means street, in this city. She had not seen Ford for five months until she saw him on the track, and thereby hangs a tale. But let the principals tell the story.

Yesterday a CONSTITUTION man called on Miss Mollie Kerr. She is a good-looking, sensible working girl, who is employed at the paper bag factory of Elsas, May & Co. She was neatly attired in a light colored dress, with a seaside hat, the crimson lining of which made the rose tints in her cheeks grow brighter and her dark eyes sparkle with increased fire.

MY LADY SPEAKS.

"I am Ford's lawful wife," said Miss Kerr, as she preferred to call herself. "He is my husband. We were married last December in Marietta."

"Did you not know," asked the reporter, "that Ford was already a married man?"

"I understand he has a wife living. She is now in Macon, and he told me when I was in his tent that she was sick. He asked me to go down there—to nurse his other wife, I suppose."

"Tell me the history of your acquaintance with Ford," asked the reporter.

"I met him first the 9th of last October. A young man named Pugh, who is Ford's other wife's sister's husband, told me that there was a nice young man who had seen me and wanted to get acquainted with me. I told him if he was very sure he was nice to bring him around. He came and it was Mr. Ford. He came to see me often, as we lived not far apart. I was a grass widow, having received a divorce from my husband, Joe Barrett. Mr. Ford wanted to marry me, but he could not get a license, and proposed that we go to Marietta, and go on to my uncle's in Tallapoosa. On the 20th of December, Mr. Pugh, Mr. Ford and my mother and I, all left here in a double buggy for Marietta. We stopped in the edge of town, and Mr. Ford went in to arrange the details and get the license. He got the license, but the only place he could get was a harness shop, where we were married by Rev. John R. Sangers. My mother came back on the train, and the other three of the party started, or as I supposed, for my uncle's. We traveled on in the buggy, which belonged to Mr. Ford. After four or five days we were near Chattanooga and Mr. Ford told me was going to Texas. Mr. Pugh said he was never going to see his wife again as he also was going to Texas. I refused to go but told them I would go as far as Chattanooga. I did not then know that

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We had a lively quarrel and you can depend on it I blessed 'em, for I believed I had been badly treated. Mr. Ford then said I had better go home to my mother, that he was going to his wife and children. I came home on the train and he came back in his buggy. He soon turned up in Macon and then came back to Atlanta and was arrested by Mr. White, the father of his first wife, but was subsequently released. He denied to me that he was ever married to his first wife, who is now living with him."

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"Nearly six years ago Ford married my daughter Francis Augustus White. We were then living in Sparta, Hancock county. Ford clerked for his cousin, Ed. Rosier. We all moved from there to Augusta and from Augusta to Atlanta. Ford and Miss Mollie Kerr I heard were taking on and one night I went to Miss Kerr and told her to let Ford alone as he was a married man. They kept on, however, and the next thing I heard of was this runaway business, and the

## NEW YORK GOSSIP.

### Dinner in Tins—Buffalo Bill's Show—Theatrical Gossip.

NEW YORK, June 25.—[Special correspondent.]—There is one company in New York which I am afraid is on the point of climbing the more or less golden stairs. It is called the New York catering company, and at first it was a very good scheme. In this city of high rents and tenement houses—called French flats—some scheme for serving meals outside the usual run of such things, has to be thought up. This catering company was the outcome of the need. Its projectors had the business down finer than it has yet been reduced by any other people. I have had ceterers till I couldn't rest. They persisted in bringing thin gs in cracked or broken dishes and invariably cold. The new organization did matters up differently. They brought dessert, salads and butter enclosed in one tin, which was cold. Your hot dishes were brought in a big copper kettle lined with tin. Between the tin lining and the copper outside was a space about two inches deep all around, and this was filled with hot water. The dishes, which were made of plated ware with tops that fastened on, just fitted into this kettle so they could not shake about. When your dinner was all packed up ready to be sent the kettles were taken out and put into a wagon, one part of which has a fire under it for the hot things while another portion is fenced off into a refrigerator to receive your salad and dessert tin: so one's dinner always came in first-rate condition. A dainty little bill of fare was served with it and the whole affair was hightoned and elegant. The company get good prices, charging $14 a week for a single portion, which was plenty for two. The thing looked like a big success. Hundreds of families were glad enough to take advantage of the situation, to get rid of the bother of ordering, and to keep the scent of cooking out of their flats. All went on swimmingly until the company got to thinking they owned the situation. Then they let their service run down, and lately they have been losing customers right and left. It is a good deal easier to start a thing of this kind upon its feet at the go-in than it is to build it up when it has once fallen off, and that is one of the reasons why I fear the catering concern is on the eve of ascending the ladder which leads up to Abraham's bosom.

The sensation of the moment in New York, in the way of amusement, is the Buffalo Bill show, which is called the Wild West. I don't know that it is so very wild, gentle reader, but it is unquestionably quite west. This concern Mr. William Buffalo is credited with having originated; but in point of actual fact, he did nothing of the kind. The scheme had its birth in the brain of Mr. Nate Salsbury, of the troubadours, and he imparted it to the festive slayer of bison and slayer of red men—in pictures—for Buffalo William is a very harmless young man and never in his life killed anything more able to defend itself than a glass ball. Salsbury is a full partner in the concern, and is making money at a great gait. The show, as you are probably aware, purports to give a true representation of the kinds of things that are done upon the bounding per-rairie. I don't know that in any of my wanderings through the trackless occident I ever saw men riding around on horseback engaged in the ruthless slaughter of glass balls as Billy Buffalo rides around and slaughters them in this show; but it is a very interesting show all the same. The wild Indians (who only get wild when they have any work to do) are the genuine articles. You can tell them by the smell. The Bogardus family of shotgun experts also belong to the show. They are not so awfully western. In point of fact I don't believe they ever got further west than Iowa in all their lives. But they are very handy with their weapons for all that. Then there is a thrilling piece of business with a stage coach which is overtaken by Indians and rescued by cow-boys. And it all looks very pretty from the grand stand of a race track, though in real life a stage coach would better be with the Indians than the gentlemen who fool around cattle for a living. There are races in this show, and there is a buffalo hunt, in which some gentle, shrinking buffaloes are chased around. They have been shrinking so much that they are pretty well shrunk by this time. One would hardly expect this great and glorious country of ours to go stark, staring mad over a show of which these are the constituent forces. But she does. The concern is drawing immense audiences out at the polo grounds, where it plays in the day time by sunlight and in the night time by electric ditto. In Chicago it drew as many as 40,000 people to a single performance. In fair weather the proprietors can make a great deal of money. But if they were ever to strike a rain belt, good bye. Their expenses they tell me, run up in the vicinity of a cool thousand dollars a day, and it wouldn't take very long at that rate to clean out the profits of a season.

Daly's company, with pretty Ada Rehan at its head, is still out in Chicago. The whole crowd come east in a week, and after staying only six hours in New York sail for London. Daly has cleared $80,000 since this time last year. There is but one Daly, and Rehan is his profit.

Harry Sargent, who engineered Modjeska into success in this country, and was bounced for his pains, has engaged Mme. Janisch, the German tragedienne, for three years. Janisch is a great friend of Mme. Nilsson's. She is a countess, of course. Countesses are Sargent's best hold.

Edwin Booth cleared an average profit of $585 a performance last season, or nearly $70,000 on his tour. He is only going to play alternate weeks next winter. The poor man is delicate. Astonishing, isn't it, how tender some folks get when they are making money.

Judge Hilton, some seasons ago bought a big tract of land, with a number of people, down on the Jersey shore. Hilton you know, is the man who succeeded to the bulk of Stewart's millions, and who wouldn't give $25,000 for the old curmudgeon's carcass, when it was stolen. Well, the company who bought this land were to raffle for building sites, and the ones who got the bad ones began to fight over it. Hilton, with his customary luck, had all the best of it. The others, knowing how he hated the Jews, and remembering how he had turned a lot of those people out of his hotel in Saratoga, sold their shares to members of that race. Was Hilton mad? Well, have you ever seen a bull on one side of a fence and a servant girl in a red petticoat on the other? That was how Hilton was. But the land is still there. Hilton can't sell it for the figures he had counted on getting for it, and he won't go near it himself. But he is just stubborn enough to hold on to it rather than sell for what he can get.

### Vertumnus.

I took a day, and sought for him
Through bosky aisles untracked and dim,
Through cultured field and orchard sweet:—
Did I o'ertake his flying feet?

Once as I crossed a sylvan glade
My step the green-brier would have stayed,
The violet looked as it would speak,
And the wild service, white and meek,
Against my face its coolness laid;
And once the dew on bended blade
Turned towards the sun a sparkling eye,
As flushed and eager I sped by.

As I sped by, as I sped by,—
And lervid noon was in the sky,
And sickles rested on the swath—
One bearded stalk awoke from sloth,
And lightly swayed it to and fro
Till all its fellows swayed arow,
And where no breathed sound had been
Went bickering whispers fine and thin.

As I ran on, as I ran on,—
Some boughs grown bright and some grown wan
And creeping leafy fires wide spread,—
All suddenly the hazel shed
Before my feet its umbered mast,
The oak a shower of acorns cast,
The vine swung low its clusters blue,
The star-flower elvish glances threw.

Morn was when I the chase began,
Close on the evening-bound I ran;
And, counting but a rounded day,
Lo! seasons three had slipped away.
An hundred times the clew I missed,
Too rapt to pause, to look, and list,—
An hundred times, unweeting, trod
Straight past the merry masking god.

—Edith M. Thomas: The Critic.

## WHOSE HUSBAND IS HE?

### FORD, THE MACON CHAMPION, BESET BY A LADY.

**Who Insists That She was Duped Into a Marriage and Deserted—What the Father of the First Wife Says and What Ford Himself Has to Say—He Denies He is a Bigamist.**

Yesterday a most startling piece of gossip concerning Ford, the Macon champion, came to the ears of a CONSTITUTION man.

Is Ford the husband of two wives?

That was the question.

Ford says no.

Miss Mollie Kerr, a dark-eyed, brown haired, moderately good looking young lady, who resides at No. 2 Means street, Atlanta, Ga., says he is.

A MYSTERIOUS LADY.

Tuesday as the ten walkers went dashing around the sawdust track, a lady, apparently about twenty-four years old, entered the rink and took her seat on the front row. As Ford dashed by with his lightning limp she spoke to him. He glanced around and a surprised expression overspread his face. When next he came around she again leaned over and spoke in an undertone.

In the chair next to her sat a young lady who only glanced at Ford, but who enthusiastically cheered and encouraged Prater.

No one seemed to know the strange lady whose mysterious conduct was beginning to attract attention, and whose whispered words were beginning to tell on the swift flying champion.

"I want to see you," she hissed in Ford's ears as he flew past.

"Go on!" shouted the other young lady as Prater went by.

"Will you let me see you now?" excitedly asked the mysterious lady as Ford skipped by.

"Go on honey!" exclaimed the other little lady as Prater paddled by in his Indian trot.

The mysterious lady was getting excited. Still Ford dashed on, faster and faster. Again the little lady, who was Prater's champion, shouted to him.

"You must feel an interest Prater," said the mysterious lady, turning to the modest face beside her.

"He is my brother," was the simple reply. Then after a pause:

"Why do youu take such an interest in Ford?"

"He is my husband!"

INTO FORD'S TENT.

A few minutes later Ford left the track, and after watching with eager eyes for a short while, the mysterious lady asked:

"Where is he?"

On being informed that he was in his tent, the mysterious lady arose quickly and started in that direction.

"Madam, you cannot pass," said a big policeman, whom she encountered near the tent.

"But I will," she answered.

"Madam, excuse me, but you cannot pass."

"Sir," she exclaimed, "I tell you, I am going in that tent," and she pressed by the cop only to be stopped by another with whom she experienced a similar trouble. She pressed by this policeman and in a moment was passing between the folds of the tent just as Ford pressed by his trainer, shambled out upon the track and started around. He made two laps and again entered the tent, throwing himself upon his couch. His trainer and attendants began rubbing him and the mysterious lady took her position at the side of the cot.

She spoke to Ford and they had some words that the crowd did not hear. It is said they quarreled. Ford was heard to say:

"You have made me lose money this night."

"That is nothing to what you have made me lose," she answered.

WHAT DOES IT ALL MEAN?

The mysterious lady, according to her own declaration, was Ford's second living wife, nee Miss Mollie Kerr, of No. 2 Means street, in this city. She had not seen Ford for five months until she saw him on the track, and thereby hangs a tale. But let the principals tell the story.

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### Ford Denies.

HE SAYS THAT HE NEVER MARRIED THE GIRL—OTHER NEWS OF THE RACE.

MACON, June 26.—[Special.]—The sensational rumors regarding Ford's retirement have been afloat and have caused much discussion. It has been stated that he sold out to parties who had banked on Prater heavily, and that the contract was made when his trainer, Case, left him the few moments while on the track.

This afternoon a rumor of a more startling nature began to catch the ears of the hearers, and it proved a sensation. It was to the effect that he had seen a deserted wife in the audience, while on the track and had left to keep from being seen by her. Ford was called on at his place of business, F. B. Cartrell, furniture dealer, Cotton avenue, and he said: "There is not a word of truth in it; I was going at a winning pace and knew I was going to win the race. I saw Prater getting slow, and when I ran I was getting him down. When Case left me to see the score board, I asked for a cup of cold lemonade but champagne was given me. I told them it would make me drunk. I went around and began to feel a griping in my stomach and told George I was done for—I was drunk—and when I went in my room I would not let them rub me because I did not need it. I was in good shape but could do nothing more. I took a cup of coffee but felt no relief, and after I went on again I had to give it up. You see I am all right." Here he jumped up and cracked his heels together.

"How about the woman story?"

"It is not true. It would take more than one woman to get me off the track. I know a young lady up there very well, and she spoke to me when I first went on the track. She said, "I expect to wait for you and want you to go home with me." She would speak to me as I went round, and at one time got near the steps and she tapped me on the shoulder repeating what she had said. Her name is Mollie Kerr, and lives No. 2 Mean street. As for my dodging it is all nonsense."

THE TELL-TALE POSTAL CARD.

The street rumors somewhat verify the statement. It is reported that Ford's father-in-law wrote a postal card to him, telling him if he came to Atlanta he would have trouble.

It is also said that the card was the cause of his announced withdrawal ten days before the time, but was persuaded to enter; that he would be cared for. Ford denies that he ever married the girl.

Ford to-day issued a challenge to Prater to meet in Macon July 4th, prize $100, by citizens.

## THE SAWDUST IN AUGUSTA.

### A Tight Race Between Atlanta, Augusta and Macon.

AUGUSTA, June 25.—[Special.]—The twelve-hour go-as-you please walking match closed at eleven o'clock to-night. Ten of the twenty-one entries started on the walk, and at the close only four were on the track. Atlanta's two entries were Thomas Orr and Mark Brotherton. Orr started in the lead and kept it till two o'clock, when his trainer, S. T. Grady, claimed that Orr hurt his knee by a fall in a spurt against Rumby, of Augusta. Orr maintained his plucky position, and kept on the track till ten o'clock, when he left in great pain. He had the best training of the group. When Orr left the track he had the second place and was only two laps behind A. P. Carr, of Augusta. Orr's record at ten was forty-nine miles and three laps, eleven laps making a mile. Brotherton kept the track all day, and waltzed the last lap of his fifty mile record, and bade the scorers good-night with seven minutes of time not walked. Brotherton took the third place and money. Atlanta thus gets the third and fourth places and money, and Augusta the first, second and fifth. A. P. Carr won the match in fifty-three miles seven and three quarter laps. Rumley wins the second place, fifty-one miles three laps. Lax wins the fifth place, forty-five miles four laps.

The first five get one-half the proceeds, one hundred dollars being guaranteed to the first man. There was a large crowd and considerable betting. Several Atlanta men were among them. Steve Ryan lost heavily. One man lost five hundred. Macon's entry, Tarver, retired about 2 o'clock. Many bets were lost, staking for a record of over sixty miles.

## DEATH OF REV. JOHN B. HASKELL.

### The Life of a Distinguished South Carolinian.

COLUMBIA, June 25.—[Special.]—A telegram was received last night by Captain John Bachman announcing the death of the Rev. John B. Haskell, at his brother's residence near Whitehall, on the Savannah and Charleston railroad. The sad event occurred at 12 o'clock yesterday. Mr. Haskell's death was momentarily expected, and he breathed his last surrounded by sorrowing kinsmen and friends. Mr. Haskell was born in Charleston thirty-six years ago, and passed his youth in that city. He was the grandson and protege of the great naturalist and learned theologian, Dr. John Bachman, and enjoyed his counsel and instructions whilst preparing for the ministry. When scarcely beyond his twenty-first year he was ordained as a preacher by the Lutheran synod, and placed in charge of the Lutheran church in Orangeburg. He was next transfered to Staunton, Virginia, where he remained several years. About three years ago he was called by the Lutheran church of this city, and shortly thereafter became its pastor. This post he filled until he was compelled to relinquish it on account of failing health, his congregation voting him as long a vacation as he desired. His health became very feeble and his family feared he would never again be able to resume his ministrations. The dismal forebodings were corroborated by his not unexpected demise yesterday.

## VIOLENT THUNDER STORM

### In Which Several Persons are Killed by Lightning.

PITTSBURG, June 25.—A terrific thunder storm passed over a portion of western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio, yesterday, damaging property and killing several persons and a large amount of live stock. At Murrayville, Pennsylvania, a boy named Wolf and four horses were struck by lightning and instantly killed. The younger brother of the boy was badly burned. At Waynesburg, Pennsylvania, Miss Josie Veen r and William Paver were seriously injured by a lightning bolt, which also killed three horses. At Carry, Pa., several head of blooded stock belonging to Henry Case were killed. At Salem, Ohio, Miss Minnie Westpbare, aged 17, was standing in the doorway when lightning struck and killed her instantly. At Youngstown, Ohio, lightning struck the residence of Abner Meadsker, killing his daughter Minnie, and seriously injuring several other members of the family. At New Cowerstown, Ohio, the storm was accompanied by a furious tornado, which uprooted the trees, blew down the fences and did great damage to grain.

### Killed by Lightning.

MILWAUKEE, June 25.—George Brooks's house in Grant Clark county. Wis., was to-day struck by lightning, and his daughter Effie, 16 years of age, was killed, and another daughter, Cora, stunned. The house was burned. Cora, however, crawled from the burning timbers and was saved. The mother and father were at a circus when the calamity occurred.

## MERCER'S DAY.

### The Closing Exercises of Mercer University—Meeting of the Trustees.

MACON, Ga., June 25.—The commencement exercises of Mercer have been unusually interesting this year, and have attracted much attention throughout the state. Notwithstanding the incessant rain, they have been well attended by both visitors and our citizens.

To-day has been commencement day, and one of which the friends of the institution may well be proud of. The Masonic hall was crowded to its utmost with a cultivated and attentive audience.

The chairs on the stage were occupied by the trustees and invited guests. Dr. A. J. Battle, the president of the institution, announced the speakers and their subjects in Latin. The following were the speakers:

"Latin Salutatory" (Second honor)—James D. Chapman, P. D. S., Heard county, Georgia.

"Evils of Party Spirit." (Honorary oration, second honor)—Ambrose R. Wright, C. S., Washington county, Georgia.

"True Greatness."—James E. Powell, P. D. S., Brooks county, Georgia.

"Dignity and Usefulness of the Teacher's Calling."—William L. Y. Pickard, P. D. S., Harris county, Georgia.

"Cultivated Mind."—Richard C. Jordan, P. D. S., Pulaski county, Georgia.

"Labor and the Despotism of Wealth." (Honorary oration, first honor.) Emerson H. George, C. S., Morgan county, Georgia.

"Music Valedictories." (First honor)—Henry S. Jones, P. D. S., Burke county, Georgia.

At the conclusion of the speakers the following medals were delivered: Medal, by Professor Branham, principal of preparatory department, for scholarship and deportment, awarded to Mr. C. S. Brown, of Florida; medal for excellence in penmanship, Mr. J. M. Walker, of Georgia; The Hunt medal, first prize in English composition, to Emerson H. George, Madison, Georgia; the faculty medal for same, second prize, James Evans, Savannah.

The following degrees were conferred by the trustees of the institution:

L.L. D.—Hon. Clifford Anderson, Macon, attorney general of state; Hon. John T. Clark, Cuthbert, judge Pataula circuit; Professor Thomas J. Dill, Marion, Ala., professor ancient languages Howard college.

D. D.—Rev. J. E. L. Holmes, Savannah. Ga.; Rev. W. C. Wilkins, Gainesville, Ga.; Rev. J. M. Wood, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Rev. R. B. Headden, Rome, Ga.

A. M. (Honorary.)—Prof. A. Iverson Branhan Macon, Georgia; Rev. Charles A. Stetely, Charleston, South Carolina; Colonel J. H. Johnson, Georgia.

A. M. (in course.)—Dr. S. D. Smith, Houston, Georgia; D. G. Lee, Wilkinson county, Georgia.

THE GRADUATING CLASS.

The degree of B. A. was conferred on the following graduates:

J. P. Applenhite, Burke county; E. G. Bassett, Houston county; J. G. Blount, Bibb county; J. D. Chapman, Heard county; Jacob Evans, Wales, Great Britain; T. E. Fletcher, Monroe county; E. H. George, Morgan county; H. S. Jones, Burke county; R. C. Jordan, Pulaski county; W. L. Y. Pickard, Harris county; J. E. Powell, Brooks county; Redden Smith, Thomas county; W. H. Weaver, Putnam county; A. R. Wright, Richmond county.

After which Dr. Battle delivered the baccalaureate address containing many instructive points for the consideration of the young men in after life.

Hon. Eli S. Shorter, of Eufaula, Ala., was introduced and delivered an address before the literary societies.

He selected as his subject Literature and Civilization. His address was embodied with fine argument and a brilliant conception of his theme. He held his audience completely and when he finished was vociferously cheered.

THE ACTION OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Mercer is growing daily popular. Much interest is being taken in its welfare, and the trustees are enthused a. its increasing attendance. The prudential committee of the board were authorized to erect a building on the grounds of the university for the preparatory department to cost about $1,200. It will be of the latest style of architecture, and will be a handsome addition to the now beautiful grounds. The committee is composed of the following gentlemen: D. E. Butler, E. W. Warren, G. S. Ober, B. L. Willingham, and Virgil Powers.

A committee was appointed to report resolutions on the death of Dr. J. L. Dagg, formerly president of Mercer, who died recently at Washington city, at the age of 92. He was one of the most noted divines of the denomination, and was an author of considerable note, having written several works on theology, evidences of Christianity, moral science and others.

Much interest was manifested by the board in connection with the approaching centennial to be held the Sunday before October 2d in Washington on which occasion it is expected that the largest body of members of the denomination will assemble that has been together in years. It is expected that the sum of $100,000 will be raised for the endowment of Mercer.

A proposition was adopted for the purpose of raising the standard of the institution, especially in mathematics.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the issuance of life scholarships in payment of $1,000 in instalments as may suit the parties issuing certificates for perpetual scholarships which are transferable or descending to heirs.

The real estate of the institution is over $100,000, the invested $125,000.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: D. E. Butler, president; G. R. McCall, secretary and treasurer.

To-night the oration before the alumni society was delivered by Colonel R. W. Patterson, of Macon. His subject was "Common Sense."

The annual levee of Dr. Battle was given at his residence at Mercer this evening. The occasion was one of much pleasure and was a brilliant finale of one of the best commencements known to the university.

### Bookwalter Thinks Tilden Would Run.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June 25.—John W. Bookwalter has been interviewed on his recent visit to Tilden, of which he says: "I visited Tilden two weeks ago, at his residence in Gramercy park. He usually allows visitors only about three minutes' conversation, but I was favored with half an hour. I think his whisper alone has given rise to most of the stories about his feebleness. His tread was remarkably firm, and he may outlive two presidents yet. At that time he had not written his letter of declination, but I understood that he intended to do so. His mind was perfectly clear, and his intellect retained all its old time force and vigor. It is my impression that Mr. Tilden would not refuse the nomination for the presidency if it was tendered by the Chicago convention. Let him be nominated and the convention adjourn, and I am satisfied he would run. I am fully satisfied that his health would be fully equal to the emergency. With Tilden as the candidate, the campaign would largely run itself. There would not be the great labor which usually devolves on a candidate.

### A New Paper in Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 25.—[Special]—A meeting was held to-day of the stockholders of the new republican daily to make its appearanee in this city about the first of August. Preliminary arrangements were made and a charter will be applied for in a w days. It is to be published by the "Commer l Printing company," with a paid up capital of $30,000, with a reserve fund of a similar amount. H. F. Griscom, of the present Weekly Commercial, it is said, will be manager.

Major A. S. Key, who has been spoken of as a dark horse in the mocratic nomination in this district for congress, stated to-day that he would not allow his name to be used; that complications have arisen that precluded him from doing so.

### Hanged to a Tree.

WHITNEY, Texas, June 25.—Ike Laddey, the negro rapist, twenty-five years old, captured near Hubbard city, was jailed here last night. Within the past few months he made three desperate attempts to outrage white women, succeeding in one instance. After midnight last night a crowd of seventy-five horsemen entered the village, battered down the doors of the jail and took Laddey therefrom, without much resistance, and hanged him to a tree. The vigilantes cut the negro's ears off and left a written statement defending the killing.

### The Cashin-King Wedding.

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 25.—[Special.]—Augusta celebrated a marriage in high life very quietly tonight, Miss Lizzie Cashin, the famous beauty and belle, wedding Henry B. King, only son of Judge John P. King, ex-president of the Georgia railroad and the oldest living ex-United States senator. They left to-night on the Georgia railroad in a special palace coach tendered by railroad officials, for Atlanta, and Mr. King's beautiful country place in Tennessee.

### Baseball Yesterday.

RICHMOND, Va., June 25.—Virginias, 8; Domestics, 2.

DETROIT, June 25.—Providences, 3; Detroits, 0.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 25.—Wilmingtons, 13; Allentowns, 6.

CLEVELAND, June 25.—Clevelands, 14; Philadelphians, 1.

### The Florida Governorship.

PENSACOLA, June 25.—In the democratic state convention the first ballot for governor resulted: Perry 101, Pasco 85, Barnes 78. The second ballot for governor resulted: Perry 11, Pasco 99, Barnes 89. Adjourned until to-morrow.

Cleveland will be indorsed. The permanent organization of the convention was effected by the selection of J. T. McClellan for chairman.

## ESSENCE OF DIXIE.

Very favorable reports of crops from all parts of Alabama.

The Cumberland club house of Nashville, has just been completed, and it is elegant, tasteful and artistic.

West Tennessee is harvesting the best wheat crop known for a number of years.

The wheat crop of middle and east Tennessee is largely in excess of last year, and will have a large surplus.

In Clay county, Alabama, one hundred and sixty acres planted in peppermint and large quantities of peppermint oil will be manufactured.

There are six counties in Florida that have no barrooms, and of these four are in south Florida, Sumter, Polk, Hillsborough and Manatee.

Drinking water twenty cents per demijohn in Key West.

Farmers in middle Florida have laid by their crop of corn and turned their attention to the cotton, which prospect is very flattering.

The drummer's convention will meet at Moorehead City, July 8.

The property valuation of Texas has advanced in three years from $311,470,736 to $506,000,000.

### Blind Tigers in Gadsden.

GADSDEN, Ala., June 25.—Ever since Gadsden has had a prohibition law, blind tigers have been running in and near the city limits, and city authorities have not succeeded in breaking up a single one. Drunkenness is gradually on the increase In fact, the "tigers" are becoming so bold that the citizens met pursuant to a call last Friday, to devise the best remedy therefor. With a strict prohibition law, we can see almost any day, and every Saturday and Sunday, men staggering and swearing on the streets, full to overflowing with mean whisky. The Times, last week, said that they thought there never had been, in the history of the south, a city so completely misgovered as Gadsden, and that there seemed to be a looseness in their official action and administration of the city laws that is inexplicable. Gadsden, with a population of three thousand people, now has a special police force of 20 men.

### Columbia Dots.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 25.—[Special.]—Dr. John T. Wightman is spending a few days in Columbia.

The Euphradian society of the South Carolina college held their anniversary celebration in the college chapel last night.

Mary Ellerson, colored, in the penitentiary for life, and Wesley Stockhouse, colored, also a life convict, died yesterday of consumption.

John James and Jim Saunders, two escaped convicts, have been captured and are now in safe quarters.

The Clariosophic society of the South Carolina college celebrated their anniversary last night in the college chapel, Despite the bad weather, a goodly number of outsiders were present.

To-morrow will be commencement day at the South Carolina college. The number of students uow in the college is 202.

### In the Hands of the Mob.

DETROIT, June 25.—Andrew Long, the wife murderer, was taken from jail at Iona this morning, and conveyed to Muir for preliminary examination, when a mob took him from the officers and got a rope around his neck. The officers, by a desperate struggle, rescued him. They got him into the hotel, where he is at present. The sheriff has telegraphed the governor for assistance and troops. There are fears that an attack by the mob will be renewed.

### A Druggist Assassinated.

FORT WORTH, June 25.—Dr. O. W. Barrodale was assassinated last night in the Fort Worth pharmacy by a saddler named Chas. Herring. The latter was drunk, entered the drug store and began abusing Barrodale, who was about to rise from his chair, when Herring placed a pistol against the druggist breast and fired, killing him instantly The murderer escaped. The officers are scouring the city for him, and threats of lynching are freely made.

### The Press at the Chicago Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 25.—Austin H. Brown, of this city, chairman of the press committee of the democratic national convention, has received and registered several hundrod applications for press privileges. Those from the daily papers alone call for more than double the space allowed for special reporting.

### The Lindell House Assigns.

ST. LOUIS, June 25.—The Lindell house association has made an assignment to James L. Huse, for the benefit of its creditors. The assets and liabilities are not stated. The association is composed of Charles A. Scudder, Henry Ames and J. H. Chassaing.

### He is For Cleveland.

WATERVILLE, Me., June 25.—The democrats of the third district, to-day, chose Benjamin Bunker as delegate to the Chicago convention, and expressed strong preference for Governor Cleveland as their choice for president.

### Abolishing the May Law.

BERLIN, June 25.—In the reichstag to-day, Herr Windthorst's bill, abolishing the expulsion and imprisonment of clergy for exercising their functions without authority, passed its third reading by a vote of 246 to 34. The bill was read without debate.

### Mrs. Polk's Picture.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The large painting of Mrs. President Polk, which was presented by the ladies of Tennessee, has been hung in the green room of the white house as a companion piece to the portrait of Mrs. President Hayes.

### A Fatal Explosion.

WAUSAU, Wis., June 25.—The boiler in the Smith planing mill, exploded this morning, killing George Bice, August Strent, John Knox and Mary Crocker, and wounding several others.

### A Booming Season.

From the Selma Times,

The corn crop between this city and Demopolis is splendid, in fact, old railroad men, who have been running on the road for years, say the prospect was never better. Much of the cotton is small but looks well and is comparatively clean. Altogether, the crop prospect suggests a booming season next fall and winter.

### Sing Hey, the Merry Bolters.

From the Boston Herald (Anti-Crow.)

The machine grinders can sneer at Massachusetts. But she is the only state that has a Bunker Hill day, or a Concord or Lexington day, or a Faneuil Hall, or an organized Blaine bolt.

### A Terrible Revenge.

"Plunkett," howled Fitzgoober, with a dark cloud of anger mantling his cheeks, "did you hear the words that Pullett used to me?"

"I did," was the ice-cream cold answer, "and I think they demand a call for satisfaction from you."

"Ah, revenge is what you hint at, is it not?"

"That's what I meant."

"Your words have sent my brains a whirl," savagely muttered the insulted hero, sucking his cane with great energy, "and I've struck the right track;—oh, but I'll make him suffer and long for death; my punishment shall relentlessly pursue him while daylight beams forth, and at eventide, when he shall seek his downy couch, the memory of that day shall haunt his sought-for slumbers; in his dreams he will be tortured;—little devils shall——"

"My God, man," almost shrieked Plunkett "what fearful deed would you do?" Lowering his voice to a street car rumble, Fitz replied: "I'll tell all of his creditors where he is now staying."

MR. BLAINE'S wealth, according to the Springfield Republican, "has been variously estimated. The Chicago Tribune says of him that his inherited coal and iron lands made him worth about a quarter of a million when he went to Maine as a young man, but if this was so, he concealed his means with great success during the period that he was a newspaper man on a small salary. His friends, like W. W. Phelps, who claimed to know his affairs, put a moderate estimate upon his means—somewhere within a million. It is calculated that his book, however, will reach one million copies, for which he gets eighty cents each, or the snug sum of $800,000. He has spent about two years upon the work, for which, of course, the reading of his whole career has been some preparation."

SECRETARY LINCOLN is represented by the Louisville Argus as saying that he was "opposed to Blaine, believing him to be dishonest and fearing that he was corrupt."

### FUNERAL NOTICE.

CALDWELL—The relatives and friends of Mr and Mrs. R. E. Caldwell are invited to attend the funeral of their infant daughter from the residence. 269 West Peachtree street, at four o'clock p. m. today (Thursday.)


THEO. H. PRICE, Late of Eure, Farrar & Price. FERGUS REID.

PRICE, REID & CO.,
Cotton Commission Merchants
—NORFOLK, VA.—

Special attention given to the sale of cotton, to arrive or in transit, for both foreign and domestic markets. Correspondence solicited.

Police Gazette! Police Gazette!

WILL BE SENT REGULARLY BY MAIL TO any address in Georgia 3 months for $1.00 or

WEEK'S DOINGS and POLICE GAZETTE

The leading sporting, theatrical and sensational papers in America, in one wrapper, 3 months, $1.50.

The Police Gazette and Week's Doings are the only papers published by R. K. Fox.

Send on your subscription at once to
RICHARD K. FOX.
Franklin Square and Dover St., New York.
th sa tu


### PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE THERE WILL BE an examination of white applicants for 8th Grade Summer Hill School, Saturday, 9 o'clock, July 5th, at office of Superintendent

W. F. SLATON, Superintendent.

th sat sun


HARTER'S THE ONLY TRUE IRON TONIC

Will purify the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, and Tired Feeling absolutely cured. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.

LADIES suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion.

Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST.

(Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co. St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.)

june26—d&w1y


### DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF CLARKE, HARRISON & CO., WAS dissolved on the 19th inst, E. T. Paine, Jr., and Charles K. Rowland having sold out their entire interest in the business to P. B. Clark and W. A. Harrison and retired from the firm. Messrs. Clarke and Harrison will continue business at No. 9 and 11 North Broad street, under the firm name of Clarke, Harrison & Co. They alone are authorized to receipt for all demands due the late firm.

E. T. PAINE, JR.
CHAS. K. ROWLAND,
P. B. CLARKE,
W. A. HARRISON.

IN RETIRING FROM THE LATE FIRM OF Clarke, Harrison & Co., we desire to thank our friends and customers for their very liberal patronage in the past, and will be pleased to have them continue the same with the new firm, feeling that their interests will be carefully protected. The connections of these gentlemen, both in New York and Chicago, are the very best, and they have the capital and business qualifications necessary to conduct a safe business. Our only reason for retiring from the late firm was on account of the increased demands on our time by the Fairview Coal and Mining company of Alabama.

Very respectfully,
EDWARD T. PAINE, JR.
CHAS. K. ROWLAND.

WE DESIRE TO RETURN THANKS TO OUR customers for the liberal patronage they have given us and trust it will be continued. Respectfully

CLARKE, HARRISON & CO.


IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY IN BUYING

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS

It will pay you to inspect my stock of

Business & Dress Suits,

EXTRA PANTS,

ALPACA, SICILLIAN AND SEERSUCKER COATS

AND WHITE VESTS.

FANCY HALF HOSE,

NECKWEAR

Collars, Cuffs, Shirts, Etc.

ALL WILL BE SOLD AT LOW FIGURES.

A. B. ANDREWS,

NO. 16 WHITEHALL STREET.

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office, 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton. Atlanta, Ga

—ALSO,—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR.

Manufacturer of

Roofing and Paving Materials,
Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts.

PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc.

No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.



TIMKEN SPRING VEHICLES!

Easiest riding Vehicle made. Rides as easy with one person as with two. The Springs lengthen and shorten according to the weight they carry. Equally well adapted to rough country roads and fine drives of cities. Manufactured and sold by all the leading Carriage Builders and Dealers. Henry Timken, Patentee, St. Louis.

J. J. McDONOUGH, Savannah, Ga. M. F. AMOROUS, Atlanta, Ga.

M. F. AMOROUS & CO.

48 MARIETTA ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.

Long Leaf Yellow Pine Lumber,

Shingles and Laths.

Framing, bridge and trestle timbers sawed to order at short notice.

Kiln dried, dressed and matched flooring and ceiling.

Cypress shingles and cedar post.

7 Chicago lumber dryers.

Capacity planing mills, 70,000 feet per day.

Daily mill capacity, 200,000 feet.

Will quote prices delivered in any part of the United States.

NEW YORK, 108 EAST 23D STREET. With excellent board and accommodations, large and well ventilated Rooms, en suite or single: central location; best of references given.

MRS. M. A. BEVAN


### East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia RAILROAD.

DIVISIONS IN GEORGIA.

THE NEW SHORT LINE.

Chattanooga to Atlanta,
Atlanta to Macon,
Rome to Atlanta,

—AND—

THE SHORTEST OF ALL ROUTES

Chattanooga and the West,
To Florida and the Southeast,

Closely Connecting in Union Depot at Chattanooga

BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH

with trains of Cincinnati Southern Railway, and Memphis and Charleston Railroad division, Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway.

Only Line Running Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND FLORIDA

The Year Round Without Change and Without Delay. Trains at Atlanta Arrive at and Depart from Short Line Passenger Station, Mitchell Street.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING

THROUGH PASSENGER COACHES

Between Chattanooga and Jacksonville, Fla.

Without Change and Without Extra Fares.

CONDENSED LOCAL PASSENGER SCHEDULE (on basis Central Standard time, by which all trains are run), in effect June 11th, 1884.

SOUTHWARD.

| | STATIONS. | Train No. 53. | Train No. 51. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leave | CLEVELAND | 8 15 a m | 2 40 p m |
| " | CHATTANOOGA | 8 20 a m | |
| " | Ooltewah | 8 53 a m | |
| " | Cohuttah | 9 25 a m | 3 15 p m |
| Arrive | DALTON | 9 52 a m | 3 50 p m |
| Leave | | 9 55 a m | 3 50 p m |
| Arrive | East Rome | 11 17 a m | 5 30 p m |
| Leave | East Rome | 11 25 a m | 5 30 p m |
| " | Rockmart | 12 19 p m | 6 35 p m |
| " | Dallas | 1 04 p m | 7 28 p m |
| Arrive | ATLANTA | 2 40 p m | 9 15 p m |
| Leave | | 3 15 p m | 5 30 a m |
| " | McDonough | 4 38 p m | 6 47 a m |
| " | Jackson | 5 20 p m | 7 30 a m |
| " | Indian Springs | 5 33 p m | 7 43 a m |
| Arrive | MACON | 7 20 p m | 9 20 a m |
| Leave | | 7 55 p m | 9 45 a m |
| " | Cochran | 9 43 p m | 12 05 p m |
| " | Eastman | 10 37 p m | 1 35 p m |
| Arrive | JESUP | 3 30 a m | 6 00 p m |
| Leave | | 4 00 a m | |
| " | Sterling | 6 00 a m | |
| " | BRUNSWICK | 6 45 a m | |

NORTHWARD.

| | STATIONS. | Train No. 54. | Train No. 52. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leave | BRUNSWICK | 8 00 p m | |
| " | Sterling | 8 40 p m | |
| Arrive | JESUP | 10 10 p m | |
| Leave | | 11 30 p m | 6 45 a m |
| " | Eastman | 4 10 a m | 12 10 p m |
| " | Cochran | 5 05 a m | 1 25 p m |
| Arrive | MACON | 7 00 a m | 3 30 p m |
| Leave | | 7 30 a m | 5 00 p m |
| " | Indian Springs | 9 05 a m | 6 30 p m |
| " | Jackson | 9 18 a m | 6 42 p m |
| " | McDonough | 10 00 a m | 7 20 p m |
| Arrive | ATLANTA | 11 15 a m | 8 30 p m |
| Leave | | 12 35 p m | 11 30 p m |
| " | Dallas | 2 03 p m | 1 45 a m |
| " | Rockmart | 2 53 p m | 2 50 a m |
| Arrive | East Rome | 3 50 p m | 4 20 a m |
| Leave | East Rome | 3 55 p m | 5 00 a m |
| Arrive | Dalton | 5 33 p m | 6 30 a m |
| " | Cohutta | 6 07 p m | 6 55 a m |
| " | Ooltewah | 6 40 p m | 7 59 a m |
| " | CHATTANOOGA | 7 20 p m | 8 45 a m |
| " | Cleveland | 8 00 p m | 7 25 a m |

CONNECTIONS.

Trains Nos. 53 and 54 connect at Chattanooga with Memphis and Charleston Division, E. T. & G. R. R., and Cincinnati Southern R'y and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis R'y.

Trains Nos. 51, 52, 53 and 54 connect at Cleveland with main line East Tenn., Va. & Ga. R. R. and connect at Rome with Alabama Division E. T., V. & Ga. R. R.

Trains Nos. 51, 52, 53 and 54 connect at Atlanta with diverging roads, and connect at Jesup with S., F. & W. R'y for Florida.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

Trains Nos. 53 and 54 have Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars and Through Passenger Coaches between Atlanta and Jacksonville. Trains 53 and 54 connect at Cleveland with Pullman Sleepers between Cleveland and New York, and also with Sleepers between Cleveland and Warm Springs without change, and Sleeping Car between Atlanta, Macon and Brunswick.

Trains Nos. 51 and 52 have Sleeping Cars between Macon and Cleveland, connecting with Pullman Sleepers between Cleveland and New York.

All trains run daily.

Trains to and from Hawkinsville connect at Cochran daily, except Sunday.

J. E. MALLORY, Superintendent Brunswick Division, Macon.
J. W. FRY, Superintendent Atlanta Division, Atlanta, Ga
A. POPE, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
J. J. GRIFFIN, A. G. P. A., Atlanta.


30 DAYS' TRIAL

DR. DYE'S

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

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DIAMONDS! DIAMONDS!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

PRECIOUS STONES

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HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

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ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND.....55,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) Individually liable.

W. H. PATTERSON,

Bond and Stock Broker

24 PRYOR STREET,
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WANTED.

Georgia Railroad Bonds.
Fulton County Bonds.

FOR SALE.

Central Railroad Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Stock.
Georgia Pacific Railroad Bonds.
Georgia Railroad Stock.
Atlanta 8 per cent. Bonds.

CLARKE, HARRISON & CO.,

BROKERS IN

Cotton, Produce, Stocks & Bonds

No. 9 and 11 N. Broad Street,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF COTTON, Grain, Provisions, Petroleum and Coffee, for future delivery on margins, in the New York Exchanges and on the Chicago Board of Trade a Specialty.

ALSO BUY AND SELL STOCKS & BONDS.

Daily market quotations furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

# FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

## Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, June 25, 1884.

The improvement in the security market continues, and we note an advance in Georgia 6s, Georgia railroad 6s, Georgia railroad stock, Southwestern railroad stock and Central railroad debentures.

The accumulation of a large excess above legal requirements by the New York banks, the upward tendency of the New York stock market and the disbursement of a large sum on the first of July in dividends and interest, together with the fact that imports of gold are probable in the near future, induces a trust that money will soon assume an easy attitude.

Money market remains unchanged, the banks continuing to decline outside loans.

Short time mercantile double named paper is taken by individuals at 12 per cent.

Money is in demand at 10@12 per cent.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50 ₩ 1,000 premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ga. 6s | 104 | 106 | Atlanta 7s, 1899 | 104 | 106 |
| Ga. 7s, 1886 | 103 | 106 | Atlanta 6s (L.D.) | 100 | 103 |
| Ga. 7s gold | 109 | 112 | Atlanta 6s (S.D.) | 96 | 100 |
| Ga. 7s, 1896 | 115 | 117 | Atlanta 5s | 81 | 84 |
| S.C. (Brown) | 102 | 104 | Augusta 7s | 105 | 107 |
| Savannah 5s. | 79 | 81 | Augusta 6s | 100 | 103 |
| Atl'ta 8s 1902 | 110 | 114 | Macon 6s | 100 | 103 |
| Atl'ta 8s 1892 | 102 | 106 | Columbus 5s | 81 | 83 |
| Atl'ta 7s 1904 | 105 | 108 | | | |
| ATLANTA BANK STOCK. | | | | | |
| Atlanta Na'l | 200 | 210 | B'k State of Ga. | 125 | 140 |
| M'ch'ts B'k | 100 | 105 | Gate City Nat | 100 | 105 |
| RAILROAD BONDS. | | | | | |
| Ga. R. 6s 1897 | 103 | 105 | Atlanta & Char. inc | 75 | 80 |
| Ga. R. 6s 1910 | 104 | 106 | | | |
| Ga. R. 6s 1922 | 104 | 107 | M. & Aug. ind | 100 | 103 |
| Cen. R. 7s 1893 | 110 | 112 | W.R. of Ala, 1st | 104 | 106 |
| C. C. & A. 1st | 103 | 106 | do. 2d | 106 | 108 |
| At. & Char. 1st | 106 | 108 | Ga. Pac. ind | 90 | 92 |
| RAILROAD STOCKS. | | | | | |
| Georgia | 143 | 146 | Central debent | 86 | 89 |
| At. & Char | 65 | 70 | Aug. & Sav | 116 | 118 |
| Southwe'tern | 108 | 110 | A. & W. P | 90 | 93 |
| South C'lina. | 20 | 25 | do. debent | 89 | 92 |
| Central | 70 | 72 | C., C. & A | 15 | 18 |

Central stock and debentures and Atlanta and West Point stock and debentures are quoted ex-dividend and ex-interest.

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, June 25—The stock market opened strong and higher, and prices rose ⅛ to 3 per cent, Chicago and Alton, Northwestern, St. Paul, Rock Island, Lackawanna, Missouri Pacific, Kansas and Texas, and Union Pacific being most prominent in the improvement. Soon afterward Western Union and New York Central weakened, the former declining 1⅜ per cent and the latter 1. This checked the upward movement in the remainder of the list, and the early improvement was partially lost. By 11 a. m. the market was strong again. Northwestern rose 1¾ per cent; Central Pacific ⅞; St. Paul 1¼; Lackawanna 1⅝; Louisville and Nashville 1⅝; Lake Shore 1; Michigan Central 2¾; Missouri Pacific 1; New York Central 1; Northern Pacific preferred ⅝. This was succeeded by a weaker feeling and a reaction of ½ to 1⅞ per cent. After midday the market became active and higher on the declaration of a dividend of 1½ per cent by the Lake Shore directors. Pacific Mail advanced 2⅛ per cent at this time. Subsequently a sharp attack was made on Northern Pacific preferred. Rumors of the failure of several prominent German banking houses were current. Northern Pacific preferred broke 2¾ per cent; Oregon Transcontinental 1¼; Pacific Mail 1½; New York Central 1⅜; Northwest 2⅝; St. Paul 2¾; Lackawanna 2¼; Lake Shore 2⅛; Missouri Pacific 1⅞. Upon investigation it was ascertained that the reports of the failures of German banking concerns were unfounded, and the market became steadier. Compared with last night's close, prices are ⅛ to 1¾ higher for Canada Southern, Canada Pacific, Central Pacific, Northwest preferred, Denver, Lackawanna, Rock Island, Kansas and Texas, Pacific Mail and the Wabashes: and ¼ to 2⅛ per cent lower for Quincy, Northwest, St. Paul, Louisville and Nashville, Lake Shore, Missouri Pacific, New York Central, Northern Pacific preferred, Oregon Transcontinental, Union Pacific and Western Union. Sales 384,000 shares.

Exchange 481½. Money 2. Sub-treasury balances: Coin $120,278,000; currency $9,776,000. Governments lower; 4s 118¾; 3s 100. State bonds more active.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ala. Class A 2 to 5 | †82 | Mobile & Ohio | 6¼ |
| do. Class B 5s | 103 | A. & C | 34 |
| Ga. 6s | †95 | N. O. Pac firsts | 51 |
| Ga. 7s mortgage | †100 | N. Y. Central | 96⅞ |
| North Carolinas | †27½ | Norfolk & W'n pre | 24 |
| do. new | †12½ | Northern Pac | 17¼ |
| do. funding | †10 | do. preferred | 41¾ |
| S. C. con. Brown | †108 | Pacific Mail | 39⅝ |
| Tennessee 6s | 36½ | Reading | 23⅝ |
| Virginia 6s | †40 | Rich. & Allegheny. | 2¾ |
| Virginia consols | †40 | Richmond & Dan | 34 |
| Chesap'ke & Ohio | 4¾ | Rich. & W. P. Ter'l. | 12 |
| Chicago & N. W | 85⅛ | Rock Island | 104¼ |
| do. preferred | 118 | St. Paul | 60½ |
| Den & Rio Grande | 8 | do. preferred | 98 |
| Erie | 13⅛ | Texas Pacific | 7⅝ |
| East Tenn. R. R | 3¾ | Union Pacific | 33⅞ |
| Lake Shore | 73⅝ | Wab. St. L. & Pac | 4¾ |
| L. & N | 24⅝ | do. preferred | 11¾ |
| Memphis & Char | 22 | Western Union | 52⅝ |

†Bid ‡Ex-dividend *Offered ‖Asked

## THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, June 25, 1884.

New York—Cotton opened firm this morning and evidently under a much refreshed feeling. Opening 5@8 points higher the months advanced until ... 7,760 bales last year; exports 13,152 bales; last year 20,159 bales; stock 352,564 bales; last year 401,109 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

| OPENED. | | CLOSED. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| June | 11 02@11.05 | June | 11.07@11.09 |
| July | 11.04@ | July | 11.08@11.09 |
| August | 11.19@ | August | 11.23@ |
| September | 11.04@ | September | 11.07@11.08 |
| October | 10.66@ | October | 10.70@ |
| November | 10.53@ | November | 10.55@10.56 |
| December | 10.53@11.54 | December | 10.55@10.56 |
| January | 10.61@ | January | 10.64@10.65 |
| February | 10.74@11.77 | February | 10.76@10.77 |

Closed steady; sales 124,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed firm. Spots — Uplands 6 5-16d; Orleans 6 7-16d; sales 8,000 bales, of which 5,600 bales were American; receipts 4,000; American 900.

Local—Cotton dull at quotations; Good middling 11⅛c; middling 11c; strict low middling 10⅞c; low middling 10¾c; strict good ordinary 10⅝c; tinges 11¼c; stains 9@9¾c.

NEW YORK, June 25—The Post's cotton market report says: Future deliveries opened with a good demand and advanced 14@10-100 but lost again 6@3-100. After the very large quantity of long cotton recently shaken out, and especially after the heavy sales and low range of prices yesterday the conclusion that they have at last reached bottom will appear reasonable. The improvement may be slow, but is it not likely that the question will now suggest itself: what would the value of cotton have been without the irresistable financial pressure; has not the reduction been carried too far; what effect will reduced prices have upon consumption, and what will European stocks of American cotton be in October and November? Moreover, whether it is not too early to take our next crop into favorable consideration, and whether really a large crop is not indispensable, suppose it should only be moderate in quantity and late. At the third call August sold at 11.23, September 11.06 and April 11.00. Futures closed firm 7@10-100 higher than yesterday.

### By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, June 25—Cotton steady; middling uplands 6 5-16; middling Orleans 6 7-16; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 4,000; American 900: uplands low middling clause June and July delivery 6 16-64, 6 17-64; July and August delivery 6 16-64, 6 17-64; August and September delivery 6 18-64, 6 19-64, 6 20-64; September and October delivery 6 17-64, 6 18-64; October and November delivery 6 4-64, 6 5-64; November and December delivery, 6, 6 1-64; December and January delivery 6; September delivery 6 21-64, 6 22-64; futures opened firm at the advance.

LIVERPOOL, June 25—2:00 p.m.—Sales of American 5,600 bales; uplands low middling clause June delivery 6 18-64, sellers; June and July delivery 6 18-64, sellers; July and August delivery 6 18-64, sellers; August and September delivery 6 20-64, buyers; September and October delivery 6 19-64, buyers; October and November delivery 6 5-64, buyers; November and December delivery 6 1-64, buyers; September delivery 6 23-64, sellers; futures steady.

LIVERPOOL, June 25—4:00 p. m.— Uplands low middling clause June delivery 6 18-64, buyers; June and July delivery 6 18-64, buyers; July and August delivery 6 18-64, buyers; August and September delivery 6 21-64, sellers; September and October delivery 6 19-64, buyers; October and November delivery 6 6-64, buyers; November and December delivery 6 2-64, buyers; December and January delivery 6 2-64, buyers; September delivery 6 23-64, buyers; futures closed firm.

NEW YORK, June 25—Cotton firm; sales 1,087 bales; middling uplands 11¼; middling Orleans 11⅜; net receipts none; gross 3,445; consolidated net receipts 1,323; exports to Great Britain 2,551; to continent 255.

GALVESTON, June 25—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 11; net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; sales none; stock 1,386; exports coastwise 697.

NORFOLK, June 25—Cotton nominal; middling 11; net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; stock 1,135; sales none.

WILMINGTON, June 25—Cotton dull; middling 11⅛; net receipts 1 bales; gross 1; sales none; stock 850.

SAVANNAH, June 25—Cotton quiet; middling 11; net receipts 316 bales; gross 316; sales none; stock 1,100; exports coastwise 300.

NEW ORLEANS, June 25—Cotton dull; middling 11⅛; net receipts 157 bales; gross 158; sales 300; stock 70,406; exports to continent 205; coastwise 4,385.

MOBILE, June 25—Cotton nominal; middling 11⅛; net receipts none; gross 1 bales; sales none; stock 4,323; exports coastwise 616.

MEMPHIS, June 25—Cotton quiet; middling 11⅛; net receipts 150 bales; shipments 652; sales none; stock 13,995.

AUGUSTA, June 25—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 11¼; net receipts none bales; shipments —; sales none.

CHARLESTON, June 25—Cotton nominal; middling 11¼; net receipts 81 bales; gross 81; sales 6; stock 2,407; exports coastwise 99.

## THE CHICAGO MARKET.

### Features of the Speculative Movements in Grain and Produce.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, June 25—The leading markets on 'change to-day were more or less unsettled, the disturbing causes being a reported failure of a prominent New York bank and the posting of two lots of hot corn in that city. Wheat opened firm and higher, and throughout the day trading in that cereal was on a more extended scale than has been seen in many weeks. At one time July sold at 87¼c and August at 89½c, and the feeling generally was bullish, in view of light stocks and fears of a wet harvest. Toward the close on the regular board prices fell off, July closing at 86⅛c and August at 88⅛c. On the afternoon board the feeling was again quite firm, July closing at 86¾c, August at 88⅝c and September at 88⅝c.

Corn opened active and firm, the best prices of the day being current at that time. The market broke nearly 1c on reports of hot corn in New York, closing heavy at the decline. On the afternoon board prices again fell off, June closing at 54⅛c, July at 54⅞c, August and September at 55⅛c.

Oats were quiet and about steady, but very sparingly dealt in. On the afternoon board prices dropped off ⅛@¼c, June and July closing at 31c and August at 27⅛c.

Pork showed a little more life, distant futures dropping off heavily. On the afternoon board another sharp decline occurred on August and September options. The latest figures were $19.00 for June and July, $18.50 for August and $17.75 for September.

Lard was lower, closing at $7.27½ for June and July, $7.42½ for July and $7.55 for September.

## PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, June 25, 1884.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

| | Opening. | Highest. | Lowest. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| WHEAT. | | | | |
| July | 87 | 87⅛ | 86⅛ | 86¾ |
| August | 88¾ | 89 | 88⅛ | 88½ |
| PORK. | | | | |
| July | 19 15 | 19 15 | 19 00 | 19 00 |
| August | 18 75 | 18 80 | 18 32½ | 18 50 |
| CLEAR RIB SIDES. | | | | |
| July | 7 67½ | 7 67½ | 7 40 | 7 40 |
| August | 7 77½ | 7 77½ | 7 50 | 7 50 |

### Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, June 25—Market quiet. Hay steady. Flour—Steady at quotations; patent process $6.75@$7.00; fancy $5.75@$6.00; extra family $5.50; family $5.25. Wheat—No. 2 red $1.20@$1.23. Corn—White milling, car lots bulk, 85c; do. sacked 88c; dray lots 92@95c; mixed, car lots bulk, 75c; do. sacked 78c; dray lots 83c. Corn Meal—85@90c. Stock Feed—$1.35 ₩ 100 lbs. Oats—Car lots bulk 44c; do. sacked 46½c; dray lots 52c. Rye—None. Hay—Fancy ₩ ton $20.00; ₩ 100 lbs $1.10; choice ₩ ton $19.00; ₩ 100 lbs $1.05; prime ₩ ton $18.00; ₩ 100 lbs $1.00; no clover on market. Wheat Bran—Car lots 95; dray lots $1.05@$1.10. Grits $3.85 ₩ bbl.

BALTIMORE, June 25—Flour steady and quiet; Howard street and western superfine $2.75@$3.37; extra $3.50@$4.25; family $4.50@$5.75; city mills superfine $3.00@$3.50; extra $3.50@$4.25; Rio brands $5.62@5.75. Wheat, southern quiet and lower; western a shade firmer and quiet; southern red, old $1.00@$1.05; new $1.05@$1.10; amber, old $1.05@$1.08; new $1.10@$1.25; No. 1 Maryland $1.07½; No. 2 western winter red spot 98¾@99. Corn, southern quiet and steady; western steady and dull; southern white 70@71; yellow 63@64½.

NEW YORK, June 25—Flour, southern rather weak; common to fair extra $3.50@$4.60; good to choice $4.65@$6.25. Wheat, spot ½@1c higher, closing with less strength; No. 2 red June nominal; July 98⅞@99⅞. Corn, spot ⅛@¼c; No. 2 spot 63; June 61⅛@61⅞. Oats ¼@½c lower; No. 2 35¼@35½. Hops in fair demand; common to choice 20@32.

CHICAGO, June 25—Flour unchanged. Wheat generally stronger; opened firm but closed ⅛@½c under the latest prices yesterday; June 85⅛@85⅞; No. 2 Chicago spring 85⅛@86⅛. Corn unsettled ... under yesterday; cash ... red fall $1.05@$1.05¼ cash; No. 3 red fall 92. Corn weak and lower; No. 2 mixed 52@52¼ cash; 52½ June. Oats very slow; 31⅛ cash; 29¼ July.

CINCINNATI, June 25—Flour dull and drooping; family $4.20@$4.60; fancy $5.00@$5.25. Wheat heavy; No. 2 red winter 97@98. Corn lower; No. 2 mixed 55½@56. Oats firmer; No. 2 mixed 34½@35.

LOUISVILLE, June 25—Wheat dull; No. 2 red winter $1.00. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed 57. Oats dull; No. 2 western mixed 35@35½.

### Groceries.

ATLANTA, June 25—Market comparatively quiet. Coffee—Rio 10@12; old government Java 25c. Sugars—Standard A 7¼c; granulated 7½c; white extra C 7c; no demand for New Orleans sugars. Molasses—Black strap in barrels 29c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 50c; prime 45c; fair 35@40c; common 30c. Teas—Black 40@60c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 80c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 80c. Pepper 18c. Crackers—Milk 8c; Boston butter 8¼c; pearl oyster 7c; X soda 6c; XXX do. 6½c. Candy—Assorted stick 9½c. Mackerel—Market about bare of 1s and 2s; No. 3 kits, L.W., 55c; do. ¼ bbls, 80 lbs, $2.75@$3.75; do. ½ bbls, 100 lbs, $4.50. Soap $2.50@$7.00 ₩ 100 cakes. Candles — Full weight 15c. Matches—100 ₩ box $1.50; 200 $3.50; 300 $4.75. Soda, in kegs, 4¾c; in boxes 5¾@6¼c. Rice 6@7c.

NEW YORK, June 25—Coffee, spot fair Rio quiet at 10; No. 7 Rio spot 8.40; July 8.10@8.15. Sugar steady; muscovado 4 11-16; centrifugal 5⅝; fair to good refining 4¾@4⅞, refined dull; C 5⅛@5¼; extra C 5⅜@5⅝; white extra C 5⅝@5¾; yellow 4¾@5; off A 5⅞@6; mould A 6⅞; standard A 6⅝; confectioners A 6½; cut loaf 7½@7⅝; crushed 7½@7⅝; powdered 7⅛@7½; granulated 6⅝; Cubes 7¼@7¾. Molasses steady; refining 15½@16; New Orleans 30@56. Rice firm; domestic 5½@7; rangoon 4⅞@5.

CINCINNATI, June 25—Sugar quiet; hards refined 7@7¾; New Orleans 5½@6½.

CHICAGO, June 25—Sugar, standard A 6⅞; cut loaf 7⅞@8; granulated 7½@7¼.

### Provisions.

CHICAGO, June 25—Pork, prices declined 60@80c for August; near deliveries 10@20c lower; cash nominal; July $18.90@$19.15. Lard opened stronger 5c higher, declined 10@15c and closed steady; cash and July 7.30@7.37½. Bulk meats in fair demand; shoulders 5.80; short rib 7.60; short clear 8.

LOUISVILLE, June 25—Provisions quiet. Mess pork $17.00. Bulk meats, shoulders 6; clear ribs 8.20; clear sides 8⅝. Bacon, shoulders 7; clear ribs 9; clear sides 9⅝; hams, sugar-cured 13. Lard, steam leaf 9¾.

ST. LOUIS, June 25—Provisions dull. Pork, jobbing at $15.25@$15.30. Bulk meats, long clear 7¾; short rib 8; short clear 8.15. Bacon dull; long clear 8.60@8.70; short rib 8¾@8⅞; short clear 9@9⅛. Lard nominal.

CINCINNATI, June 25—Pork quiet; mess $16.00@$16.25. Lard quiet but firm at 7.30. Bulk meats quiet but firm; shoulders 5¾; short ribs 8. Bacon easier; shoulders 7; short ribs 9; short clear 9½.

NEW YORK, June 25—Pork unchanged; old mess spot $16.00. Middles nominal; long clear 8¼. Lard variable and irregular, closing 5 points lower; western steam spot 7.50; July 7.54@7.58.

ATLANTA, June 25—Clear rib sides 9¼c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 13½c. Lard—Tierces, refined 8¼c; tubs 9¼c.

### Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, June 25—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, June 25—Whisky steady at $1.07.

LOUISVILLE, June 25—Whisky quiet at $1.13.

ST. LOUIS, June 25—Whisky steady at $1.08.

CHICAGO, June 25—Whisky steady at $1.10.

### Country Produce.

ATLANTA, June 25—Eggs—15c; firm. Butter—Large stock on the market; prices down; Jersey 20@22½c; choice Tennessee 15c; other grades not wanted at all. Poultry—The market is being better supplied with young chickens, but we note an active sale at unchanged prices; young chickens 12½@27c, owing to size; hens 28@33c; cocks 22@25c; ducks 25c. Irish Potatoes—New, small $2.00@$2.55; small $3.05@$3.50 ₩ bbl; old $1.75@$2.00. Sweet Potatoes—None; no demand. Dried Fruit—Dull; season about over; peaches, peeled 6@10c; no demand; unpeeled 5@7c; sundried apples 6@7c; evaporated not wanted. Honey—Strained 12½@15c; in the comb none. Onions — Yellow Danvers $3.25@$3.50; red $3.00@$3.25. Cabbage—3@3½c. Feathers—Choice 54@60; prime 50@55. Cheese—Skims 11. Peanuts 8½@12c.

### Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, June 25—Turpentine firm at 27½; rosin firm; strained 95; good strained $1.00; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine steady; hards $1.00; yellow dip and virgin $1.85.

SAVANNAH June 25—Turpentine dull at 27½; sales nominal; rosin quiet; strained and good strained $1.00 @$1.05; sales 100 barrels.

CHARLESTON, June 25—Spirits turpentine quiet at 27½ bid; rosin firm; strained and good strained $1.15.

NEW YORK, June 25—Rosin dull at $1.22½@$1.27½; turpentine quiet at 31.

### Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, June 25—Apples — None. Peaches, peck crates $1.00@$1.50. Watermelons ₩ car $150@$200; ₩ 100 $15@$30. Canteloupes $1.50@$2.00 ₩ doz. Lemons—$3.00@$3.25 ₩ box. Oranges—None. Cocoanuts—None on market. Pineapples—$1.60@$2.50 ₩ doz. Bananas—Car lots 90c@$1.25; dray lots $1.50@$2.50. Figs—18@20c. Raisins—New ₩ box $2.75; new London $3.00; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—None on market. California Pears—None. Citron—20c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—11c. Brazils—10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Firm; Tennessee 7@7½c; North Carolina 7½c; Virginia 11c; roasted 1½c ₩ lb extra.

### Hardware.

ATLANTA, June 25—Market quiet and steady at quotations. Horse shoes $4.50; mule shoes $5.50; horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $5.00. Trace-chains 40@70. Ames' shovels $10.50. Spades $10.50@$13.00. Axes $7.00@10.00 ₩ doz. Cotton cards $4.00. Well-buckets $4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3 rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails $3.00. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ₩ lb 7c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $2.70. Bar-lead 7c; shot $2.00.

### Live Stock.

ATLANTA, June 25—The demand for mules is very moderate, and very few on market. Horses are in fair request at the following prices: Good combination horses $1.50@$2.50; good plug $1.15@$1.35; driving horses $1.50@$1.75. The supply of horses is in excess of demand.

CINCINNATI, June 25—Hogs firm; common and light $4.25@$5.30; packing and butchers $5.00@$5.50.

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The following time card in effect Sunday, June 15, 1884.

NORTHBOUND.

NO. 3 EXPRESS—DAILY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | | 8 20 a m |
| Arrive Dalton | | 12 06 n'n |
| " Chattanooga | | 1 30 p m |

Stops at all important stations.

NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | | 2 35 p m |
| Arrive Dalton | | 6 22 p m |
| " Chattanooga | | 8 00 p m |

NO. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 3 45 p m |
| Arrive Rome | 6 50 p m |

Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 5 40 p m |
| Arrives Marietta | 6 37 p m |

Stops at all way stations, and by signals.

NO. 11, EXPRESS—DAILY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leaves Atlanta | 11 40 p m |
| Arrives Chattanooga | 5 15 a m |

Stops at all important stations when signalled.

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No. 3 has Parlor Chair Cars Atlanta to Nashville.
No. 1 has Pullman Palace cars Atlanta to Louisville, via Nashville, New Orleans to Washington, and Pullman cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati.
No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 11 has Pullman car Atlanta to Nashville.

SOUTHBOUND.

NO. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Chattanooga | 8 00 a m |
| Leave Dalton | 9 47 a m |
| Arrive Atlanta | 1 40 p m |

Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Chattanooga | 2 55 p m |
| Arrive Atlanta | 8 40 p m |

NO 12, EXPRESS—DAILY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leaves Chattanooga | 10 15 p m |
| Arrive Atlanta | 3 40 a m |

Stops at all important way stations.

NO. 14, ROME EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leaves Rome | 8 30 a m |
| Arrive Atlanta | 11 45 a m |

Stops at all way stations and by signals.

NO. 17, MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily except Sundays.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leaves Marietta | 7 05 a m |
| Arrive Atlanta | 8 15 a m |

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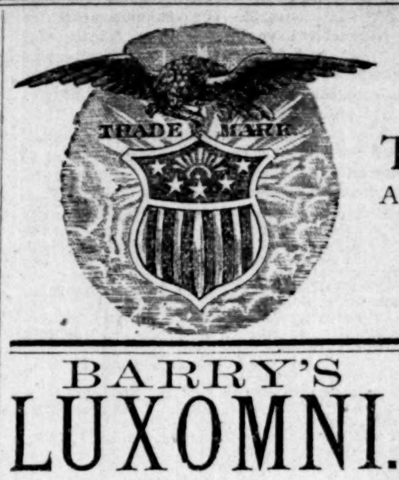
No. 4 has Pullman Palace cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville, New Orleans to Washington, and Nashville to Atlanta.
No. 2 has Parlor Chair car Nashville to Atlanta.
No. 12 has Pullman car Louisville to Atlanta via Nashville.

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HAYGOOD & MARTIN,
Lawyers,
17½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

J.N. Hammond. J. G. Zachry. T. A. Hammond.
HAMMOND, ZACHRY & HAMMOND,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ E. Alabama st., Atlanta, Georgia.
Practice in all the Courts.

W. Y. ATKINSON,
Attorney at Law,
Newnan, Ga.

J. A. ANDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
Has removed his office to 16½ Whitehall street, where he will be pleased to have his friends favor him with business calls.

JAMES W. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law,
Toccoa, Georgia.
Office, Room No. 5 Newman building. Will practice in all courts, state and federal.

EMORY SPEER,
Attorney at Law,
Will appear in causes in the State and U. S. Courts, except where United States government is a party.
Office—Rooms United States Attorney, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. W. J. HAM,
Attorney at Law and Real Estate
Agent and Dealer, Gainesville, Ga.

A. R. Wright. Max Myerhardt. Seaborn Wright.
WRIGHT, MYERHARDT & WRIGHT,

TO THE TRADE!

WE HAVE THIS DAY APPOINTED

HARRALSON BROS. & CO.

Sole Agents for Atlanta for the Following Brands of Cigars Manufactured by us.

BONDY, LEDERER & CO.,

Factory 294, 3d District, New York.

Peck's Bad Boy and His Pa's Cigar, Viviana, Lawrence Barrett, John McCullough, Don Juan, Little Cornelia, Swift No. 9, Dude.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS! All infringements on above brands will be prosecuted to the FULL EXTENT OF THE LAW.

Clarke, Herbert & Co.

Gen'l Agts. Cincinnati Safe & Lock Co. & Boston Magneso Calcite Fire Proof Co.

----FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES----

Vault Doors, Office, House, Express and Bankers' Safes.

SAFES PRICED DELIVERED ANYWHERE. LARGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.

Descriptive Circulars sent to any Address. 20 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

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WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER,

22 ALABAMA STREET,

Carries in Stock

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Imported Brandies, Gins, Sherry and Port Wines, Pommery Sec, VeClicquot, Monopole, G. H. Mumms & Co. Champagnes,

French Liqueurs.

APOLLINARIS WATER,

ANGOSTURA BITTERS,

FINE TABLE CLARETS

BASS ALE, BURKE'S GUINNESS STOUT.

NEW SHOE STORE

33 PEACHTREE STREET.

NEW GOODS, FRESH STOCK AND THE HANDSOMEST STORE IN ATLANTA

Cheapest Prices Ever Offered.

If you don't believe this, come and see for yourself. We have come here to do business.

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MACON, GEORGIA.

STEAM ENGINES, SEPARATORS, CHAMPION REAPERS AND MOWERS AND BINDERS, GRAIN CRADLES, HORSE RARKES, CULTIVATORS, &c. PROPRIETORS OF

CENTRAL CITY IRON WORKS.

WE ARE PREPARED TO DO

REPAIR WORK.

On Machinery of all kinds. We make shafting Pulleys, Boxes, Hangers and all goods in our line. Send for price.
A. B. FARQUHAR & CO.

THE ITALIANS

Have a proverb that: "Some men are so good as to be good for nothing." It is not claimed, as is the case with many so-called remedies, that SWIFT'S SPECIFIC is a cure-all, or can remove all the ills to which the flesh is heir; but as a tonic and health renewer, and for BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, and for troubles dependent on IMPURE and IMPOVERISHED BLOOD, it is without a rival.

The Mightiness of Truth!

LET THE FACTS SPEAK IN STENTORIAN TONES.

"Fat as a Pig."

"My baby six months old broke out with some kind of skin humor, and after being treated five months by my family physician, was given up to die. The druggist recommended Swift's Specific, and the result was as gratifying as it was miraculous. My child soon got well, all traces of the disease is gone and he is as fat as a pig."
J. J. KIRKLAND,
Minden, Rusk county, Texas.

Blood Poison Eliminated.

"I used Swift's Specific on my little daughter, who was afflicted with some Blood Poison which had resisted all sorts of treatment. The Specific relieved her permanently and I shall use it in my practice."
W. E. BRONTE, M. D.,
Cypress Ridge, Ark.

An Editor's Experience!

LAID ASIDE FROM JOURNALISTIC WORK.

After trying numerous remedies for rheumatism but without permanent relief, I was advised to use S. S. S., which had given permanent relief to others suffering from rheumatism. After taking half a dozen bottles I found that the disease was entirely driven out of my system and a permanent cure secured. This was over a year ago, and since then, even during our most severe weather, with sudden changes, I have never suffered a return of the old attacks which disabled me from editorial work.

It is very seldom, indeed, that I recommend anything to the public in this manner, but I feel it due to your valuable preparation, that has given me such long desired and much needed relief, to state these facts thus publicly. I am sure but for your Specific, I should have been laid aside from journalistic work, as the severest attack was in my right arm and hand.
SIDNEY HERBERT,
Atlanta, Ga.

Our treatise on Blood and Skin diseases mailed free to applicants.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta Ga.

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GROCERIES, WINES,

Distilled and Malt Liquors,

Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff, Wood and Willowware, Hardware, Holloware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Crockery, Glassware, etc. A perfect

VARIETY STORE.

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Millville Fruit Jars, Etc.

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EXCELLENCE!
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...PSHIRE,
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BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

...TRADE!
...AY APPOINTED
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...istrict, New York.
...iana, ...Juan, Lawrence Barrett, Little Cornelia, Dude.
...nfringements on above brands will be prosecuted
...o the FULL EXTENT OF THE LAW.

...bert & Co.
...Boston Magneso Calcite Fire Proof Co.
...AR PROOF SAFES
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LARGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.
20 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

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...QUOR DEALER,
...A STREET,
...n Stock
... Monongahela
...KIES,
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...DE STORE
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## REV. J. A. MUNDAY.

**A Mortifying Adventure at Madison, and a Satisfactory Explanation.**

Rev. J. A. Munday, of Palmetto, passed through the city yesterday on his return from Madison. The object of Mr. Munday's visit to Madison was to make inquiries concerning an article published in the Madisonian, which, in substance, charged him with raising a row in a barber shop and attempting to beat a hotel keeper out of his board while in Madison last week for the purpose of delivering a temperance lecture. Mr. Munday found, as he expected, that the editor of the Madisonian had received his information from parties who were misinformed and under a wrong impression as to Mr. Munday's bearing. The gentlemen who furnished the editor with his information cheerfully gave Mr. Munday a document fully exonerating him, and the hotel keeper also gave him a letter to the same effect, stating moreover that he had invited him to be his guest and had declined to accept payment. Mr. Munday's credentials are of the best, and the members of his congregation indorse him as a minister of high character. All the parties concerned have promptly endeavored to correct what was the result of a misconstruction of a stranger's bearing in a strange community.

The Rev. Mr. Munday went to see Mr. Blackburn, of the Madisonian yesterday about the article. A special from Athens states that Mrs. Munday, who is in that place, has received a telegram saying that the matter has been amicably settled, and Mr. Blackburn will make the amende honorable in his next issue. A difficulty was feared by Munday's friends in Athens.

## THE ROSE MURDER CASE.

**The Detectives Still Gathering Facts—Some Points—The Two Families.**

Captain Bagby was quiet and inactive yesterday for the first time since the brutal murder of Mrs. Jennie Rose. He spent the greater part of the day sitting around the city prison, revolving in his mind the evidence he has accumulated. A pleasant smile played about his mouth, and those who are acquainted with the captain assert that it indicated a complete victory for him. He has acquired his evidence and will astonish the jury with a story to-morrow, but the nature of this revelation is yet unknown to all except himself and his witnesses. Captain Aldridge is still pursuing his line and will be on hand with additional and new testimony when the jury again meets.

Jones, the father of Mrs. Rose, and Frazier, the father of Miss Frazier, were both confederate soldiers. Captain E. M. Roberts, the Broad street real estate agent, has the original roll of his company and on this roll the names of James A. Frazier and Thomas S. Joues appear. It was company H, 35th Georgia regiment, and Captain Roberts declares that both men made good soldiers. The roll is an old war relic, and has quite a history. At the Williamsburg, Virginia, battle, May the 25th, 1862, this roll was lost. Lieutenant Samuel W. Taylor, assistant aide de camp to General Joe Hooker, picked it up and gave it to John Hancock in Washington, D. C. General Phil Cook, of the third congressional district of this state, found the roll in Mr. Hancock's possession about two years ago, and knowing Captain Roberts, he obtained the roll, and on the ninth day of September, 1882, returned it to the captain, who had not seen it for over twenty years.

## GRAZED THE GALLOWS.

**Elbert Ware Makes a Lucky Escape from Grim Jack Ketch.**

It is fresh in the public mind that about the 25th of May an old negro man named Robert Turner was knocked in the head, on Collins street, by another negro named Elbert Ware. The missile used was a stone, and Turner, after lingering from Saturday until Monday night, died at the Ivy street hospital from the effects of a fractured skull and the consequent pressure upon the brain. Elbert Ware was arrested soon afterwards and the first evidence gathered concerning the homicide was to the effect that Ware had committed a most unprovoked and wanton murder. Ware is a young negro of very violent and vicious character and it was confidently expected by nearly all who knew him that in the killing of Turner he had made a last and best bid for the kindly offices of the hangman.

HIS TRIAL YESTERDAY.

Yesterday the case of the state vs. Elbert Ware, charged with murder, was called in the superior court and a jury was soon obtained. Drs. Knott and Nicolson testified to the character of the wound inflicted upon the left side of Turner's head, fracturing the skull and causing extravasation of the brain, from which he died.

George Floyd, who is a workman at the city brewery, saw the entire transaction and testified as follows: Elbert Ware and his girl were passing along the street whon old man Turner came along and fell down near the bottling house. Ware said: "You are down, are you, old man?" Turner replied: "Yes, Bud, but I am up again." Ware then said: "Don't run against that lady up there." Turner did stumble against the girl, when Ware said: "I told you not to do that." Turner said: "Bud, you don't want to fight me?" and then Ware fired the rock at him, striking the old fellow and keeling him over against the fence. Ware then left, but soon returned with Tom Hall, looked upon his stricken victim and then disappeared.

BOASTING OF HIS DEED.

Tom Hall testified that he met Ware near the spot, and the latter said: "I have killed a d—d old nigger up there." Hall replied: "You are a d—d liar, you have not." Ware responded: "If you don't believe it, come and see." And taking Hall by the arm they walked up to where Turner was lying, struck a match and looked at him. They then separated, and Ware made himself scarce.

Ware, in his statement, claimed that Turner had a knife in his hand and threatened to kill him; that he then threw the rock at Turner, but had no intention of killing him, and when he made to Hall the remark he did, he had no idea that Turner was badly hurt, or would die from the blow. The rock used was a small, hard one, and was thrown a distance of some twenty-five feet.

A TOUGH FIGHT

over the fate of the defendant was engaged in by the attorneys. Acting Solicitor-General Charley Hill, and City Solicitor Glenn, both made earnest, eloquent and strenuous exertions to secure a verdict for murder, declaring most emphatically that justice and the safety of human life in the community demanded this swift and certain punishment of Ware's crime.

Judge W. F. Wright made one of his finest pleas in behalf of the defendant, and made one of the most effective speeches of his career at the bar. His flow of wit, logic and eloquence was spontaneous, and the effect upon the jury and the audience was convincing, especially as Judge Wright contended that his client could only be convicted of the lowest grade of manslaughter. Judge Wright was assisted in the conduct of the case by Messrs. Sibley and Thod A. Hammond.

After an elaborate charge from the bench the jury, after a brief discussion agreed upon a verdict for "involuntary manslaughter in the commission of an unlawful act." Judge Hammond then sentenced Ware to three years in the penitentiary. The friends of Ware are pleased that he made so lucky an escape from what seemed a certain performance and last farewell on the gallows-stage.

**Poison in the Hand.**

While conducting the autopsy at Flowery Branch the other day Dr. Boring accidentally cut his left hand in two places. Yesterday the fingers cut by the knife were very much inflamed and considerably swollen. The doctor, however, anticipates nothing serious.

**Removing a Tumor.**

Major B. W. Giltner, who is well known as the manager for Foushee, Bond & Co., wholesale liquor dealers on Alabama street, yesterday had a tumor of twenty years standing taken from his back. The operation was performed by Dr. Borcheim.

## THE HIGH SCHOOLS.

### THE CLOSING EXERCISES OF BOTH SCHOOLS YESTERDAY.

**A Large Crowd Out to See the Children—The Doings in the Various Classes—The Girls' High School and What was Done There—The Boys and Their Exercises—The Debates**

The closing oral examinations of the high schools took place yesterday.

The examinations at both schools were quite creditable and the recitations and essays by the young ladies and the speeches by the boys were up to the usual standard of interest. A large company of visitors and an unusually full attendance of members of the board of education were present. Governor McDaniel spent almost the entire day with the girls' high school where his charming young daughter, Miss Gipsy, has been in attendance.

AT THE GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL.

The second grade over which Miss McKinley presides with decided ability, had examinations in Virgil, geometry, geology and literature. The exercises were varied with recitations, compositions and calisthenics. The young ladies distinguished themselves in Latin, geometry, etc., showing thorough training.

Miss Whitner, of this grade, recited "Meriky's conversion" so well that she was requested to repeat it. Miss Annie Wallace recited with a beautiful French accent L'Hirondelle. This class has accomplished during the past year the remarkable feat of having absolutely perfect marks in attendance, All who started in at the beginning of the year kept on through to the end, and not one received a tardy mark during the entire ten months. The class was promoted as a whole, none of the pupils falling below the requirements of the rules as to promotions. Miss McKinley, their teacher, was presented with a large and handsome basket of fruits and flowers as a token of the love of her pupils.

In this grade the honors were awarded as follows:

First honor—Miss Aunie Tittlebaum. Second honors—Miss Annie Bass, Miss Clemmie Mayer.

Miss Annie Tittlebaum, the first honor young lady, came to America five years ago and could not speak a word of English. She has accomplished a great deal since then.

The third grade was taught by Misses Callaway and Mason, two accomplished instructors. They were examined in Cæsar, algebra and literature. Their exercises were also varied with compositions, recitations, French and calisthenics. In the room of division A, of the third class, Miss Callaway presided. Miss Gipsy McDanial recited the story of Sir Launfaul with quotations therefrom by the whole class. Miss Lillie Orme recited the "Mourner's Waters." Miss Mary Ella Reid recited "Patient Mercy Jones."

Miss Mason presided in the room of division B, of tho third grade. Miss Gussie White recited "Daisy's Faith" so well that she was forced to repeat it twice at the request of the visitors. Miss Annie Lou Winter recited "An order for a Picture," excellently.

The honors in these two divisions were as follows:

Third grade, division A.—First honors, Miss Gipsy McDaniel, Miss Lula Hansell. Second honor, Miss Jessie Muse.

Third grade, division B.—First honors, Miss Louise Cunningham, Miss Lina Callaway. Second honors, Miss Janie McDermott, Miss Nannie Tuttle.

The fourth grade was taught by Misses Sargeant and Hillyer. Miss Sargeant taught division "A." Examinations were held in Latin, French, algebra and calisthenics. Miss Irene Lovejoy recited, "Green Apples." Miss Mamie Aldridge recited "Only a Penny." Miss Ida Atkins recited "The Legend of Bregenz," and Miss Lula Harville recited "Two of Them." By request the class repeated the chorus recitation of the "Pied Piper."

Division B, of the fourth grade, was taught by Miss Lula Hillyer. After the examinations there was a concert recitation of Longfellow's "Rope Walk," followed by a recitation of "Vashti," by Miss Daisy Harkins. "King Robert of Sicily," was recited by Miss Nettie Kimball. "Marguerite" was recited by Miss Ada Grady, followed by "At Church," by Miss May Ashworth. "The Ruined Merchant" was recited by Miss May Kimball, followed by "The Page and "The Rose," recited by Miss Leila Burke. "Passing Away," was recited by Miss Hellen Jones. "The wedding Fee" was recited by Miss Eva Gillam. "The Polish Boy" was recited by Miss Hortence Thirbadeau, the exercises concluding with a concert recitation of "The Old Year."

The honors were awarded as follows:

Fourth grade, division A.—First honor, Miss May Belle Pendleton. Second honor, Miss Clara Boynton, Miss Matttie Slaton and Miss Flora Fair.

Fourth grade, division B.—First honor, Miss Pearl Broyles. Second honor, Miss Pearl Broyles. Second honor, Miss Emma Jones and Miss Lizzie Harrison.

The examination papers, the blackboard drawings and the calisthenics were excellent, but cannot be given a detailed notice. The teachers have done most excellently with their work, and were duly complimented.

The first grade girls have exercises to-day at 10 o'clock at DeGive's, and are graduated to-morrow night at the same place. The honors of this grade were awarded as follows: First honors—Miss Julia Lowe, Miss Maggie Orr. Second honor—Emmie Fuller.

AT THE BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL.

At the boys' high school a large company assembled to witness the examinations and literary exercises. In the first grade room the only declaimers were EdgarDunlap and W. F. Johnson.

In the second grade room presided over by Professor W. M. Slaton, a very interesting programme followed the examinations. Sam Meyer spoke the "Speech Against Pickwick;" Ed Crusselle spoke "The Baron's Last Banquet;" H. C. McWhorter spoke "Marco Bozzaris;" Walter Collier read "Mrs. Jones's Spelling;" E. J. Kruger read "A Catastrophe;" A. A. Shulhafer spoke "The American Flag;" C. E. Winburn read "The Indian's Strategem;" C. C. Forsyth read "The Ride;" S. A. Rosenfield spoke, "Invective against Mr. Corry;" H. L. Singer spoke, "Sword of Bunker Hill;" J. C. Battle spoke, "How Girls Study;" L. L. Rawson read, "The Value of Reputation;" W. H. Pope spoke, "Character of Bonaparte," followed by W. F. Boynton, who read "An Esthetic Housekeeper."

The drawing in this room was excellent.

The honors in the two grades were as follows:

First grade—First honor, W. P. Woolf; second honor, J. W. McWhorter, W. H. Bruce; honorable mention, J. A. Gershon, T. R. Hardwick.

Second grade—First honor, F. S. Brockman, T. W. Reed, Henry Gray; second honor, B. H. Thompson, N. R. Broyles.

The feature of the day in the first grade room of Mr. Bass was the closing exercises of the Alciphronian literary and debating society. The following programme of speeches was carried out:

Declamation, Lee, Samuel Meyer, Jr.; reading, A Tale of the Blue Jay, L. L. Rawson; declamation, The Worth of Eloquence, Henry McDonald; reading, Biddy's Trouble, A. J. Gallaher; declamation, Shall Our Laurels Wither? Curtis Lowe; essay, Benjamin H. Hill, H. V. Hardwick; declamation, South Carolina and Massachusetts, J. A. Gershon; declamation, The Evils of Dismemberment, T. R. Hardwick.

The society debated the question "Resolved, That there should be a protective tariff."

The different sides were represented as follows:

Affirmative—J. W. McWhorfer, W. H. Pope, R. R. Arnold, T. W. Reed.

Negative—W. P. Woolf, J. C. Battle, N. R. Broyles, F. S. Brockman.

F. S. Brockman and J. M. Gaston acted as critics. The debate was quite spirited and resulted in a decision in favor of the negative.

Two or three short speecheswere made by visitors, after which the company dispersed.

The young ladies of the girls' high school will have exercises at DeGive's at ten to-day. The boys will graduate to-night at DeGive's, and to-morow night at the same place, the girls will graduate.

## FORMIDABLE FORTY-TWO.

**The Coming Reunion of One of the Grandest of Georgia Regiments.**

Yesterday a reporter of The Constitution sauntered into the sheriff's office and found Colonel L. P. Thomas in his most unusual attitude—at leisure.

"What about the coming reunion of the old Forty-Second Georgia regiment?"

"There is every indication that we will have a glorious and very enthusiastic meeting of the old veterans, Here is a copy of the completed committees appointed by Hon. W. L. Calhoun, the chairman of the meeting."

"Read them out to me."

"The resident committee is composed of L. P. Thomas, chairman; R. F. Maddox, J. M. Wilson, W. M. Durham, H. Y. Snow, B. F. Walker, T. M. Armstead, J. T. Mercer, J. R. Simmons and E. B. Rosser.

"The non-resident committee is as follows: "Co. A.," J. O. Medlock, Norcross; "Co. B.," W. T. Smith, Buford; "Co. C.," H. B. Mikle, Alpharetta; "Co. D.," Henry Burgess, Decatur; "Co. E.," not named; "Co. F.," J. M. Summers, Conyers; "Co. G.," not named; "Co. H.," J. M. Mitchell, Union Point; Lieutenant Gresham, Monroe; "Co. I.," W. L. Wilson, Adamsville; "Co. K.," Joshua Spillman, Atlanta. J. D. Robinson, Atlanta, is secretary."

A NOTABLE ANNIVERSARY.

"When does the reunion take place, and where?"

"It will occur at Ponce deLeon springs on the 22nd of July."

Remembering that it was this gallant "Forty-Second," under command of Colonel Thomas, (then major and promoted to his lieutenant-coloneley for conspicuous bravery on the field that day,) that first broke the line of the enemy's works in the famous battle of Atlanta on the 22d of July, 1864, the reporter asked Colonel Thomas:

"Have you selected the 22d of July for your reunion on account of the memories of the fight of July 22d, 1864?"

"Yes; we think it appropriate to meet again on that day. It willbe just twenty years after the valiant work of the regiment that day and the men who stood the terrible ordeal then will be glad to meet upon the same soil, under the blessings of peace, to recount the incidents of that great contest."

A CONFEDERATE CAMP.

"By the way," continued Colonel Thomas, "Colonel Albert Howell, brother of Captain Evan P. Howell, was the next that day, with his regiment, to penetrate the enemy's works, after Lieutenant Colonel John Brown, brother of Senator Joseph E. Brown, was shot down. Most of us think this would be a fitting occasion for Colonel Howell and his comrades to join in the reunion and let us all unite in organizing here a camp of confederate veterans similar to that they have already organized in Richmond. It is an organization that bears the same relation to our army as the grand army of the republic does to the federal veterans. The Forty-first Georgia is to have a reunion at Jonesboro the same day, and if they will only adjourn their meeting to this point we think the organization can be easily effected. The citizens of Atlanta would gladly and cordially welcome such a gathering of the old veteran boys in gray."

LET THEM REPORT AT ONCE.

"What do you suggest about it, further?"

"Well, let those who favor the idea report their views to our chairman, and urge all who can do so to attend our reunion. It is understood General R. J. Henderson, the first colonel of the old 42d, will be at the reunion. No one more gallant ever led men to victory, and he would be the very man, in my judgment, to put at the head of the organization. It would be an association of great pleasure to all concerned and let all who can come forward and help organize it. It can be made a grand success."

THE PROGRAMME OF THE REUNION.

"What is your programme for the reunion exercises?"

"It is not fully completed, but you can say that Governor McDaniel will be invited to make the opening address, Colonel W. H. Hulsey will follow the governor in reply, Hon. W. L. Calhoun will recount the history and services of the regiment, and then many others present will be called on for speeches and experiences. Oh, it will be a regular love-feast for everybody."

## POLICE POINTS.

**Some Small Fragments Picked Up About the City Prison.**

Three small burglaries were reported at police headquarters yesterday.

The two divisions of the force will change watches the first of next month.

W. A. Stovall, colored, was arrested by Patrolman Wright. Stovall is charged with cheating and swindling.

Mounted Officer Rapp had not been on a horse for twenty years when he was detailed as one of the mounted squad.

Sergeant Manly, of the mounted squad, wears two spurs. Each other member of the squad is allowed only one spur.

Dave Fielding, the convict who escaped from Lowe's camp about a week ago was captured in Atlanta late night before last.

John Jones, a negro man, was yesterday given a cell in the city prison, by Patrolman Moss. Jones, it is alleged, broke into a house on Martin street, and stole a lot of clothing.

Chief Connolly yesterday received a telegram from Pennsylvania asking about the death of the wife of Fairchild, the convict. The writer of the letter thinks the dead woman was a relative of his.

**A Long Chase.**

For several months past the police have been wanting Asberry Lemmons, a large, black negro, who creates a row wherever he goes. Lemmons knew that the officers were after him and suceeeded in keeping shady until yesterday when Mounted Officers Green and McWilliams encounted him on Gullett street. As soon as Lemmons saw the officers he made for the woods. The officers gave their horses the rein and the spur and a lively chase ensued. The negro, however, was compelled to give in after running a mile, and spent last night in the city prison.

**Sent to Jail.**

Floyd Harrison, the negro man who attempted to knife Captain Couch a few nights ago, while he was being conducted to the city prison, was yesterday given a preliminary trial before Judge Butt, upon a warrant charging him with burglary. The evidence adduced established the fact that Harrison burglarized Mr. Holcomb's house, 112 Whitehal street, and he was committed to jail.

**What Is It?**

Yesterday it was currently rumored on the streets that a dead body had been found in an old well on the DeFoor place near the site of the old building in which old man DeFoor and his wife were murdered five years ago. It was asserted that the well has been covered up ever since the day of the murder. An effort to trace the rumor to a focus proved unsuccessful.

**A Delightful Excursion of Ladies to the Orphans' Home.**

Many ladies of Atlanta have taken special interest in the orphans' home, near Decatur, and man others have expressed a desire to visit the home. The agent, Rev. Sam P. Jones, has arranged with the Georgia railroad authorities for a special train to leave the union depot at 8:20 Saturday morning, returning 1 p m. This will be a delightful trip for the ladies of Atlanta and give them an opportunity to manifest their sympathy and good will to this institution, which is always crowded with orphan ones. The new building is now in process of erection, and many things will give interest and life to the trip. We call the attention of the wives, mothers and daughters of our city to the following:

TO THE LADIES OF ATLANTA AND VICINITY:

You are cordially invited to go with us down to the orphans' home Saturday morning, at 8:20, June 28th.

Mrs. Judge James Jackson, Mrs. W. P. Pattillo, Mrs. Dave Wyly, Mrs. Fannie Kimball, Mrs. J. S.


STILSON, Jeweler.
Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing and Bottom Prices
53 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.


Bell, Mrs. H. W. Grady, Mrs. W. A. Hemphill and Miss Laura A. Haygood.
Fare for round trip 25 cents.

**Trinity Church**

Yesterday morning, with the inviting sunshine between the clouds, a large congregation assembled at Trinity. The hour's worship was pentecostal in blessings, a season of refreshing from the Holy Spirit's presence never to be forgotten by many. Last night the service was one of power; penitents professed faith in a pardoning Saviour and several joined the church. Many of the best young men of the church went forward, consecrating themselves anew to Christ and his cause. Meetings will continue every day—9 a. m. and 8 p. m. Rev. Sam P. Jones will preach this evening.

**Society News.**

News relating to marriages, parties, balls, club meetings, musicales, personals, departures from the city to resorts, etc., respectfully solicited for Sunday's issue of The Constitution. All such matter must be handed in or sent to "society editor," with responsible name, by 1 o'clock, p.m., Friday.

Don't forget the 26th is the last day on which the discount of three per cent on city taxes can be secured.

Big excursion to K. P. walking match at Gainesville next Thursday. Fare $1.

A Virginian has a pet fish twenty-seven years old. That's nothing. We frequently hear married women speak in affectionate terms of "that old sardine of mine."

The Harter Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., commence this week their advertisement of Harter's Iron Tonic. While this house is one of the most successful and most prosperous in the United States, their medicine is still more so, and thousands and thousands of people who have been cured of their various ills by the use of it, would rise up and testify of its merits if they could be reached. We know of no medicine that we can so safely recommend to our readers.

Give your children Smith's worm oil.

Tate Spring water warranted to cure dyspepsia

Postage Stamps for sale at Constitution office.

**The Excursion**

To the K. P. walking match at Gainesville will leave at 8 a m. Thursday, 26th instant. Fare for round trip $1.

**Pat Calhoun Place and Cox Farm.**

Mr. Calhoun will soon make his home on the famous Cox farm, I am therefore instructed to sell his present Edgewood home of twenty-two acres as reserved at the recent auction sale. The improvements are good and well arranged for a suburban home. The land is rich. Orchards and vineyards bearing. Fine spring. Will sell at a bargain on most liberal terms this week.

Sam'l W. Goode.

Don't forget the 26th is the last day on which the discount of three per cent on city taxes can be secured.

Don't forget the K. P. walking ma tch at Gainesville next Thursday.

Over 2,000 barrels Tate water shipped annually

Don't forget the 26th is the last day on which the discount of three per cent on city taxes can be secured.

**The Knights of Pythias**

Walking match at Gainesville on the 26th instant, is the next great attraction.


A CARD.

CONSUMPTION CURED

For The Constitution.

I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of Dr. J. G. Westmoreland's mode of inhalation for consumption.

The case of a young lady from Kentucky came under my notice last winter, and was watched during its progress with a great deal of interest. I could see that with cough, expectoration, hectic flush and night sweats, she was rapidly declining. The attending physician, after making himself thoroughly familiar with the case, informed her friends in my presence that no hope of recovery existed; that one lung was so far advanced with consumption that a week or two, a month or so, at farthest, would close the scene. A suggestion by her friends of inhalation to the physician receiving no favor, a consultation with Dr. Westmoreland was asked and obtained. Inhalation was advised and carried on regularly afterwards. In two or three weeks improvement was visible, but the attending physician still insisted that improvement was only temporary, and a fatal result was inevitable. After two or three months of inhaling, and when his patient was up town shopping in preparation of returning to Kentucky, the attending physician declared her improvement permanent, and that the inhalation cured her.

W. F. WILLIAMS,
Bookkeeper Alexander's Hardware Store, Atlanta.

WESTMORELAND'S
WORK FOR THE
WORLD AT LARGE!
DESIGNATED BY
3W
WESTMORELAND'S WORK FOR THE WORLD AT LARGE
LIVER, HEART & KIDNEY TONIC. BLOOD PURIFIER. BRAIN TONIC. DIARRHOEA MIXTURE.
COMPRISES FOUR PREPARATIONS.
LIVER, HEART AND KIDNEY TONIC.
For Indigestion, Palpitation, etc., from torpid liver and inactive kidneys.
DIARRHOEA MIXTURE.
For Diarrhea, Dysentery, etc., for children and adults.
BLOOD PURIFIER.
For Scrofula, Goitre, Syphilis and Skin Diseases from impure blood.
BRAIN TONIC.
For Spasmas, common Convulsions and Epileptic Fits.
One medicine will not cure all diseases, but these preparations will do exactly what is said of them.
Manufactured by WESTMORELAND, GRIFFIN & CO., Atlanta, Ga., and sold by druggists generally.

Dr. J. G. Westmoreland
Makes a specialty of Chronic Diseases with which he has become familiar, from experience and study, such as Nasal Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption and Asthma, by his special mode of Inhalation; Cancer, Bladder Urethral and Uterine diseases by his special application, and Piles by his special painless mode of perfect and permanent cure in less than a week. Address or consult him at 55½ South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.



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Mens, Boys and Childrens'
CLOTHING
JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.
Tailor Made Clothes.
THE BEST IN THE STATE.
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DEPARTMENT
The Largest in the City.
The Vote as to our Selling the Best $1.00 Shirt is Unanimous.
DON'T FORGET TO LOOK AT OUR BARGAINS IN CHILDREN'S KNEE PANTS AND SHIRT WAISTS.
500 more of our Cass. Suits, marked down to $10 00
300 " " Boys' " " 5 00
300 " " Children's Suits " 4 00
CALL AND SEE OUR BARGAINS. IF YOU DO NOT WISH TO BUY YOU CAN TELL YOUR FRIENDS.

CURE THE EFFECT OF INDIGESTIBLE FOOD.
YOU CAN EAT
WATERMELONS,
PLUMS,
GREEN APPLES,
VEGETABLES.
In fact anything that is tempting at this season of the year, and which so often results in a disordered condition of the bowels, and take a dose of Dr. BIGGER'S SOUTHERN REMEDY and you will counteract any evil effects, as it not only aids digestion but acts as a neutralizing agent.
Children Teething.
My little girl had a very high fever last week and was threatened with Cholera Infantum. I gave her Dr. Biggers' Southern Remedy. A few doses acted like magic and relieved her entirely. No family should be without it. Gratefully yours,
WM. S. PARKS, Druggist.
The General Attorney of the Pullman Sleeping Car Company, says that old Dr. Biggers could leave no better legacy than his Southern Remedy for bowel affections, and in all his travels he has never found anything to equal it for the relief of Diarrhœa, Dysentery and the restoration of the little ones whose system is suffering such a drainage from the effect of teething.
Father!
Loss of sleep sustained in the anxiety spent in nursing the little darling so slowly and pitifully wasting away by the drainage upon its system from the effects of teething, nearly unfits you for business. We suggest that if you will try a bottle of Dr. Biggers' Southern Remedy you will have a panacea for all bowel troubles, and loss of sleep and sickness will be unknown in your house.
For sale by all druggists.


City Taxes.

3 Per Cent Discount.

The mayor and general council have ordered me to allow a discount of three per cent on all city taxes paid before June 26th, 1884. This is a fine investment and can be made without any risk of losing the money invested. Don't wait for the last day for you may be crowded out.

D. A. COOK, City Tax Collector.


J. EDWARD KIRBY.
(Late of Baltimore, Md.)
Office 7 1-2 North Broad Street, up stairs.
BUILDER OF BRICK AND STONE SEWERS Cement Pavement, Cellar Floors and Drain Pipes, a specialty. All work done at short notice and guaranteed.
REFERENCES:
H. W. Grady, Atlanta Constitution; Rhode Hill 29 Peachtree street; R. C. Clarke, 27 Peachtree street; Dr. A. W. Calhoun, 38 South Broad street Fay & Eichberg, architects, 19 1-2 South Broad street; E. G. Lind, architect, corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.
English Portland Cement for sale in lots to suit; Brands: White Bros, and K. D. & S.

YOUR INTEREST,
IF CONSULTED, WILL LEAD YOU TO G. O. Williams & Bro.'s, No. 234 Marietta street, to buy rough and dressed lumber, shingles, laths, oak post, chestnut post, moulding, doors, sash, blinds, hair, lime, wood, coal, etc. Hand-made brick a specialty. This firm is doing an extensive wholesale and retail business, and is always prepared to deliver goods on short notice.
Telephone No. 77.

Call on McBride & Co.,
They own the celebrated Gate City Water Filter, avoid sickness by giving your family pure water.
McBride
Has for sale the best refrigerators known. It is economy to buy the best.
McBride keeps the largest stock of Hotel Goods in the south, and their prices defy competition.
McBride keeps only the best silver ware, castors, spoons, forks and knives, Rogers fine cutlery. Housekeepers will save money by buying from McBride.
Ice cream freezers, fruit jars, jelly tumblers, fly fans, at
McBride's.
Latest novelties in decorated china. Bisque and handsome colored glass from the most celebrated factories, now arriving at McBride's.
If you want a perfect light get from McBride the fifty candle-power electric lamp. For the most delightful coffee use the Textin Filter Urn now for sale by McBride.

## TEACHERS and SCHOOL GIRLS ATTENTION!

We will reduce our price of tuition during the summer months to accommodate ladies desirous of taking advantage of the school vacation. New Art Goods. Cool studio. Call and see specimens or send for circulars. Firing and gilding of China our specialty. Artists' requisites in great variety.

LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL,
67½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO., ARCHITECTS, 9½ Peachtree Street.

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## RAILROAD RATES, ROUTES, TIME, ETC., To any Part of the World

Apply to B. W. WRENN, General Passenger Agent, Kennesaw Route.
3m Atlanta, Ga.


## COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 6 5-16; New York at 11½; in Atlanta at 11⅛.

**Daily Weather Report.**

OBSERVER'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, June 25, 10:30 P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

| NAME OF STATION. | Barometer. | Thermometer. | Dew Point. | Wind Direction. | Wind Force. | Rainfall. | Weather |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atlanta | 29.92 | 74 | 70 | S W | Fresh | .02 | Cloudy. |
| Augusta | 29.94 | 75 | ... | S. | Light | .10 | Clear. |
| Key West | 30.05 | 80 | ... | E | Fresh | .00 | Clear. |
| Savannah | 29.92 | 78 | 71 | E | Light | .00 | Fair. |

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

| Time of observation. | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6:31 a m | 29.87 | 74 | 68 | S W | Fresh | .00 | Cle'g up. |
| 10:31 a m | 29.88 | 81 | 71 | W | Fresh | .00 | Fair. |
| 2:31 p m | 29.88 | 73 | 67 | S | Fresh | .62 | Lt. Rain |
| 6:31 p m | 29.85 | 74 | 70 | S W | Fresh | .00 | Cloudy |
| 10:31 p m | 29.92 | 74 | 70 | S W | Fresh | .02 | Cloudy |

Mean daily bar...... 29.886 Maximum ther......... 81.
" " ther..... 73.3 Minimum ther......... 68
" " hu'y ... 86.0 Total rainfall........ .8


ANY GENTS' SIZE AMERICAN
## KeyWinding Watch CHANGED TO STEM WINDER.

Watches Skilfully Repaired.

J. P. STEVENS & CO., Jewelers.


## ANOTHER TURN AT JAMES.

**Arrested Upon a Couple of Warrants and Bound Over to Court.**

On Monday last Mr. Ed Mercer, who is one of the creditors of James's bank, went before Justice Tanner and made the necessary affidavits to secure the issuance of two warrants against John H. James. One of the warrants is for larceny after trust and the other for embezzlement under section 4428 of the code. 'Squire Tanner issued the warrants, and yesterday they were placed in the hands of Constable Pat Owens to be executed. Mr. James was found in the bank building and gracefully yielded to the polite demands of the constable and accompanied him to the court room. Upon hearing the nature of the complaints against him, Mr. James stated that he would waive any preliminary examination and let the charges go before the grand jury at the next term of the superior court for investigation. 'Squire Tanner fixed the bond for Mr. James at $2,000, and Messrs. R. H. Richards and C. C. Nelson became his sureties. Mr. James then returned to his business rooms and resumed the even and complacent tenor of his way.

WAT MR. JAMES SAYS.

Mr. James was not accessible to the reporter of THE CONSTITUTION, who attempted to run him down, but from some of his friends it was learned that he regards these prosecutions with composure. He thinks they are the results of anger, and are intended as attempts to force him to compromise certain claims outside of the general settlement with his creditors. He does not believe that the public at large will sympathize with the charges, or that any grand jury in the county will find true bills against him upon either of the accusations.

WHAT MR. MERCER SAYS.

The reporter called upon Mr. Mercer and asked him what he had to say about the prosecutions he had instituted.

"Well, sir, I have little to say, exzept that I believe I have done right. Mr. James has promised to pay me, and failed to do so, and now I want him to show up what he has done with my money and that of all the others. I found him moving things out of the bank after midnight the night he closed, and I want to know if any of my money was in the lot. Then I know he refused to cash a check presented to him at one o'clock that day, but did not hesitate to take in my money after two o'clock. I charge that he must have known he was insolvent when he took my money. All I want is to have the grand jury and the courts pass upon the honesty of the scheme by which I am to-night out of my money."

The arrest was not generally known last evening and there was very little comment about it on he streets.

## PERSONAL.

Dr. A. G. Hobbs. (eye, ear and throat) James' block

Dr. W. G. Browne, Dentist, 65½ Whitehall street.

Dr. J. P. Huntley, Dentist, 61 Wheat street.

Dr. A. D. Bellamy, Homeopathic Physician, has changed his residence to 45 Calhoun street.

Young Robert Maddox, of this city, is spending some days at his father's farm in Cherokee, near Canton. He says that he is having a splendid time hunting, fishing and learning practical duties of the farm. Has learned to milk, and is "the boss milker on place." Bob can bear it in mind that there are many very prominent men in the northern states who learned to milk on the farm.

Miss Bunnie Love, of Atlanta, is visiting friends in Douglasville.

Miss Julia Hawkes, of Atlanta, is visiting friends in Gainesville.

Miss D. Downs, of Talbotton, is visiting friends in Atlanta.

Miss Mary Couper, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. Robert Stiles, of Bartow county.

Miss Minnie Reese, one of Montgomery's society queens, who has been spending a few weeks with Mrs. Ballard on Peachtree street, left last night for her home.

Miss Georgia Brewster went up to Gainesville yesterday to spend a few weeks.

Mr. R. H. Thomas, of Columbus, is now connected with the revenue department in this city and is making friends every day.

Richmond, Va., State, 23d.: "Rev. Dr. J. B. Hawthorne preached his valedictory sermon yesterday morning to a very large congregation. Nearly every seat in the church was occupied, and the sermon was eloquent and profoundly interesting. His text was the first three verses of the third chapter of Second Corinthians: "Do we begin again to commend ourselves, or need we, as some others, epistles of commendation to you, or letters of commendation from you," etc. He spoke of his connection with the First Baptist church, of the many persons whom he knew were his warm friends. His labors here and elsewhere in bringing souls to Christ would be the credentials that he would carry to his new home in the sunny south.

**Latest Hotel Arrivals.**

HOTEL WEINMEISTER—H. L. Bruce and wife, Boston; W. H. Mason, Chicago; J. S. Leitn, Nashville; C. M. Speer, W. H. H. Barham, Wm. T. Dicken, McDonough; John Barbish, J. Lampton, Mobile, Ala.; R. Dickson and family, Philadelphia; Mrs Laura Chapmann and daughter, New Orleans; P. M. Colberth, New York; Dr. A. W. Scott, San Francisco, Cal.; W. C. Thomas, Macon, Ga.

MARKHAM HOUSE—W. W. Overman, North Carolina; Charles M. Noble, Mr. and Mrs. William Noble, James Noble, G. A. Noble, Anniston, Ala.; W. T. Blanchard, Savannah; G. J. Smith and wife, New York; F. L. Stouffer, Philadelphia; H. J. Edwards, Macon; W. J. Kendrick, Miss Clifford Putnam, Miss Daisy Huff, Mrs. Trible, New Holland; B. F. Hudson, Macon, J. U. Horne, H. C. Horne and daughter, Griffin; Miss Sue Allison, Miss Maggie Allison, Virginia; R. P. Herberts, Cedar Town; C. M. Platt, New York; John B. Worm, California; [illegible] North Carolina; C. B. Colyer, Bal-[illegible]


—FOR—
BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, AND ALL OFFICE SUPPLIES, —CALL AT—
LYNCH & LESTER'S.

## PHOTOGRAPHS —IN— CLOUDY WEATHER AT MOTES

NEVER MIND THE WEATHER, I AM ALWAYS ready with my instantaneous process to make sittings rain or shine. Remember, the finest pictures are made on a cloudy day.

Some of the best photographs I have ever made have b n during the the recent protracted bad weathe

**25 to 30 per cent** discount if cash accompanies the order.

C. W. MOTES.

BARGAINS IN SECOND-HAND
## PIANOS!

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 7 | Octave Wm. Knabe & Co | | $1 00 |
| 1 6¾ | " | Light & Bradbury | 150 00 |
| 1 6 | " | N. Y. Piano Co | 70 00 |
| 1 6⅔ | " | H. Waters | 40 00 |

All in perfect repair and order. Stool and Cover included. Must be sold at once to make room for new, now at depot.

Chickering, Kranich & Bach, Guild, R. M. Bent & Co., Vose & Son's

PIANOS.

Also Smith American, Wilcox & White, and Sterling

ORGANS

Sold for the next 30 days unusually low, for cash or on time. Call, or address

F. L. FREYER, 27 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.


timore, M. F. Howell, Rome; C. T. Ward, Macon; John R. West, Macon; W. B. Harley, Augusta; William E. Klimfelter, Baltimore; Miss Joe Varner, Indian Springs; Jesse K. Wood, Cincinnati, O.; John B. Bagby and son, Washington, D. C.; J. T. Butler, Charleston; W. S. Bowman, Savannah; J. E. Callaway, Dalton; G. W. Barnett, Rochester, N. Y.; S. W. Roberts, Sparta, Ga.; H. E. Streeter, Boston; Henry Brasnell, Dallas; C. C. Pusey, Baltimore; R. B. Maguire, Cincinnati, O.; A. L. Ximarnis, St. Augustine, Fla., W. P. Reynolds, Winston, N. N.; W. H. Britt, Quitman, Ga.; C. J. Norris, Boston, Ga.; J. D. Callaway, Florida; James J. Fitzpatrick, New York; W. W. Thomas, Athens; George D. Thomas, Athens; George H. Payne, New York; J. R. Mahoney, Charleston.


## David H. Dougherty.

SPOT CASH.

Dry Goods and Shoes.

There has bren no "special boom" in business the past week, and while my sales have been satisfactory, my large stock of summer goods is not decreasing as rapidly as I would like. Therefore look out for bargains. I am going to get from under my heavy stock during the warm weather, and those in need of goods in my line will get 'em cheap, and no mistake.

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## TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: **Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION,** and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine **TUTT'S PILLS** have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "**scavengers of the system,**" producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. **TUTT'S PILLS** cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

**ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.**

**HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.**

"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and **TUTT'S** are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O.

Sold everywhere, **25c.** Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

## TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of **$1.**

Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE

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# HIRSCH BROTHERS.

HAVE MARKED DOWM THEIR

ELEGANT LINE OF CLOTHING FOR MEN BOYS' AND CHILDREN,

## To Prices to Suit the Times.

We still have a choice line of Goods in our Merchant Tailoring Deparment, at greatly reduced figures

HIRSCH BROS.

42 and 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

# OUR SPRING STOCK

IS COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

MEN'S, BOYS' & CHILDREN'S SUITS

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Suits Made to Order in the Best Style and at Popular Prices.

MUSE & SWIFT,

38 Whitehall Street.

## New and Attractive Designs

—IN—

RHINE STONES,

JUST RECEIVED AT

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW'S.

## David H. Dougherty.

SPOT CASH.

Dry Goods and Shoes.

There has been no "special boom" in business the ;past week, and while my sales have been satisfactory, my large stock ot summer goods is not decreasing as rapidly as I would like them. Therefore look out for bargains. I am going to get from under my heavy stock during the warm weather,, and those is need of goods in my line will get 'em cheap, and no mistake.

"A STITCH IN TIME."

THE OLD MAN SEEMS TO BE HAVING A HARD TIME WITH HIS TROUSERS. HE PROBABLY REALIZES THAT "A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE," AN APHORISM HANDED DOWN THROUGH THE YEARS. THIS WOULDN'T HAVE BEEN NECESSARY TO THE INDUSTRIOUS GRANDFATHER IF HE HAD BOUGHT FROM US, AS WE GUARANEEE EVERYTHING WE SELL. IF IT RIPS, WE SEW UP THE RIPS.

NOW IN MEN'S CLOTHING WE ARE OFFERING EXTRA SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS. WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK; HAVE THE BEST GOODS, AND ARE SELLING LOWER THAN THE LOWEST. WE NEVER TOOK GREATER CARE IN SELECTING A STOCK. COME AND BE CONVINCED.

A. O. M. GAY,

Clothier and Tailor, 35 Whitehall.

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ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE

## ATLANTA & WEST POINT —AND— Western Railway of Alabama.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE Between the Southwest. and Northeast. Double Daily Line of

PULLMAN SLEEPERS

Between New Orleans, Mobile and Montgomery to Atlanta and Washington.

TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, JUNE 1, 1884.

| No. 50. | No. 52. | | | No. 51. | No. 53. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 10am | 9 50pm | Ar N. O'lns Lv | | 6 00pm | 8 20am |
| 4 45am | 4 00pm | Mobile | | 11 35pm | 1 55pm |
| 8 00pm | 5 45am | Montg'my | | 8 00am | 9 30pm |
| 6 40pm | 4 24ar | Chehaw Ar. | | 9 18am | 10 49pm |
| 5 45pm | 3 27a | Opelika | | 10 18am | 11 45pm |
| 5 00pm | 2 39 | West Point | Read Down | 11 04am | 12 35am |
| 2 00pm | 11 3[illegible] | Lv Atlanta | | 2 10pm | 3 45am |
| 8 35am | [illegible] | Wash'gt'n | | 9 20pm | 9 20am |
| 6 50am | 9 [illegible] | Baltimore | | 11 25pm | 10 50am |
| 3.45am | 6 [illegible] | Philad'a | | 3 40am | 1 23pm |
| 12 night | [illegible] | Lv N. York Ar | | 6 50am | 3 50pm |

Pullman sleepers on trains 50 and 51 between Washington and New Orleans via Kennesaw Route without change.

Pullman sleepers on Nos. 52 and 53 betwen Washington and New Orleans via Richmond and Danville Route without change.

Western railroad sleepers on trains 52 and 53 between Montgomer and Atlanta.

Trains 50, 51, 52 and 53 make close connections with trains to and from Mobile and New Orleans. Train 52 connects at Montgomery with trains for Selma and Eufaula. Connections made at Opelika with East Alabama and Cincinnati, and the Columbus and Western railroads. All trains except 52 and 53 connect at Chehaw with Tuskegee railroad.

A. J. ORME, G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.
CECIL GABBETT, Gen'l Manager, Montgomery, Ala.


## DIAMOND SPECTACLES.

These spectacles are manufactured from "MINUTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES" melted together, and are called DIAMOND on account of their hardness and brilliancy.

Having been tested with the polariscope, the diamond lenses have been found to admit fifteen per cent less heated rays than any other pebble.

They are ground with great scientific accuracy, are free from chromatic aberations and produce a brightness and dsitinctness of vision not before attained in spectacles. Manufactured by the SPENCER OPTICAL MANUFACTURING CO., NEW YORK.

For sale by responsible agents in every city in the Union.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,

Jewelers and Opticians, are sole agents for Atlanta, Ga.

Do not buy a pair unless you see the trade mark. wed sat&w

JAMES J. DONNELLY, General Agent. 41 and 43 Alabama street

VARICOCELE Painless sure cure. Book free Civiale Agency, 160 Fulton St., N. Y.


## Notice to Contractors.

UNTIL SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JULY, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., the undersigned invite sealed proposals for building a jail for Walton county, with residence attached, having a length of 40 feet and extreme width of some 60 feet; the jail proper to be fitted up with two steel clad jail cells and corridor, constructed of five-ply combination iron and steel bars, and to have suitable apartments for females, insane persons and misdemeanor offenders, and to be supplied with water and all sanitary conveniences. All the work to be done in accordance with complete and minute specifications and drawings, now of file in the ordinary's office and open to inspection of the public.

The contractor will be required to give bond in double the amount of his bid, with at least two good and solvent securities conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract and to indemnify the county for any damage or failure to complete the contract within the time specified. The names of the bondsmen tendered must accompany each bid. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

All information as to terms, time of payment and completion of work can be had on application.

THOMAS GILES, Ordinary;
JOSIAH E. NUNNALLY,
EGBERT M. BRAND,
ARCHIBALD TANNER,
JOHN S. DICKINSON,
JOHN W. HINTON, Sec'y,
22,25,29jun&2,6jul Building Committee.


—THE—

REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER

The most perfect writing machine made. Simple, durable, easily and rapidly worked. Every business and professional man should have one. Several copies may be made at a time. Beautiful press copies made Many different styles of type. Two or three times as much work can be done with it in an hour as with a pen. It saves clerk hire, it saves time—your time—valuable time. Send for circular or call and examine the machne.

A. F. COOLEDGE, Agent, 21 Alabama steeet, Atlanta, Ga.


## Freight Office, Atlanta & West Point Railroad.

ATLANTA, May 30, 1884.

THE FOLLOWING UNCLAIMED FREIGHT IF not claimed and removed in 30 days, will be sold at the depot at 10 o'clock, a.m., June 28th:

J S Pursley, 1 case.
A & C A S R R, 2 box casting.
J G Ham, 1 thresher.
George Shuman, 1 box drugs.
J H Anderson, 1 engine, 1 breast yoke, 1 box.
S H Venable, 40 plows, 1 gin.
J F Burke, 4 barrels and 5 boxes baking powder.
A L Amon, 3 barrels, 2 buckets, 2 brushes.
Ann Pinson, 1 box, 1 pot.
T D Cline, 1 box scale.
J & H T Trowbridge, 1 box marble.
John Barton, 1 box glass.
W C Smith, 3 planters.
John H Smith, 2 Chura powers.
A Moore & Co., 2 box hardware.
L Burney, 1 sack oats.
Illsworth & G., 2 barrels ore, 2 boxes ore.
Allen & Hall, 1 box.
L Levell, 1 bedstead, R and S.
T Wheeler, 1 pump.
Webster Davis, 1 bundle sacks.
R Elliott, 3 empty cans.
F W, 1 barrel molasses.
Lost baggage, no marks, 3 trunks, 1 box.
fri R. M. FARRAR, Agent.


## MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of early imprudence, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., New York.


## Central, Southwestern & Montgomery & Eufaula Railroads.

All trains of this system are run by Central or (90th Meridian time.)

SAVANNAH, GA., June 15, 1884.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JUNE 15 1884, PASSENGER TRAINS ON THESE ROADS WILL RUN as follows:

READ DOWN. / READ UP.

| | No. 15† Acc. | No. 53* Pass'ger. | No. 51* Pass'ger. | C. R. R.—Main Line. Savannah and Atlanta Divisions. | No. 52* Pass'ger. | No. 54* Pass'ger. | No. 16† Acc. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 5 40 pm | 8 45 pm | 10 00 am | Lv......Savannah......Ar | 3 30 pm | 7 40 am | 8 05 am | |
| | 7 27 pm | 10 23 pm | 11 50 am | Ar.......Oliver.......Lv | 1 52 pm | 6 14 am | 6 30 am | |
| | | 11 34 pm | 1 08 pm | Ar.......Millen.......Lv | 12 40 pm | 5 14 am | | |
| | | 11 46 pm | 1 35 pm | Lv.......Millen.......Ar | 12 20 pm | 4 59 am | | |
| | | 1 47 am | 3 59 pm | Lv......Toomsboro......Ar | 10 20 am | 3 07 am | | |
| | No. 1* | 3 02 am | 5 22 pm | Ar.......Gordon.......Ar | 9 07 am | 1 52 am | No. 2* | |
| | Pass'ger. | 3 50 am | 6 20 pm | Ar.......Macon.......Ly | 8 25 am | 1 10 am | Pass'ger. | |
| No. 11* | 7 20 am | 4 05 am | 7 10 am | Lv.......Macon.......Ar | 8 05 am | 12 56 am | 7 00 pm | No. 12* |
| Acc. | 9 03 am | 5 43 am | 8 53 pm | Ar......Barnesville......Lv | 6 29 am | 11 22 pm | 5 23 pm | Acc. |
| 5 00 am | 9 03 am | 5 48 am | 8 53 pm | Lv......Barnesville......Ar | 6 29 am | 11 22 pm | 5 23 pm | 7 32 pm |
| 5 41 am | 9 43 am | 6 18 am | 9 33 pm | Ar.......Griffin.......Lv | 5 48 am | 10 47 pm | 4 43 pm | 7 09 pm |
| 8 10 am | 11 30 am | 7 50 am | 11 20 pm | Ar.......Atlanta.......Lv | 4 00 am | 9 00 pm | 3 00 pm | 5 00 pm |

| No. 19* Pass'ger. | No. 17* Pass'ger. | C. R. R.—AUGUSTA Branch. | No. 18* Pass'ger. | No. 20* Pass'ger. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 00 am | 1 28 pm | Lv.......Millen.......Ar | 12 02 pm | 12 30 pm |
| 5 45 am | 4 30 pm | Ar......Augusta......Lv | 8 30 am | 9 00 pm |

| No. 23‡ Pass'ger. | Milledgeville and Eatonton Branch. | No. 24† Pass'ger. |
|---|---|---|
| 9 10 am | Lv.......Gordon.......Ar | 5 15 am |
| 10 29 am | Ar.....Milledgeville.....Lv | 3 30 pm |
| 12 30 pm | Ar......Eatonton......Lv | 2 15 pm |

| No. 35.† Pas'enger | No. 33.† Pas'enger | UPSON COUNTY RAILROAD. | Pas'enger No. 34.† | Pas'enger No. 36.† |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 40 pm | 9 30 am | Lv......Barnesville......Ar | 8 30 am | 5 00 pm |
| 7 10 pm | 11 00 m | Ar......Thomaston......Lv | 7 00 am | 3 45 pm |

| No.—† Pas'enger | S., G. & N. A. RAILROAD. | No.—† Pas'enger |
|---|---|---|
| 12 30 pm | Lv.......Griffin.......Ar | 9 40 am |
| 3 15 pm | Ar.......Newnan.......Lv | 6 50 am |
| 5 10 pm | Ar......Carrollton......Lv | 5 30 am |

| No. 9.* Acc. | No. 1.* Pas'enger | S. W. & M. & E. RY —MAIN LINE. | No. 2.* Pas'enger | No. 10.* Acc. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 9 00 am | Lv.......Macon.......Ar | 6 35 pm | |
| | 10 21 am | Ar.....Fort Valley.....Lv | 5 18 pm | |
| | 12 49 pm | Ar.....Smithville.....Lv | 3 00 pm | |
| | 1 13 pm | Lv.....Smithville.....Lv | 2 40 pm | |
| | 2 56 pm | Ar.......Cuthbert.......Ar | 1 08 pm | |
| | 4 09 pm | Ar.......Eufaula.......Lv | 11 57 pm | |
| | 4 14pm | Lv.......Eufaula.......Ar | 11 52 am | |
| | 5 53 pm | Ar..Union Springs..Lv | 10 17 am | |
| 8 56 am | 5 53 pm | Lv..Union Springs..Ar | 10 17 am | 5 40 pm |
| 11 42 am | 7 41 pm | Ar...Montgomery....Lv | 8 35 am | 2 50 pm |

| No. 25* Pas'enger | No. 3* Pas'enger | S. W. R. R.—ALBANY LINE. | No. 4* Pas'enger | No. 26* Pas'enger |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 7 30 pm | Lve.......Macon.......Ar | 7 00 am | |
| | 8 37 pm | Ar.....Fort Valley.....Lv | 5 53 am | |
| | 8 37 pm | Lv.....Fort Valley.....Ar | 5 53 am | |
| | 10 35 pm | Ar.....Smithville.....Lv | 3 55 am | |
| 3 00 pm | 10 35 pm | Lv.....Smithville.....Ar | 3 55 am | 12 50 pm |
| 4 05 pm | 11 30 pm | Ar.......Albany.......Lv | 3 00 am | 11 45 am |

| No. 23† Pas'enger | No. 21† Pas'enger | S. W. R. R.—PERRY BRANCH. | No. 22† Pas'enger | No. 24† Pas'enger |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 45 pm | 10 30 am | Lv—.Fort Valley....Ar | 3 35 pm | 5 45 am |
| 9 30 pm | 11 20am | Ar.......Perry.......Lv | 2 45 pm | 5 00 am |

| No. 29† Pas'enger | S. W. R. R.—BLAKELY EXTENSION. | No. 30† Pas'enger |
|---|---|---|
| 4 20 pm | Lv.......Albany.......Ar | 11 30 am |
| 8 12 pm | Ar.......Blakely.......Lv | 7 30 am |

| No. 31† Pass'ger. | S. W. R. R.—FORT GAINES BRANCH. | No. 32† Pass'ger. |
|---|---|---|
| 3 29 pm | Lv......Cuthbert......Ar | 12 03 pm |
| 4 38 pm | Ar.....Fort Gaines...Lv | 10 45 am |

| No. 33† Pass'ger. | EUFAULA & CLAYTON RAILROAD. | No. 34† Pass'ger. |
|---|---|---|
| 5 05 pm | Lv.......Eufaula.......Ar | 9 27 am |
| 6 27 pm | Ar.......Clayton.......Lv | 8 00 am |

| No. 5.* Pass'ger | S.W.RR.-COLUMBUS MAIN LINE. | No. 6.* Pass'ger |
|---|---|---|
| 8 15 am | Lv.......Macon.......Ar | 5 42 pm |
| 9 31 am | Ar.....Fort Valley.....Lv | 4 25 pm |
| 12 32 pm | Ar......Columbus......Lv | 1 00 pm |

Elegant local Sleeping Cars on night trains as follows: Between Savannah and Augusta, trains Nos 53 and 54; between Savannah and Macon, trains Nos. 53 and 54; between Savannah and Atlanta, trains Nos. 53 and 54.

Pullman Hotel Sleeping Cars between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, via Atlanta, Albany and Waycross. out change. Pullman Sleepers between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, via Atlanta, Albany and Waycross and via Montgomery, Albany and Thomasville.

Trains marked thus * run daily; trains marked thus † run daily except Sunday; trains marked thus ‡ run daily except Monday.

Tickets for all points and Sleeping Car Berths on sale at the Union Depot 30 minutes to the leaving of all trains.

WILLIAM ROGERS, General Supt., Savannah.
W. F. SHELLMAN, Traffic M'g'r, Savannah.
T. D. KLINE, Sup't S. W. R. R. Macon.
G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agent,
R. SCHMIDT, Agent, Atlanta.

## Georgia Pacific Railway

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

THROUGH SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEBRUARY 17TH, 1884.

| WESTWARD, (Central Standard Time.) | No. 1. NOrle'ns Express, Daily. | No. 2 Accom'n |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. Atlanta, Union Depot | 7.10 a m | 4.05 p m |
| *Howell, Ga | 7.23 a m | 4.30 p m |
| *Peyton, Ga | 7.33 a m | 4.48 p m |
| Chattahoochee, Ga | 7.36 a m | 4.53 p m |
| *Concord, Ga | 7.46 a m | 5.00 p m |
| Mableton, Ga | 7.53 a m | 5.22 p m |
| Austell, Ga | 8.00 a m | 5.36 p m |
| Salt Springs, Ga | 8.08 a m | 5.47 p m |
| Douglasville, Ga | 8.21 a m | 6.12 p m |
| Winston, Ga | 8.34 a m | 6.25 p m |
| Villa Rica, Ga | 8.50 a m | 7.12 p m |
| Temple, Ga | 9.06 a m | 7.43 p m |
| Bremen, Ga | 9.27 a m | 8.21 p m |
| Tallapoosa, Ga | 9.51 a m | 9.03 p m |
| Muscadine, Ala | 10.08 a m | 9.31 p m |
| Edwardsville, Ala | 10.25 a m | 10.04 p m |
| Heflin, Ala | 10.42 a m | 10.35 p m |
| Davisville, Ala | 10.56 a m | 11.00 p m |
| Choccolocco, Ala | 11.04 a m | 11.12 p m |
| DeArmanville, Ala | 11.13 a m | 11.26 p m |
| Oxford, Ala | 11.25 a m | 11.48 p m |
| *Oxanna, Ala | 11.50 a m | 11.50 p m |
| Anniston, Ala | 12.00 a m | 12.10 a m |
| *Berclair, Ala | 12.25 p m | 12.50 a m |
| Eastaboga, Ala | 12.35 p m | 1.05 a m |
| Lincoln, Ala | 12.52 p m | 1.33 a m |
| Riverside, Ala | 1.06 p m | 1.55 a m |
| Seddon, Ala | 1.12 p m | 2.05 a m |
| Eden, Ala | 1.25 p m | 2.30 a m |
| *Cook's Springs, Ala | 1.43 p m | 2.56 a m |
| *Bromton, Ala | 2.00 p m | 3.24 a m |
| Leeds, Ala | 2.10 p m | 3.40 a m |
| *Irondale, Ala | 2.45 p m | 4.30 a m |
| Ar. Birmingham | 3.00 p m | 5.00 a m |
| Lv. Birmingham, A. G. S | 3.20 p m | |
| Ar. Meridian | 10.20 p m | |
| New Orleans | 6.00 a m | |
| Jackson | 3.30 a m | |
| Vicksburg | 5.00 a m | |

| EASTWARD. | No. 2. Atlanta Express, Daily. | No. 4. Accom'n Daily. |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. Vickburg | 8.00 p m | |
| Jackson | 10.35 p m | |
| New Orleans | 10.00 p m | |
| Meridian | 5.20 a m | |
| Ar. Birmingham | 12.20 p m | |
| Lv. Birmingham | 12.45 p m | 6.00 p m |
| *Irondale, Ala | 1.05 p m | 6.25 p m |
| Leeds, Ala | 1.40 p m | 7.15 p m |
| *Bromton, Ala | 2.00 p m | 7.31 p m |
| *Cook's Springs, Ala | 2.16 p m | 7.58 p m |
| Eden, Ala | 2.33 p m | 8.25 p m |
| Seddon, Ala | 2.46 p m | 8.48 p m |
| Riverside, Ala | 2.51 p m | 8.56 p m |
| Lincoln, Ala | 3.03 p m | 9.18 p m |
| Eastaboga, Ala | 3.16 p m | 9.45 p m |
| *Berclair, Ala | 3.25 p m | 10.00 p m |
| Anniston, Ala | 3.47 p m | 10.45 p m |
| *Oxanna, Ala | 4.07 p m | 10.50 p m |
| Oxford, Ala | 4.10 p m | 10.56 p m |
| DeArmanville, Ala | 4.20 p m | 11.26 p m |
| Choccolocco, Ala | 4.28 p m | 11.43 p m |
| Davisville, Ala | 4.35 p m | 11.58 p m |
| Heflin, Ala | 4.47 p m | 12.25 a m |
| Edwardsville, Ala | 5.01 p m | 12.05 a m |
| Muscadine, Ala | 5.16 p m | 1.30 a m |
| Tallapoosa, Ga | 5.30 p m | 2.00 a m |
| Bremen, Ga | 5.50 p m | 2.40 a m |
| Temple, Ga | 6.09 p m | 3.20 a m |
| Villa, Rica, Ga | 6.24 p m | 3.52 a m |
| Winston, Ga | 6.37 p m | 4.20 a m |
| Douglasville, Ga | 6.50 p m | 4.43 a m |
| Salt Springs, Ga | 7.04 p m | 5.09 a m |
| Austell, Ga | 7.10 p m | 5.20 a m |
| Mableton, Ga | 7.17 p m | 5.35 a m |
| *Concord, Ga | 7.24 p m | 5.48 a m |
| Chattahoochee | 7.35 p m | 6.06 a m |
| *Peyton, Ga | 7.38 p m | 6.11 a m |
| *Howell, Ga | 7.48 p m | 6.30 a m |
| Ar. Atlanta, Union Depot | 8.00 p m | 6.45 a m |

*Flag Stations.

CONNECTIONS.

WESTWARD—Connect at Oxanna with E. T., V and G. R. R., and at Birmingham with C. N. O. and T. P. and L. and N.

EASTWARD—Connect at Atlanta with R. and D., Ga. R. R., Cent. R. R. of Ga., E. T., V. and G., W. and A., and A. and W. P. R. R.

L. S. BROWN, G. F. and P. A.
I. Y. SAGE, Gen. Supt.


## ATLANTA GRANITE, LIME AND SANDSTONE COMPANY

ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL DESCRIPtions of Building, Cemetery and Street Work on short notice and at reasonable terms. Estimates furnished on application. Office No. 11 E. Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. JOHN WALTON,
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--THE--

## Richmond and Danville LINE.

72 MILES SHORTER Than any Existing Route To Washington and the East.

350 MILES SHORTER —THAN— Any Route via Cincinnati.

**Richmond and Danville R. R. Time One Hour Faster than Atlanta City Time.**

| Schedule in effect, May 11th, 1884. | Mail and Express No. 53. | Express No. 51. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Atlanta (City Time) | 7 40 a m | 3 40 p m |
| Leave Atlanta (R. & D. Time) | 8 40 a m | 4 40 p m |
| " Lula | 11 04 a m | 7 40 p m |
| " Greenville | 2 59 p m | 11 45 p m |
| " Charlotte | 6 55 p m | 4 20 a m |
| " Salisbury | 8 40 p m | 6 50 a m |
| " Greensboro | 10 25 p m | 8 05 a m |
| Arrive Danville | 12 00 m | 10 20 a m |
| Leave Danville | 12 20 a m | 10 35 a m |
| " Lynchburg | 2 40 a m | 1 50 p m |
| " Charlottsville | 4 55 a m | 4 35 p m |
| Arrive Washington | 9 20 a m | 9 20 p m |
| Leave Washington | 9 40 a m | 9 50 p m |
| Arrive Baltimore | 10 50 a m | 11 25 p m |
| " Philadelphia | 1 23 p m | 3 45 a m |
| " New York | 3 50 p m | 6 25 a m |
| " Boston | | 4 40 p m |
| Leave Danville | 10 20 p m | 10 35 a m |
| " Burkville | 5 20 a m | 1 44 p m |
| Arrive Richmond | 7 00 a m | 3 50 p m |

GAINESVILLE ACCOMMODATION—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta.......5 15 p m
Arrive Gainesville.......7 25 p m

RETURNING.

Leave Gainesville.......6 00 a m
Arrive Atlanta.......8 20 a m

Two daily trains for Athens, Ga. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ONLY 31 HOURS TRANSIT

ATLANTA TO NEW YORK.

Two Fast Through Trains Daily, Pullman Palace Buffet Sleeping Cars, Atlanta to New York without change, via

VIRGINIA MIDLAND.

Berths secured and numbers given ten days in advance.

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M. SLAUGHTER, Gen. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.
C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

## NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA SHORT LINE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, ATHENS, GA., March 29th, 1884.

On and after March 31st, trains on this road will run as follows:

| Trains. | No. 50. | No. 51. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Athens | 9:15 a m | 3:30 p m |
| Arrive at Lula | 11:15 am | 6:00 p m |
| Arrive at Tallulah Falls | 2:00 p m | 12:2[illegible] p m |
| Arrive at Atlanta | 2:08 p m | |

| Trains. | No. 50. | No. 52. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Tallulah Falls | 8:30 a m | |
| Leave Atlanta | 8:45 a m | 3:50 p m |
| Arrive at Lula | 10:45 a m | 6:35 p m |
| Arrive at Athens | 2:00 p m | 8:10 p m |

Trains daily, Sundays excepted. All trains make close connection at Lula for passenger trains on Air Line railroad both east and west.

H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
MERCER SLAUGHTER, G. P. A.

# THE

VOLUME XVI.

## THE FEDERAL CAPITAL.

THE WORK OF THE DAY IN THE TWO HOUSES.

**The House Refuses to Take Up the Mexican Pensions Bill—The Policy in Regard to it—Blaine Urged by Logan to Stump the Republic—Logan Also to Speak—Etc.**

WASHINGTON, June 26.—[Special.]—Mr. Browne, of Indiana, tried to carry out the republican progrrmme on the Mexican pension bill to-day by calling it up in the house. The decisive vote by which it was refused consideration, shows that the democrats do not mean to waste any time on a bill which has been transformed by republican trickery into campaign clap trap. The democrats intend to refer the bill to the committee of the whole on the state of the union, and there it will rest until the next session. Some republican senators to-day consulted on the advisability of delaying adjournment in the hope of forcing the rejection of this bill by the democratic house, but the scheme has been practically abandoned.

WHERE BLAINE WILL WORK.

Mr. Millikin, of Maine, who is intimate with Blaine, said to-day that very vigorous efforts would be made by the republicans in Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Florida and Maryland, and that if Blaine made campaign speeches at all it would be in those states. He says the republicans feel sure of carrying New York, but mean to get enough votes from the south to elect their ticket without New York. John Logan is urging Blaine to take the stump. He assures him that wonderful results will follow if he goes around and magnetizes the nation in sections. Logan is fond of speaking, considers himself especially strong as a popular orator, and will be heard from frequently during the campaign.

Daniel Manning, who is managing Cleveland's interests in the New York delegation sends word to friends in Washington that the assertion that Cleveland has recently fallen short of a mojority in that delegation is absurd, and that nothing will prevent his presentation to the Chicago convention as the choice of the New York democracy.

SENATE LEGISLATION.

**The Appropriation Bills—The Revenue Service.**

WASHINGTON, June 26.—In the senate, Mr. Jonas introduced a bill to appropriate $15,00[illegible] for the establishment of a government farm chiefly for the raising and cultivation of winter grasses, at or near the thirty-first parallel latitude in Louisiana. Referred.

Mr. Allison's resolution, offered yesterday, was agreed to, making it in order during the remainder of the session for any senator to move the five minute limitation of debate on amendments to appropriation bills.

On motion of Mr. Morrill, the senate took up and passed the house bill extending to water transportation routes the provisions of the statutes hitherto applied to land routes only regarding the immediate transportation of dutiable goods.

THE LEGISLATIVE BILL.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was then proceeded with, the pending question being on the amendment proposed by the senate appropriation committee, to strike out the clause permitting distilleries mashing 10 bushels or less of grain per day to be run without store keepers, and inserting instead a provision amending the revised statutes so as to forbid the collector from hereafter approving the bond of grain distillers, a survey of whose distilleries shall be for less capacity than [illegible] bushels of grain per day, and so as to forbid under penalties the distillation of a less daily quantity than that.

Mr. Brown opposed the committee's proposition, maintaining that it was a great injustice to small distillers, and a further advantage to the wealthy distillers, already strongly protected. The small farmers, he said, who had to cart their produce fifty miles to a market found that half the amount realized was consumed in expenses, while by first making the produce into whisky, they could realize a profit that would compensate them for their labor and time.

The point of order being raised that the [illegible] recommended for insertion was new legislation, and therefore obnoxious to the rule forbidding such legislation in appropriation bills, the chair sustained the point of order, and the new clause recommended was not adopted.

The committee's recommendation to strike out the house clause was, however, agreed to.

SPEECHES IN THE RECORD.

Mr. Vest offered the following as a substitute for an amendmendment moved by Mr. Allison upon the same subject:

Reports in the Congressional Record shall be accurate transcript of the proceedings and debates of the two houses of congress, and no speech shall be published therein which was not spoken in the senate or in the house of representatives, and speeches shall be printed as they were actually delivered, except verbal corrections made by the author of the speech, and by no other person; and that when the speeches are reserved by their authors for correction, they shall be returned to the reporter of the house in which they were delivered within one week, and if not so returned shall be printed in the Congressional Record from the notes of the reporter.

Agreed to.

All amendments having been made, the bill was read the third time and passed.

THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

Mr. McMillan, from the committee on commerce, reported the river and harbor bill, with a request that it be printed and recommitted to the committee. Agreed to.

The senate then took up the bill to forfeit the unearned land grant of the Atlantic and Pacific railroad company, and with this unfinished business for to-morrow, the senate, at 5:45 p.m., went into executive session, when the doors were reopened adjourned.

The president nominated Dennis Eagan, of Florida, to be collector of customs for the district of Key West, Florida.

The senate confirmed the nomination of Everett Bell, postmaster at Trenton, Tennessee.

IN THE HOUSE.

**The House Refuses Immediate Consideration of the Mexican Pension Bill.**

WASHINGTON, June 26.—In the house, Mr. Bingham, of Pennsylvania, from the committee on postoffices and postroads, reported a bill fixing at two cents an ounce or a fraction thereof the rate of postage on mailable matter of the first class. House calendar.

Mr. Stockslager, of Indiana, from the committee on pensions, reported a bill granting pensions to the surviving officers and soldiers of the Tippecanoe campaign. Committee of the whole.

Mr. Oates, of Alabama, from the committee on public lands, reported adversely the bill to declare forfeited certain lands granted to Alabama to aid in the construction of railroads. Laid on the table.

THE MONUMENT TO WASHINGTON'S MOTHER.

Mr. Garrison, of Virginia, asked unanimous consent to take up for consideration the bill for the completion of the monument to Mary, the mother of Washington, at Fredericksburg, Va., but Mr. Wells, of Iowa, objected.

Mr. Brown, of Indiana, endeavored to have the house proceed to the consideration of the Mexican pension bill, with the senate amendments, but the house determined, yeas [illegible], nays 83, to consider the unfinished business, being the bill to perfect the land grant of the backbone railroad of Louisiana.

Mr. Oates, of Alabama, concluded h[illegible]